THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME XVI. THURSDAY MORNING JUNE 28, 1883. PRICE 5 CENTS

THE DAY'S TOPICS.

DISCUSSING THE PRESIDENTIAL SUCCESSION.

The Indiana Contingent and Its Hopes—The Rejuvenated "Old Ticket"—An Intimation That Rosecrans is in Training—Hoadly, Randall, and Other Statesmen—Etc.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Presidential possibilities attract more attention here now than any other topic of public interest. The shrewdest political experts here believe that Tilden is a full fledged candidate, and that vigorous efforts will be made in his behalf from this time forward. Of course it will be a still hunt, at least until the drift of public sentiment is fairly seen, but there remains little doubt in the minds of the most practiced observers, that it is a hunt. The opinion of the large majority, too, seems to be that the "old ticket" would be stronger than any other that could be nominated. Of course McDonald is a candidate, but it is doubtful whether he could go into the convention with the full support of his own state. Hendricks's friends of course see that if the old ticket were nominated and elected Hendricks would be pretty sure to be president for a good share of the term. Despite Mr. Watterson's glowing picture of a rejuvenated Tilden, able to tire out an average Kentuckian in an hour or read a couple of hundred volumes in a winter, there is no doubt that Mr. Tilden is very weak and not likely to long survive the excitement of a presidential campaign and the pulling and hauling of the struggle for office which would follow his election. Hendricks has a strong following in Indiana, and his friends will not give up this chance of making him president to oblige Mr. McDonald or anybody else.

EVEN ROSECRANS.

General Rosecrans, who is here just now, is doubtless another candidate for that position. He would carry the Pacific coast and would do as much toward capturing the soldier vote as anybody, while he would not be likely to make any such mistake as the democratic soldier candidate did four years ago. He has no bar'l of his own, however, and is no manager, and with the railroad interest against him, as they would be, is likely to fail. A good many here believe that Hoadly would be a strong candidate should he carry Ohio this fall. Sam Randall must not be omitted in this list. If reports of a reconciliation between himself and Ex Senator Wallace on a presidential senatorial basis are true, he will be a formidable candidate and one of the shrewdest managers in the field.

REPUBLICAN HOPES.

On the other side the general sentiment seems to point to Arthur. You hear occasionally something about Logan, and Grant and Edmunds, but the nine out of every ten who express themselves here, say that Arthur appears to be the most available candidate that the party has. And Barkis is willin'. There's no doubt of that. It is but justice to the president to say that if he is working "schemes" for the nomination nothing has been found out about it, yet if he objects to the mention of his name for a renomination nobody has ever heard of. If anything gets into print that glaringly misrepresents him, the correspondents generally get a gentle reminder of the fact that such statement is incorrect, but if anybody has been informed that talk of a renomination is distasteful your correspondent has not heard of it. Nor has there been so far as your correspondent has heard, any denial of an attempt to unite the factions in New York. If there is no understanding between the president and Whitelaw Reid for a party reunion in New York, neither side has seen fit to dispel the impression that such a one does exist. The philosophical manner in which the "boys" from New York take it is quite astonishing. They seem to realize at last that this is the only hope of the party. "I think that very few New Yorkers have much influence in national politics now," said one of these gentlemen to your correspondent here recently. "Have some brandy," he added, pointing to a bottle of Wormley's best, which ornamented a table of his room. "I never come over here without getting my digestive organs all out of repair. You see, we went up to call on John Bridge last night, and had dinner and a few bottles of wine, and I suppose took a little cold driving back in the moonlight. Yes, I think Arthur is the best man that we can nominate next year, and I think he will be elected, too. He doesn't give us much of a show though now We were up to see him to-day, by the way. There was Johnny O'Brien, and Mike Dady, and Barney Biglin, and Straham and, Brackett, and some others. Yes, I think that we shall carry the state this fall, and elect a republican president next year, and I predict that his name will be Authur."

REVENUE RECEIPTS.

Showing How the Recent Revenue Changes Have Affected the Service.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The customs receipts to-day are over one million dollars, and the receipts from this source have recently been very heavy, owing to the withdrawal from bond of sugar, opium, and other articles, upon which increased duties go into effect on July 1st. The internal revenue receipts during the month of May, 1883, were $346 818 greater than during the same month of 1882. There was an increase of $231,729 from spirits, increase of $220,527 from tobacco, increase of $167,363 from beer. Decrease of $840,-48 from banks and bankers, and a decrease of $188,752 from miscellaneous sources. A comparative satement of the collections of the internal revenue during the first eleven months of the fiscal year ending June 16th, 1882 and 1883 shows as follows: Total receipts from spirits, 1882 $645 140 92; 1883, $688,526.55; an increase of $4 338 563 From tobacco, 1882 $434 509 81; 1883, $397,620 75; decrease of $3 688,906. From fermented liquors, 1882, $144 196 44; 1883 $150 514 98; an increase of $631,854. From banks and bankers, 1882, $3,88,721; 1883, $3 748,561; a decrease of $140 160 Miscellaneous, 1882 $7,334 371; 1883, $7,749 969; a decrease of $84,602 The total receipts, 1882, $133 608,009; 1883, $134,664,758; an increase of $1,056,749.

HILL'S TEN PER CENT.

How a Claimant Became Acquainted with the Methods of Washington Affairs.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—In the Hill investigation to-day J. M. Wilbur testified to having done some work on the New York postoffice building in 1877, after Hill became supervising architect. Wilbur presented his claim for $40 000. Hill remarked that he ought to have something for settling such an old claim. He referred Wilbur to a clerk named Gannon. The latter took the witness into another room and told him that they (Hill and Gannon) ought to have 10 per cent for settling the claim. Witness neither accepted nor rejected this suggestion, and he believed Hill and Gannon reported adversely upon his claim, as it was disallowed by the secretary of the treasury and has not yet been paid. On cross-examination the witness was asked why he had not made a record of this conversation at the time of the occurrence. He replied, "Well, I thought it was a rather strange proceeding on the part of a government official, but I was a stranger in Washington at that time, and I did not know but that it was the custom with officials here." Gannon then took the stand and denied that any such conversation ever occurred, as had been detailed by Wilbur, or that any proposition had been made by him (witness) to Wilbur for ten per cent of his claim for passing it. Hill referred Wilbur to him, Gannon, because it was customary in the office to refer the claimant to the clerk having the matter in charge. Hill took the stand, and said a portion of the testimony of Wilbur is true, and part of it is false. "I never had any conversation with Wilbur, in which it was either said or intimated I would receive or permit any compensation to be paid for a settlement of the claim." Wilbur was cross-examined, with the object of demonstrating that, whatever claim he had was against Bartlett and Robbins, contractors, under whom Wilbur was a sub-contractor, but this line of examination was stopped.

FEDERAL FACTS.

Looking After the Public Health—Wasson's Sentence Promulgated.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The surgeon general of the marine hospital service has been advised that the American bark Helen Sands left Havana, Cuba, on the 25th inst., bound for New York, and that several of her crew were sick with yellow fever. These facts have been communicated to the health authorities at New York, with a view of having the infected vessel prevented from entering port.

The national board of health has been informed that the sanitary council of the Mississippi valley are preparing to establish inspection stations on the Mississippi river.

The president has approved the findings and full sentence of the courtmartial in Paymaster Wasson's case. An order will be issued from the war department to morrow officially announcing his sentence, which is dismissal from the army and confinement at hard labor for eighteen months in some prison to be selected hereafter.

THE PERSPIRING POLITICIANS.

The New Hampshire Ballot—The Iowa Republican Convention.

CONCORD, N. H., June 27.—A ballot for United States senator at noon resulted as follows: Whole number, 322; necessary for a choice, 162; Jeremiah Smith 1, Charles Doe 1, Charles S. Bell 1, Benjamin F. Prescott 2, Gilman Marston 14, Aaron F. Stevens 18, James F. Briggs 30, James W. Patterson 34, Edward H. Rollins 105, Harry Bingham 116. Rollins, Stevens, Marston and Patterson each gained one from yesterday's vote.

ST. PAUL, Minn., June 27.—The politicians from all parts of the state are here in large numbers to attend the republican state convention to-day. The fight is between the present administration and the supporters of Senator Windom in the late senatorial contest.

DESMOINES, Iowa, June 27.—The hotels are full of delegates to the republican state convention to-day. It seems certain that the platform will urge the submission of the constitutional amendment and immediate statutory legislation and favor a moderate protective tariff. Governor Sherman, Lieutenant-Governor Manning and Superintendent Akers will be renominated, but the contest on the supreme judge will be animated. Hon. John A. Kasson will be temporary chairman.

The convention met at noon and went promptly to business. John A. Kasson was temporary chairman, and D B. Henderson permanent chairman. Burh R. Sherman was renominated for governor, and O. H. Manning nominated for lieutenant-governor.

THREE WIVES TOO MANY.

The Fourth Trying to Sever the Relation—A Strange Story of Adventure.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 27.—Anton Besalt, a wealthy farmer of Lake, and his wife Marie are the principals in a sensational divorce suit. Marie claims her husband had four wives, she being his latest acquisition. He arrived here four years ago from New Bedford, Mass. He was born at Lecom, Portugal, nearly fifty two years ago, his father being a sculptor in marble of some note He was educated for the priesthood. When twenty years old he left school, refusing to take a vow of celibacy. He then secured employment with a wholesale liquor firm and a year later made a voyage to Brazil as the supercargo of a vessel belonging to his employers. A few weeks after his arrival at Rio Janeiro he married the daughter of a planter, but, it is said, deserted her after a brief honeymoon and sailed for China. His vessel was captured by Chinese pirates, and for a year he was one of the band, until an opportunity presented itself and he succeeded in escaping During the war of the rebellion he was the colonel of a Texas wild-cat regiment, leaving a wife in Houston, Texas, to join the army He was wounded in 1863, during a Tennessee campaign, finally being discharged for disability. Going north, he settled under an assumed name in the little town of Mayville, Chautauqua county, N. Y., where he was again married. Thence Besalt removed to New-Bedford, deserting his wife and son in Mayville and securing a large amount of her property, by false representations, which he took with him. At New Bedford he entered into fishing operations, finally abandoning his business to take part in the Turco-Russian war. Three years ago he returned to New Bedford, where he married his fourth wife, a few months later removing to this county. Besalt is well educated and speaks seven languages fluently. He asserts that his wife has another lover whom she is anxious to marry.

MAJOR NICKERSON'S TWO WIVES.

Talk of a Compromise and a Remarriage—Miss Carter's History.

PHILADELPHIA, June 27.—C. W. Nickerson, a cousin of Major A. H. Nickerson, whose fraudulent divorce from his wife was recently set aside, reached this city to-day from Chicago and had a conference with his kinsman's lawyers. He also visited the house on Cherry street which the major claimed as his residence, he having slept there a half a dozen times in 14 months. Mr. Nicherson, in speaking of his relative at the Continental hotel to-day, said that Mr. Carter, the father of the young lady whom the major wedded after his Philadelphia divorce, was a settler on the frontier and died three years ago, leaving a widow and two daughters, between whom $200,000 was divided. Major Nickerson and his wife had known the whole family for many years, and after the wife's departure for Germany he got the widow and daughters to move from Baltimore to Washington and took up his abode in the same house. The major lived somewhat above his income and was usually low in funds, which were still further depleted by regular remittances to Europe to his wife. "I think it more than likely," said Mr. Nickerson, "that the fifty-thousand dollar mansion in Dupont circle in Washington will be captured by the major's wife, as I have reason to believe that Miss Carter will not make any legal resistance. This will possibly satisfy the first wife, who may agree not to put any obstacle in the major's way of marrying Miss Carter again. I do not think Azor will be courtmartialed." It is generally known that Miss Carter is the third woman the major has married After the battle of Gettysburg he was nursed in the house of a Quaker family near the battle ground. When he recovered he married the daughter of the family. After the war she went with him to the frontier, where she died a few months later.

The Polk Jury.

NASHVILLE, June 27.—The empanelling of a jury for the trial of ex-Treasurer Polk makes slow progress. Out of two hundred persons summoned, only one juror has yet been secured, all the others having formed an opinion on the case.

THE WILD WEST.

GENERAL CROOK'S DENIAL OF FALSE REPORTS.

His Plea for Humanity and the Indians—A Stage Coach Attacked by Road Agents on the Rocky Mountains — A Desperate Encounter With Cattle Men—News of Interest.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 27.—Secretary Lincoln to-day received the following dispatch from General Crook, dated Whipple Barrack yesterday: Report that Chiricahuas have been forced upon the San Carlos reservation is incorrect. The facts in the case are that those who had surrendrred were sent forward under guard of four companies of cavalry and the Indian scouts, my instructions to Captain Crawford, being that the Chiricahuas should be kept with the scouts until other arrangements could be made The Chiricahuas, who went after their families, told me that they would join the column at the line, or should we have gone too fast, then they would follow along the mountains and come in at San Carlos. We have no means of communicating with them until they come in at the agency, and if the first arrivals find that those who started back with us are not with the scouts, we destroy all chances of ever reducing them to a state of peace. The Indians on the San Carlos are in no danger of being contaminated by contact with the Chiricahuas. As a matter of humanity, I am anxious to get in the last of the band, so as to leave nothing undone for the recovery of the captive boy.

STOPPED BY ROAD AGENTS.

HELENA, Montana, June 27.—At 3 o'clock Saturday morning, while the coach from Deer Lodge for Helena was crossing the main range of the Rocky mountains, eighteen miles west of this city, two men with handkerchiefs tied across the lower part of their faces, stepped from the brush and ordered the driver to halt. John McCormick, post trader at Fort Missoula, was on the box with the driver, and drawing a six-shooter quickly opened fire on the highwaymen. One was badly hurt and crowded back into the brush. The other returned McCormick's fire, seriously wounding one of the wheel horses. The team took fright and ran, and was soon out of the robbers' range. Three other passengers were on board, but were unharmed. The treasure box was on the coach following the one attacked.

HANGING FROM A TREE.

GALVESTON, June 27.—The News' Jefferson special says: Late last night a column of 150 horsemen suddenly galloped up and surrounded the jail containing the negro Douglass, guilty of raping a white woman, Mrs. Rogers, for which his companion, a negro named Lacey, was lynched yesterday morning. The deputy sheriff with the guards attempted resistance, but was instantly "covered" by the assailants and secured. The cell was unlocked and Douglass pinioned and placed on a horse. The band then disappeared quietly and mysteriously as it had arrived. This morning two miles from the city the carcass of Douglass was found hanging from a tree with four bullet holes through his head.

A DESPERATE ENCOUNTER.

BISMARCK, Dakota, June 27.—On the arrival of the sheriff and posse yesterday, at the scene of trouble between Count Demores and a band of desperadoes, led by O'Donnell, a hot chase after the outlaws ensued. A fight afterwards took place, during which three of the desperadoes were killed, and O'Donnell and a man named Wangan, were captured. Great excitement prevails and there are threats of lynching. Demores is at the head of the great cattle company and O'Donnell had beseiged his ranche and threatened to kill him on sight.

CRIME AND CASUALTY.

Two Men Murdered in Pullman—Hathawy's Sentence—Postmaster Arrested.

TORONTO, Ont., June 27.—Walter Gardner, an alleged cattle dealer, by means of forged drafts on New York and Chicago is said to have obtained $20,000 from the banks here and suddenly left the city to-day.

CHICAGO, June 27.—William Ray, proprietor of the boarding house at Pullman, shot and instantly killed Thomas Dowdle and George Fox, two young men, this morning. The deceased had lived with Ray, and had made threats against his life. The tragedy occurred in Ray's home, and he asserts that the act was in self-defense. He surrendered himself to the authorities.

PHILADELPHIA, June 27.—Dr. Isaac J. Hathaway, in the cellar of whose residence the remains of a number of infants were recently found buried, was to day convicted of having performed criminal surgical operation upon a servant girl named Mary Butler, in April, 1881, and was sentenced to a fine of $500 and imprisonment of seven years, being the extreme penalty under the law.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., June 27.—Henry Gillespie, late postmaster of Davidson college and James F. Gamble, his clerk, were arrested here to-day by Postoffice Inspector Lawson, on the charge of robbing the mails of $290. They were taken to Davidson College, where an investigation of the irregularities in that office is being made. Gillespie and Gamble waived examination and were held in $600 bail each.

The six year old daughter of Lawrence Johnston, of Huntersville township, this county, was found dead in her father's barn to day, hanging by a halter. She was alone playing in the barn with the halter, one end of which was tied to the door hinge, and it is supposed that her foot slipped and fell, the noose closing under her chin and breaking her neck.

A RUTHLESS VENDETTA.

The Betrayal of a Young Woman and Its Consequent Course of Tragedy.

REED'S STATION, Pa. June 27.—A curious case, involving all the features of the Corsican vendetta, came to light here this morning through the death-bed confession of Alexander Semiloff, a young Pole. Semiloff was an educated man, but considered morose, misanthropical and cynical by his countrymen. For some time past he was noticed to be failing in health. Yesterday a physician was summoned at his request. Being told that he could not live until daylight, he made a confession, saying that in 1853, when he was a boy of about seven, he resided with his father in the Polish village of Sentomir, on the Russian frontier. His father's sister, a young married woman, lived in the same town. Her husband was in the army at the time, and she resided with her maids. In the fall of the year a young man named Romanoff, son of the prefect of the district and captain of a regiment of Cossacks, came home on a furlough, and during his stay became intimate with the Semiloffs, and finally betrayed the woman. She, as a result, ended her career in a noted Baden-Baden resort. Upon hearing the news of her betrayal, Semiloff took his young son upon his knee and made him swear to avenge the wrong by killing the entire Romanoff family. Soon after the village prefect was found lying dead by the roadside, but in such a manner as to give the conclusion that he had committed suicide. The elder Semiloff had, however, shot him and laid the pistol by his side. Then young Semiloff left Setmor. The father enlisted and went to the Crimean war. Two of Romanoff's sons were officers in the Russian army. One night both were discovered murdered in their tents. No clew could be found to the assassins. Soon after the elder Semiloff deserted, and was unheard of for some time. During his absence the son was pursuing a course of study in Cracow university. For a period of ten years he never saw his father till one night the latter appeared and requested that he follow him.

CROSSING THE FRONTIER.

The next morning they started for Italy and went to Florence. There a brother of Romanoff was an attache of the Russian legation, and the father and son determined to slay him. One night, as they were walking along the Arno, they espied the object of their search, accompanied by another gentleman. Following in pursuit, they soon deliberately murdered him in sight of his companion, whom old Semiloff held in his grasp, while they trusted to the masks they wore to hide their features, and went back boldly to the city the next morning. Old Semiloff was subsequently arrested for the crime, and was sentenced to death and executed. A few weeks afterward young Semiloff escaped, and joined a brigand band. This he soon left, and going back to Poland, found that some of the Romanoff family had been exiled to Siberia for treason. There they had died from the hardships of the rigorous clime. The remainder went to America. Young Semiloff followed them. After searching a few years he found they had gone to the mining regions, were all but one had died, thus escaping his vengeance. This one he found near here, living alone in disguise. Semiloff took quarters near him and soon perfected his plans. One night Loboski, the last of the Romanoff tribe, disappeared. No notice was taken of it by his neighbors. Sudden disappearances were too common. Semiloff then came here. His vengeance satiated, he became a gloomy, morose man. He gave a description of the spot where he had buried Loboski two years ago, and following the account a party went to the place and dug up the skeleton of a man with a large knife still sticking in the body. Early this morning Semiloff breathed his last. The curious story has caused a good deal of excitement, and there is no doubt of its authenticity.

THE RIVER FLOODS.

All Outdoor Amusements Suspended—The St. Louis Floods.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The races at Coney Island, New York and Chicago, and base ball matches generally, which were set for to-day, were postponed on account of rain. A storm of nearly twenty four hours' duration has prevailed over Pennsylvania and New York, raising the streams with remarkable rapidity, destroying crops and doing much damage to the manufacturing interests. Several collieries in Pennsylvania were invaded by the flood and work was stopped. Several rolling mills near Harrisburg, Pa., had their fires chilled by the sudden rise of an ordinarily insignificant creek. The country road and railroad tracks are torn up and travel impeded all over the section of the storm. No life was lost, but the destruction of property was enormous.

This evening another house was washed away into the cave. The waters are pouring into the Conyngham mine. It has been raining heavy all day. Should it not clear up soon the water will extend into the workings of other mines. It will be two months before work can be resumed. Over 600 miners and laborers are thrown out of employment.

THE RIVER FALLING.

ST. LOUIS, June 27.—The river at East St. Louis continues to fall slowly, and in all that section of country west of the Chicago and Alton railroad the water has fallen one foot, but in that part of the bottom east of the above named road, into which a steady stream is still pouring through the crevasse, near Newport, the water is rising and will continue until a common level is reached. Cahokia creek also continues to rise, and the water has reached the track running north from the Relay depot, and between that point and the bridge junction the work progresses rapidly at the break in Chicago and Alston track, near Newport, and the trestle will be ready for trains to cross this evening. A computation, based upon information derived from well informed sources, make the number of acres of farm land overflowed in three townships in Madison county, seven thousand. A rather low estimate makes the actual losses to the crops alone, $210,000. In that section of St. Clair county, east and southeast of Carondelet, so far as is at present known, 5,-400 acres of wheat, corn and potatoes are under water, loss $206 000. These losses are in only four townships, and comprise only a small part of the damage done on the American bottom.

FLAMES IN NASHVILLE.

A Disastrous Conflagration in the Business Part of the City.

NASHVILLE, June 27.—A fire this morning destroyed the building on the corner of Clark and Front streets, occupied by Deihl & Lord, beer bottlers, and Valentine & Co., chewing gum and prize package manufacturers, and partially destroyed the Woodward building adjoining, occupied by Phillips, Butlorff & Co., dealers in wooden and stone ware, and Handly, White & Co., druggists, whose stocks were partially destroyed and damaged by the water. The building occupied by Deihl & Lord was owned by A H. Rannier, of New York, was valued at $10.000, and insured for $5,000. The Woodward building was insured for $5,-000. Valentine & Co.'s loss is $20,000, and insurance $6,000. Diehl & Lord lose on stock and fixtures $6 000, insured for $3,500. Phillips, Butlorff & Co.'s loss is $6.000, and is insured for $5.000. Handly, White & Co 's loss is covered by an insurance of $7,000.

The Prayer and Faith Cure.

CHICAGO, June 27.—At a meeting of the Methodist ministers, held this afternoon, Dr. Adam Miller read a paper on "The Prayer and Faith Cure." Referring to the case of Garfield, he said the doctors cut an artificial canal through the poor sufferer in trying to make out the course of the bullet—a hole that was a gold mine to them; the most expensive hole for its size any government ever paid for; a horrible bore in a wrong direction; but the doctors worked it night and day, and finally made $20,-000 out of this scientific blunder. Speaking of the prayer cure, he said the Apostle Paul could not remove his "thorn in the flesh" or bodily affliction although he tried the prayer cure three times, and had finally to content himself with grace sufficent to bear his affliction. There was no objection to faithful and earnest prayer, and no one dared say that such was without effect, but the speaker questioned that it had any direct influence on the cure of disease.

A Match Monopoly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 27.—A story is printed here to-day showing that Pittsburg and other western dealers have been forced to sign agreements to sell goods of the Diamond match company and no others. In return they get a rebate of five per cent. Some of the local merchants are fighting the monopoly, because they have had to buy this year without knowing prices, as the big monopoly refuses to make known its rates under the repeal of the match tax. It is said that there are no troubles further east than this city.

Archbishop Wood's Will.

PHILADELPHIA, June 27.—Archbishop Wood's last will and testament, which was admitted to probate to day, bequeaths all his effects real and personal to his successor in office, in trust for his use as such archbishop, and to be transmitted for like use to his successor in the church.

Cruel Treatment at a Home.

BUFFALO, June 27.—The Evening News to-day publishes a number of affidavits of shameful cruelties in the management of the Soldiers and Sailors' home at Bath, Steuben county, received from the inmates of the home.

Failed.

NEW ORLEANS, June 27.—Forcheimer Brothers, tobacco, whisky and western produce dealers, failed. Liabilities $40,000. No statement. Assets.

THE KING'S LOVE.

HOW THE YOUNG QUEEN CAUGHT HER SPOUSE.

A Tale of Royal Infidelity and Supposed Infidelity—How a Duke Got Into Trouble by Trying to Please His Sovereign's Taste—Europe Chronicled in Brief—Foreign Notes.

LONDON, June 27.—The Paris Gil Blas throws the following new light on the episode which is exciting so much interest at Madrid: "King Alfonso, who, at the instigation of a zealous courtier, the duke de Sesto, gathered all the fruit from the garden of the Hesperides, was one fine morning subjugated by the charms of a young woman of high lineage, Mlle. B. E., Marquise d'A. 'Still young, beautiful and of supreme distinction,' says El Globo, mentioning her under a borrowed name, 'she captivated the heart of the sovereign, and, as she did not possess a virtue in harmony with her other qualities, she yielded to the royal passion that she had inspired. The two lovers at first concealed their passion, and then observed fewer precautions. It was not long, therefore, before Maria Christina entertained suspicions which, thanks to the duke de Sesto himself, were destined to become a certainty. A queen is a woman still. Maria Christina forgot that she was queen, and remembered only that she was an outraged spouse. To the great astonishment of the ladies of her court, she ordered them to escort her to the Casa de Campo, which sheltered the royal lover, and was received at the entrance by the duke de Sesto, who endeavored to restrain her majesty from proceeding further. Maria Christina pushed him roughly aside and found the king and his mistress in an adjoining room. The inamorata fled, and Alfonso XII., exasperated, so far forgot himself as to raise his hand to the queen. On her return to the palace Maria Christina declared that she would leave Madrid. All exhortations were fruitless, and it was with the utmost difficulty that she could be induced to show herself for a few moments in public with Alfonso XII., to dispel the bad impression produced by the report of this incident. At one moment, however, it seemed likely that a reconciliation would take place between the royal pair. It had been agreed, in fact, that the queen should make a short journey to vena, and that the duke de Sesto should be replaced by the duke de Tetuan as mayor major domo. The former, however, having sent witnesses—the Marquis d'Ahumada and Brigadier Contreras—to the director of El Globo, Senor Chartin de Ohas, the magazine appeared to be fired. Moreover, Senor de Ohas, being deputy for Aleira, in the province of Valencia, intends to interpellate the government in the cortes with reference to the prosecution of El Globo, and the scandal threatens to be re echoed far and wide. Various stories are naturally afloat. Rumors are current as to a drama of which the duke de Sesto has been the hero and in which a colonel has met with his death; and we are told of an amusing adventure in which the name of the minister of justice is mixed up. However that may be, the queen was determined to take her departure. It remains to be seen whether the separation between Alfonso XII. and Queen Christina is complete. Time, absence from each other and diplomacy achieve many things."

POLITICS IN IRELAND.

LONDON, June 27.—The court of appeals of Ireland has rendered a decision in the important test case of Chaine vs. Nelson, on which 40,000 other cases depend. The court held that the new rents became payable from the first gale day after the act was passed, and not from the day when they were fixed by the commissioners.

Earl Spencer, lord lieutenant, speaking at Limerick, said he saw signs of a better future for Ireland. He advocated technical training leading to an improved style of farming, before the people enter upon the task of reclaiming the waste lands. He maintained that the land act worked well and asked all classes to co-operate for the material advancement of Ireland.

The last batch of emigrants from Swinford Union poor house, 100 in number, have gone to Queenstown for shipment to the United States. It is said that most of them have been in the work house.

Peter Carey and family have left Ireland. Their present whereabouts and their destination are unknown. James Carey is also going to leave, or has already left. The Times says it has been arranged to send two of the principal Invincible informers to Manitoba. In the house of commons to-day, Joseph Cowen, radical, gave notice that he would submit a question as to whether it was true that Irish paupers had been sent to America with the knowledge and consent of the government.

The chairman of the Loughrea union has declared that he never knew the outdoor relief list to be so high as it is now, and that it has become necessary to increase the relieving staff.

FRANCE AND THE CHURCH.

LONDON, June 27.—The Times correspondent at Paris says the pope, in his letter to President Grevy regarding church affairs in France, complains of the expulsion of the religious orders, the suspension of the salaries of curates, the army bill which militates against the supply of priests, and the arbitrary changes proposed before the concordat commission, thus rendering the church unable to defend its rights against the usurpations of the state. President Grevy's reply will be conciliatory. The government decided that President Grevy shall answer the pope's letter personally. In connection with this correspondence between Grevy and the pope, a protest entered by the archbishop of Paris against the suppression of the chaplaincies in the Paris hospitals is interesting. The archbishop says the measure is one of cruel intolerance, but notwithstanding that the priests must continue to do everything possible for the sick. The decree permits a patient to summon a parish priest, and the archbishop says the latter should stipulate for liberty to visit all professing Catholics.

It is reported that President Grevy has refused to grant the request made by the radical members of the chamber of deputies to commute the sentence of Louise Michel to exile.

It is stated that Burmah will send an embassy to France to ask the latter to recognize the independence of the former.

CATHOLIC RIGHTS IN RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 27.—The government announces that the negotiations between Russia and the vatican have been concluded. The hierarchy will be allowed freedom in matters of faith, but interference in questions in regard to temporal power is forbidden The government retains the right of inspecting seminaries. The Curia recognises the right of the government to exercise control over the education of Catholic children in Russian language, literature and history. The appointment of teachers are to be first submitted for the approval of the government. In regard to the instruction in canonical branches, the rights of bishops remain untouched. Power is restored to the bishops of removing clergymen. The government intends to abrogate the exceptional measures against the Catholics issued in 1864.

DEATHS FROM CHOLERA.

DAMIETTA, June 27.—Forty seven deaths occurred here yesterday, thirty-seven of which are known to have been cholera. In Mansurah thus far there have been seven cases of the disease, two of which have proved fatal. Two cases of cholera have occurred at Port Said; one of them resulted fatally. The steamers which sailed from Alexandria on Tuesday were crowded with refugees from Damietta. All the steamer berths for a week to come have been engaged.

ALEXANDRIA, June 27.—The panic over the cholera in Egypt is increasing. The flight of Europeans continues. A commission has been formed to devise means to protect Alexandria from the dreaded malady. The festivals usually held on the anniversary of the khedive's accession to the throne will be stopped. All the ministers have been recalled to Cairo.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 27.—A strict quarantine has been ordered at all Turkish ports against vessels arriving from Egypt.

LONDON, June 27.—There were four deaths at Port Said yesterday. There are one hundred and eighty refugees from Damietta in quarantine in the vicinity of Port Said. News has been received at Alexandria that seventy-three persons died at Damietta between six and eleven a.m., yesterday. No confidence is placed in the sanitary cordon around Damietta, which is composed of Egyptian soldiers. A number of refugees from the infected district arrived at Alexandria yesterday. An epidemic is reported at Rosetta.

PARIS, June 27.—The Temps points out that the cholera appeared in Bombay in May, and that the English delegate to the sanitary commission at Constantinople prevented taking proper precautionary measures, declaring that commercial interests were as important as those of public health.

THE JEWISH TRIALS.

LONDON, June 27.—In the trial at Tyrehhaza to-day, the Police Commissary Bariza, of Debreczin, deposed that Montz Scharf had confessed to him that he had seen nothing; that he had made the statement that he saw the girl murdered in the synagogue because he feared he would be imprisoned for life. Bariza repelled an innuendo of the president that he had been bribed. Moritz was again confronted by his father and mother to-day. The boy adhered to his former statement, but he used terms which showed that he still feared imprisoment.

BENNINGSEN'S VIEWS.

BERLIN, June 27.—Herr Von Benningsen, who recently resigned from the landtag and reichstag, has written the liberal committee that he retired because of the increasing party bitterness. He thinks the divisions among the liberals can only tend to produce confusion. Nothing, he says, is more dangerous to the empire than the displays of the opposition to the rightful prerogatives of the monarch.

PEACE WITH CHILI.

Peru Torn Asunder by Ambitious Patriots Willing to Sell Out Each Other.

LIMA, June 27.—A new paper published here yesterday prints a letter from General Calderon to Iglesias dated Valparaiso, February 8th, in which he says that all attempts to make peace have been frustrated by Iglesias or Pierola, who have been treating with Chili at the same time and offering better terms. Calderon said he had hoped to continue peace without a cession of territory, but that it now seems impossible. He, however, hopes that Iglesias and all parties will unite for the common welfare and make an immediate peace with the least possible sacrifice. A telegram from the British vice-consul at Ureguippa, says that congress sitting there has authorized Calderon to make peace with Chili.

N. L. Dukes's Will Found.

UNIONTOWN, Penn., June 27.—The will of N. L. Dukes has been found. It is written on the back of a letter, and as no one was looking for a will in such a place it came near being overlooked with other old papers. On the morning of December 29, 1882, the day of the habeas corpus hearing, while sitting in the sheriff's parlor and anticipating his liberation that day, Dukes took out of his pocket a letter he had received from his friend Isaac Van Voorhis, of Pittsburg, and wrote on the back of it his will in brief form. He gave $2,000 to Miss Mary Beeson, to whom he was supposed to be engaged, and the remainder of his property, without specification, to his mother, Mrs. Struble. He made his step-father, Asbury Struble, his executor, and the will is witnessed by Register and Recorder Connor and Sheriff Hoover.

The Cotton-Seed Oil Mill Men.

CHICAGO, June 27.—At to-day's session of the cotton seed crushers of the United States a committee was appointed to formulate a plan for a mutual insurance company. The question of dividing the country into two sections for the government of trade rates and to prevent territorial encroachments was also referred to the committee. The convention listened to an address on the healthfulness of cotton seed oil compared with lard for cooking purposes. The final session will be held to-morrow. The next meeting will be at Baltimore in June, 1884.

Rolling Stock Levied Upon.

HARRISONBURG, June 27.—State Auditor Allen's special collector, J. E. Hamilton, treasurer of Augusta county, yesterday levied upon all the rolling stock of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad in this place, and awaiting the arrival of the freight and passenger trains, levied upon an engine, seven freight cars and one passenger car, to satisfy the claim of $20,000 due the state for back taxes. The road denies its liability and will endeavor to obtain an injunction.

A Scoundrel in Jail.

LANCASTER, Pa., June 27—Lewis Kershborn, a German, who is unknown in this city, has been arrested for violently assaulting Celia Spangler, a delicate child of eight years, residing on Columbia avenue. He enticed the girl into a vacant yard and there committed the crime. The cries of the child brought her mother and the man escaped for the time, but was caught after a long chase.

Returning the Flag.

NEW YORK, June 27.—The committee of the board of aldermen appointed to consider the offer of the Virginia Military institute to return to this city on the 4th of July the flag formerly presented to the 164th regiment of New York volunteers and captured by the confederate army, presented a report recommending that the offer be accepted, and the governor's room in the city hall be set apart for the ceremonies.

Mrs. Grant's Estate.

JERSEY CITY, June 27.—Mrs. Virginia Corbin has been appointed administratrix of the estate of her mother, the late Mrs. Grant, who died in Jersey City a short time ago. Her estate is valued at $10,000. The surviving heirs are General Grant, his sisters, Mrs. Corbin and Mrs. Cramer, and the two children of Orville Grant.

Oil in Missouri.

RICH HILL, Mo., June 27.—The Foote and Beumont well, at a depth of 600 feet, has struck a heavy vein of petroleum. Other wells will be at once sunk, tanks erected and refineries established The oil is pronounced by an expert to be equal to the finest petroleum of Pennsylvania.

The Scott Law.

CINCINNATI, June 27.—As soon as the constitutionality of the Scott law became known yesterday, the saloon keepers began their payments. The total tax will be over $30,000.

Two out of six firms in the shoemaker's lockout received their workmen back at old wages.

Jessie Buckner Going to Europe.

CINCINNATI, June 27.—Miss Jessie Buckner, the handsome woman who figured conspicuously in the Thompson-Davis tragedy at Harrodsburg, is in this city. She leaves for Europe in a few days, and will stay until the homicide has been forgotten.

The Virginia Duellists.

CHICAGO, June 27.—A special from Charleston, W. Va., says Bierne, one of the Richmond editors, was seen at Rancevoort, this morning, accompanied by a friend.

LY'S
IS WEEK!
rd!
rd, worth 15c!
.75 each to close them out!
"BARGAINS!"
value.
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verywhere else at 8 cents.
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ould probably sell every
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seen here yet, 65c worth
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s, $1.25 each, cannot be
orth $2 75 anywhere!
, worth $2 50!
ach, worth $3.50.
or the prices!
-half their value!
OIDERIES
BROIDERIES
everybody!
Edgings and Insertions!
e same as those which
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T. ATLANTA. GA.
tentimes breaks fourth in
KING HENRY IV, Part I, Act III, Scene I.
OFULA SYRUP
E BEST—
D BLOOD PURIFIER
WORLD.
uretic in its Action.
CER OF THE—
INFANTRY
Atlanta, writes: "I think I ever knew for any disease of the blood."
DANIEL
RIETOR
Store, 13 Decatur Street.
RICES ON MY FIRST
ASS
ERSUITS
THEM OUT!
ERFECT STYLES
suits and odd coats and
RK COST!
Alpaca coats and vests,
vests in the city
NDREWS,
ALL STREET.
E THE
& INDIANA R. R.,
ING LINE"
THE
AND BLACK BASS
ERIES,
LTH AND SUMMER RE-
OF NORTH MICHIGAN.
OURIST GUIDE," a beauti-
69 pages, and containing
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General Passenger agent
ICE.
THE POUND OF WEST
29th of June, at twelve
d before, one milch cow.
, no horns, both ears
head, some white under-
L. McCLANAHAN,
Marshal West End.
RIEND
y Child-Birth
over the land testi-
ects of this great rem-
orten labor and lessen
nd suffering beyond
than all, it thereby
danger to life of both
is great boon to suf-
imes' Liniment, or
pared and sold by J.
Ga. Sold by all
1.50 bottle. Sent
ceipt of price.

GEORGIA ON WIRE,

AND THE OUTLYING TOWNS BRIEFLY PENCILLED.

Commencement Exercises of the Schools—The King Mills—Stock Killed by Lightning—A Revenue Raid—A New Cotton Seed Oil Mill—The Rains and the Crops—Other News.

Special to The Constitution.

STONE MOUNTAIN, June 27.—Died, near this place to-day, Mr. C. C. Lankford, at his residence in Gwinnett county, aged 77 years. He leaves the wife of his youth, about the same age, several children and friends and relatives in Georgia and North Carolina to mourn their loss. He was a man all who knew loved. Had been a member of the Methodist church for over fifty years.

Jonesboro, Georgia.

THE MIDDLE GEORGIA COLLEGE.

Special to the Constitution.

JONESBORO, June 27.—Our commencement opened here last Sunday by a sermon by Rev. Henry Quigg, of Conyers, Ga. Yesterday we had a fine speech from Judge Walter Beeks, of Griffin, before the Phi Sigma society. To-day we are to be treated with a debate by the members of the Gamma Signa society and an address by the Hon. A. D. Candler, M. C. Our college (Middle Georgia) has run up to 241 this term.

Cusseta, Alabama.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

Special to The Constitution.

CUSSETA, June 27.—Mr. Ben Askew, a farmer living near this place, had the misfortune on Monday evening to loose a horse and mule, as well as all his oat crop with several bushels of corn, by lightning setting the barn on fire.

A SUPPOSED TRAGEDY.

It is reported here that a man was killed on the railroad bridge, two miles from this place a few days ago and that he must still be in the creek. Hair and blood can be seen along the track for some distance, but stops right over the creek.

Buford, Georgia.

MISSIONARY WORK.

Special to the Constitution.

BUFORD, June 27.—To-day the ladies of the Baptist church and congregation organized a missionary society by electing Mrs. S. T. Bird president; Mrs. Emma Allen, vice-president; Mrs. M. J Haygood, recording secretary; Mrs. J. N. Thompson, corresponding secretary, and Mrs. M. J. Smith, treasurer.

Copious showers continue to visit our neighborhood and corn and cotton never looked more promising.

A union meeting is expected to commence at the Baptist church next Friday, and the chickens are looking wild.

Barnesville, Georgia.

BARNESVILLE COMMENCEMENT.

Special to The Constitution.

BARNESVILLE, June 27.—Yesterday was the second day of the commencement exercises. The young ladies and gentlemen of the junior class acquitted themselves creditably. After the exercises Judge Robert T. Daniel, of Griffin, delivered to an attentive audience an eloquent address on the "New South," in which he considers the past, present and future. Last night the young ladies and gentlemen of the Eunomian and Lysian societies gave their entertainment. It was a success. The Barnesville band is furnishing delightful music and our visitors are having a royal time. Crowds have been pouring in this morning to witness to-day's exercises.

Butler, Georgia.

THE COMMENCEMENT CLOSED.

Special to The Constitution.

BUTLER, June 27.—The Butler female college and male institute closed its session yesterday at one o'clock. The president, Mr. Charles A. Carson, having declined to apply for the place again, leaves us with a vacancy. The new building will be completed before time for the school to commence again. This is a good opening for a good professor.

ILLNESS OF A DISTINGUISHED CITIZEN.

Dr. B. F. Newsome, a personal friend of the late Governor Towns, is now lying dangerously ill at his residence, near Reynolds. He is one of the most distinguished physicians in this section of the state, and will be greatly missed by his many friends throughout the country. He is thought to be past recovery.

Acworth, Georgia.

RAINS AND CROPS.

Special to the Constitution.

ACWORTH, June 26.—There has been fine showers of rain about Acworth and the crops are on a boom.

THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC.

An application will be made to the July session of the Georgia legislature to give Cobb county the right to vote the liquor traffic out of the county. Petitions are being circulated for that purpose.

Mrs. Litchfield is having the Litchfield house repainted. She has otherwise greatly improved the premises and she is now ready to do better by the traveling public and cool place hunters than anybody, because she has the right place and knows exactly how to make everybody around her happy.

Decatur, Georgia.

THE GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL.

Special to The Constitution.

DECATUR, June 27.—The examination of the Girls High school to-day was largely attended and the trustees, patrons and friends of the school are very much pleased with the progress made by the scholars during the term. Mrs. and Miss Starke are two of the best teachers in the state, and the school under their management has been greatly improved, and the attendance much larger than it has been in several years, and they have the promise of several new scholars next term.

Mrs. Edward T. Hardin and her sister, Miss Jennie Porter, of Savannah, are visiting the family of Colonel George W. Scott, on Sycamore street.

Miss Susie McPherson, of Atlanta, is enjoying a few days with her many friends in this place.

Jasper, Georgia.

AN ATTEMPTED ESCAPE.

Special to The Constitution.

JASPER, June 27.—Three convicts tried to make their escape from a guard on the M. and N. G. railroad, near Ellijay on last Saturday. The guard shot and killed one, the other two made their escape good so far. I am informed that an inquest was had and the verdict justified the shooting.

James Burnsides, of Decatur county, died at the mineral springs, five miles southwest of Jasper, yesterday morning. His remains will be sent on to-day's train to Fort Valley, Ga., care of W. R. Brown. He had been at the springs some ten or twelve days. He died of dropsy.

JUDGE BROWN.

Judge James R. Brown is staying at James Simmons's mineral springs, two miles north of Jasper, and all the rooms of his house are now engaged and many applications made for board that cannot be accommodated.

Rome, Georgia.

DIED.

Special to The Constitution.

ROME, June 27.—The infant daughter of Mr. Elbert McGhee died to day after two weeks' illness.

The following young ladies were graduated at Shorter college to-day: Misses Nettie Ashford, Ellerslie, Ga.; Ida Harlan, Calhoun, Ga.; Villetta Ballard, Palmetto, Ga.; Lula Harrison, Loudon, Tenn.; Mary Lovelace, Meda Gwaltney and Sallie Omberg, Rome. The graduating exercises were very interesting and a large crowd in attendance. The annual concert is now in progress and Nevin's opera house is crowded almost to suffocation. There will be several changes in the faculty of Shorter college after this term, as Professor Clark, Dr. and Mrs. Toby, Miss Roscoe and Miss Barclay are all to leave the faculty. It is not yet made public who will fill the vacancies.

A GOLD BADGE.

The Rainbow fire company has received an elegant gold badge to be contested for by the two squads of this popular company.

Augusta, Georgia.

THE KING MILLS.

Special to The Constitution.

AUGUSTA, June 27.—The King mill is nearly completed. The machinery is in position, and the wheel pit finished. The mill is one of the most substantial in the south and will probable be paying dividends in a year after commencing operations. The operatives will for the most part be obtained in this immediate section, but some will probably be brought from Europe.

THE HEAVY RAINS.

Heavy rains caused a sudden rise in the Savannah river, washing away the ferry at Sand Bar ferry below the city. The freshet has subsided.

The Southern telegraph company has established an office in Augusta, and the lines will soon be in operation. The forces are at work putting up wires between Augusta and Savannah and Charleston and Savannah.

The weather has very cool here to-day, almost like early spring.

Bowdon, Georgia.

BOWDON COLLEGE COMMENCEMENT.

Special to The Constitution.

BOWDON, June 27.—Last week witnessed the most largely attended successful commencement exercises Bowdon college has had for a number of years. Thursday was devoted to the examination of the classes. Thursday night speeches by the smaller pupils, interspersed with dialogues, etc. The night's exercises closed with calisthenics. Friday night speeches by the young men, contesting for prizes. Willie Barrow won the prize. The young ladies and misses read extracts for a prize. The committee awarded the prize to Miss Nannie Mitchell. The night's exercises ended with the broom drill by thirteen of the young ladies. Under the management of Professor Lucius C. Adamson and his accomplished assistant, Miss M. M. McDaniel in its palmiest days, we feel sure Bowdon college will come to the front and regain her prestige.

Hartwell, Georgia.

RESIDENCE ON FIRE.

Special to The Constitution.

HARTWELL, June 27.—Captain Craft's dwelling came very near being consumed last night, but fortunately but little damage was done as the fire, which originated in one of the closets, was discovered in time for rescue.

COMMENCEMENT WEEK.

This is commencement week for the Hartwell high school. The commencement sermon was preached yesterday by Dr. J. C. Wing. Subject: "Foundation." The discourse was a fine one, well adapted to the occasion, and received with much appreciation by the large congregation in attendance. Rev. H. H. Marshall, of Gainesville, will deliver the literary address to-morrow. The exercises have been very interesting and satisfactory to the patrons and public generally, but with Prof. M. L. Farker in the lead, aided by his corps of able assistants, no one need be supprised at commendable results. We are having delightful rains, and crops are very fine.

Elberton, Georgia.

COTTON-SEED OIL MILL.

Special to the Constitution.

ELBERTON, June 27.—A cotton-seed oil mill will be erected here in a short time. A stock company has been organized with a capital of ten or twelve thousand dollars. All the stock has been taken, and the machinery ordered. Messrs. Gardner & Arnold are building a large warehouse for the storage of cotton. Swift Brothers will also commence one at an early day.

MASONIC GATHERING.

There will be a large gathering of Masons here to night. Mr. John S. Davidson, of Augusta, and perhaps others, will deliver addresses.

The Knights of Honor will organize a lodge here on the 29th, with about twenty charter members.

Very heavy rains fell here yesterday and last night, and reports of the devastation by Sunday's storm are still coming in. A number of farmers had their crops almost entirely destroyed by the hail.

A sale of cemetery lots at auction is in progress to-day; the bidding is lively and good prices are being obtained.

Gainesville, Georgia.

THE COMMENCEMENT SEASON.

Special to The Constitution.

GAINESVILLE, June 27.—The commencement exercises of the Gainesville college closed yesterday. The exercises were of a most enjoyable character. The first graduating class under the college charter consisted of Miss Fannie Jackson and Mr. Lee Thompson. The essay of the former was a choice production happily rendered, and Mr. Thompson's speech on "The Power of the Ages" received much commendation. Hon. A. H. Cox delivered a chaste and eloquent address on the "Power of Purity," which won highest encomiums from the large and cultivated audience.

Yesterday afternoon, Miss Boone was joined in matrimony to Mr. Hope Hale, of Nicholson, at the residence of her parents in this city, in the presence of the family and a very few intimate friends.

Colonel Robert Morrison and family, of Augusta, are among our summer visitors and his charming daughter is playing sad havoc with our susceptible young men.

Our several summer resorts are fast filling up. New Holland is leading them all so far.

Mr. Henry Cohen has been appointed postmaster at White Sulphur springs.

Griffin, Georgia.

SAM BAILEY INSTITUTE.

Special to The Constitution.

GRIFFIN, June 27.—The exercises of Sam Bailey institute were resumed this morning and were opened with instrumental music. A duet by Misses Lowrey and Mitchell, whose execution was pronounced perfect. The next was a vocal solo, by Miss Emma McCall, entitled, "Come Buy My Flowers," which was beautifully sung, and unusually pronounced good. Mrs. Mary E. Bryan, of Atlanta, next honored the audience with a select poem, and by request recited "The Evening Before the Execution." The prize declamations were in order. The first was given to J. C. Brooks, the second to Arch M. Nall, the third to Taylor Kipper. Henry Scheuherman deserves special mention. Young Scheuherman, however, was awarded the prize offered for best in mathematics.

Mr. Henry C. Peeples, of Atlanta, then addressed the school. His remarks were well shaped, and he acquitted himself well.

The Lightfoot Baseball club are reorganizing for the summer campaign. They will shortly announce themselves ready if any picked nine in the state think they can keep them down.

Geo. W. Byington and family, of Atlanta, will spend the remainder of the summer months here, as guests of the Greer house.

Blakely, Georgia.

A REVENUE RAID.

Special to The Constitution.

BLAKELY, June 27.—From parties living on the line of Miller and Early counties we learn that a raid was made on some illicit distillers of that section by a United States marshal one day last week, but that he was unsuccessful in the capture of any of the parties.

Mrs. W. M. St[illegible]difer, a very estimable lady, has been quite ill for the past two weeks, but we are glad to state she is now convalescent.

Eugene Granberry, of the Columbus Enquirer-Sun, accompanied by his bride, is spending a few days here with his brother Professor G. A. Granberry.

BEEF CATTLE.

Several cars of beef cattle were shipped from here the past week by Mr. W. A. Buchanan. Mr. [illegible] intends commencing suit against the railroad company for delay in the transportation, they having been detained much longer on the road than was necessary.

The ubiquitous drummer with his fall samples is upon us, and has been for a week resting firmly in the belief we presume, that the early bird catches the worm.

A NEW ENTERPRISE.

We learn that a sash, door and blind manufactory will be commenced in our neighboring town Fort Gaines, and that our townsman, Mr. Antonio Pantone will probably have charge of the same.

Savannah, Georgia.

THE FOURTH OF JULY.

Special to The Constitution.

SAVANNAH, June 27.—A meeting of the First regiment last night decided to parade early on the fourth of July and fire a salute. A committee was appointed to select a regimental flag, and arrangements will be made for a regimental prize drill.

EXCURSION FOR THE POOR.

The first free excursion to the poor of Savannah was inaugurated to day with grand success. Nearly one thousand women and children were carried down to Montgomery. The trains went out with flags, decorations and music. The idea was first suggested by the Times.

PAINFULLY INJURED.

Duncan Young, son of health officer Dr. J. McFarland, fell from a tree, a distance of twelve feet, while hunting bird nests and was painfully injured. No bones broken.

N. F. Thompson was presented by the St. John's Baptist Cadets of Temperance last night with an elegant large clock. Mr. Thompson organized the cadets and is a leading worker of temperance in this city.

THE YACHT CLUB.

The Savannah yacht club to-day extended an invitation to Charleston to participate in our races on the 4th of July.

The Savannah Volunteer Guards leave tomorrow morning at 6 o'clock on the steamer Sylvan Glen for Buford to participate in the celebration of the anniversary of Bufort Artillery.

Chattanooga, Tennessee.

OHIO IMMIGRATION.

Special to The Constitution.

CHATTANOOGA, June 27.—Colonel B. B. Lake and wife, of Wayne county, Ohio, left for their homes to-day. They will return in November, bringing with them twenty families, who will colonize near this city.

The Broome brothers, residing on the Georgia line, who were stabbed last week, are both said to be in a dangerous condition.

A FATAL DISEASE.

A fatal disease has made its appearance among the cattle of this vicinity, and one gentleman has lost several within a few days.

FIRED AT FROM THE REAR.

Deputy United States Marshal Racer is in the city. He states that while riding quietly over Cumberland mountain Tuesday morning five or six shots were fired at him by concealeed moonshiners, but he was not injured.

TRAGEDY AT COLLINSVILLE.

To-day at Collinsville, Ala., a difficulty occurred between two parties at law about some rented land. John Beavers sent William Mullen to move some fencing the other man had built. Thomas Hall informed Mullen that if the fence was moved, he would kill him. Mullen proceeded, when Hall shot him dead. Mullen's father then shot both Thomas Hall and the father, who died at 4:30 this evening. Old man Mullen is at large.

A SAD AFFAIR.

A sad affair came to light yesterday at Lenoirs, Tenn. Ed. Thorp, employed by the Lenoirs Manufacturing company, in a fit of despondency, loaded an Enfield rifle with buckshot, placed the muzzle of the gun against his breast, and setting fire to the end of the ramrod touched it to the tube, exploding the charge, which entered his side, tearing it open frightfully, killing him instantly. He was thirty-five years old, and leaves a wife and two children at Sweetwater.

Oxford, Georgia.

THE EMORY COMMENCEMENT.

Special to The Constitution.

OXFORD, June 27.—There is a decided turn at Emory college, theoretically, at least, toward technical education, to be carried on in connection with the present classical curriculum. Yesterday afternoon Professor I. S. Hopkins delivered the annual oration before the alumni association, and in it took strong ground for technical education. He regarded it as the next great forward movement in education. A very thorough study of the problem, with Dr. Hopkins's clear grasp and admirable style, made the address one of the most valuable contributions yet made in the discussion of one of the liveliest questions of the day. The alumni appreciated it so highly that they subscribed at once for its large publication and distribution.

Last night the Few and Phi Gamma societies held a reunion in the chapel. The alumni of the Few society were represented in address by Mr. H. C. Camey, of the class of '81, and the Phi Gamma alumni by Mr. P. B. Walker, of the class of '79.

The secret societies had their banquets after the reunion of the literary societies. The Chi Phi club had a superb spread at the home of Mr. Capers Dickson. The occasion was graced by the presence of a large number of ladies. The members of the club now in college and several graduates were present. The following were the toasts: "Our Alumni," response by M. D. Turner, of class of '82; "Our Lawyers," response by Edgar H. Orr, class of '70; "The Ladies," response by F. H. Richardson, class of '73; "Our Undergraduates," response by Capers Dickson, class of '69; "Our Colors," response by W. P. Hill, class of '83.

Banquets were also given in fine style by the Kappa Alpha, Phi Delta Theta, and Alpha Tau-Omega fraternities. The attendance is increasing as commencement day approaches. The universal verdict is that a better set of exercises so far was never known here. There is great enthusiasm among the friends of the college. It is certain that the fall term will open with more than three hundred students from Georgia and several other southern states.

Athens, Georgia.

TEA PARTY.

Special to The Constitution.

ATHENS, June 27.—A pleasant tea party was given to a few friends last evening by Professor and Mrs. Charbonier.

A telephone line to Hramony Grove is possibly a thing for the near future. The subject is being agitated.

Colonel C. H. Smith, of Nicholson, gave an elegant supper to Mr. H. H. Hale and bride last evening.

Mr. D. P. Casey, brother of Postmaster Casey, of Maysville, is dead.

A REPORT TO BE CAREFUL OF.

It is reported that a negro has killed his wife in Oglethorpe county.

Mr. W. C. Birchman has purchased the store of Mr. R. H. Lampkin, at Maxey. It is now proposed to have the old Hope reel painted up handsomely and put in good repair and turned over to the factory boys, that they may organize a squad in the first ward, with a station at the Georgia depot. The street commission is now at work on upper Broad street, grading the Dorsey hill preparatory to macadamizing it to the Georgia depot. The rock crusher will be put up as soon as some timbers for it arrive.

OVER A CENTURY.

Mrs. Watkins, of this city, is one a hundred and three years old.

The store formerly occupied by J. Haddock, on Market street, has been rented by the council as an engine house for the Relief fire company.

The contract between the city and Mr. Mc Ginty has been signed by which work will at once be begun on the market house under the town hall.

Mr. W. M. Coile has opened a school at Winterville, with twenty-five scholars.

It will be moved at the next meeting of the council to recind the waterworks contract, and trade with some other company, as the present contractors show no disposition to begin work.

Our colored fire companies are going to have a big time on the 4th. Three new residences are going up in Maysville.

GEORGIA GOSSIP.

SHORT TALK WITH THE SCRIBES OF THE COUNTRY PRESS.

An Old Lady Attacked in Rockmart—The Local Paper—An Emigration Party—Counterfeit Money—A Thrilling Ride—The Harvest Season—Some Good Farmers—Other News.

Olives are successfully cultivated on St. Simon's island, and oil made from them has been pronounced by competent judges not inferior to the best production of France or Spain. The experiment in olive trees have yielded regular crops since 1835. The oil crops from these islands are annually sold at from $6 to $8 per gallon.

Colonel Dickerson, of Henry county, while beaver hunting recently, shot at a dark object in the bushes, when a yell of pain revealed the fact that it was an old negro woman.

The early cotton bloom is making itself seen all over the state.

"A local paper," says the Cartersville American, "does more toward building up a town than any other enterprise, and should have a liberal patronage of every good citizen." And THE CONSTITUTION can add, from its own experience, that it is from the intelligent supporters of the local press that the metropolitan journals derive their best support.

Whortleberry parties are the popular form of amusement in Liberty county now.

Rome Bulletin: Some of the papers of the state are bragging over Irish potatoes weighing twelve or fourteen ounces. In this, as in other productions, the Hill City beats them. Mr. James Brazer showed us yesterday an early rose potato, grown in his garden in Rome, which weighed eighteen ounces.

Columbus Sun: A horse belonging to Joe Gardner, a worthy negro of Chattahoochee county, ran away near Bull creek Monday evening, ran against a tree and was killed. The driver was knocked senseless, but soon recovered without any permanent injury.

Columbus Times: Mr. R. P. Baldwin, of Hart's district, is a farmer in the real sense or the term. He has just harvested 175 bushels choice wheat and 500 bushels oats. He has 25 acres of "new ground" corn six feet high and black as a cane brake, from which he will probably gather 500 bushels. In addition he has about 25 acres in cotton, which indicates a prospective yield of 8 bales. Two acres in cane will probably turn out 400 gallons syrup. Sweet potatoes and other side crops need not be mentioned.

Colonel W. Y. Atkinson, of of Newnan, is the possessosr of some rare coins.

Says the Coweta Advertiser: Mr. J. H. Pinkerton and Mr. Frank Coon and family and others, about twelve in number, passed through our city last Thursday moving from Catoosa county (this state) to Florida. They had four large covered wagons drawn by eight splendid mules. Judging from the outfit and general appearance of the company, they are well-to-do clever people, and if they don't see the day that they will long for the "flesh pots" of Catoosa county, we will be mistaken in our conclusion.

Hinesville Gazette: The turpentine men who are operating in the interior on the line of rivers are not happy. The rivers are too low for the flat boats to run, and they are compelled to haul to the railroad or to Savannah. We heard of one firm that is hauling spirits thirty-eight miles.

Cartersville American: Last Friday morning we were shown by Mr. J. C. Milam, of Stilesboro, near here, a well executed counterfeit silver dollar. It was well gotten up, but had a very slick surface and was somewhat brighter than the genuine. The counterfeiters have been in the neighborhood of Stilesboro and Euharlee for several weeks past, and last Wednesday night succeeded in passing one or two of the pieces on Mr. Milam, at the former place, and four on Mr. Padgett at Euharlee. They were arrested on Thursday by Mr. Joe Lowery, but succeded in making their escape by a bold break for the woods, and were fired at twice, but without effect, with a shotgun. There were only two in the party, and it is supposed they have left this country.

At the residence of Mr. Jim Skinner, in Rockmart, on Monday night, the Rome Bulletin says an unknown person gained entrance and went into the room of Mrs. Strickland, Mr. Skinner's mother-in-law, dragged her from her bed, choked and beat her unmercifully. Mr. Hogan, a neighbor, was awakened by the old lady's cries, and hastened to the house, but the brute made good his escape at this gentleman's appearance. Mr. Skinner was not at home, and no reason can be assigned for the cowardly assassin's conduct, unless it was to steal, and finding the old lady awake, thought to hush her cries by choking her. No clue has yet been obtained as to who the party was. Mrs. Strickland is badly bruised but it is thought not seriously.

Augusta News: One of the most thrilling rides on record and the most wonderful display of nerve on the part of a young lady, as also the gallant and daring act of a young gentleman, occurred on the Milledgeville road this forenoon. It seems that Miss Hudson, who lives out on that road, came to town with her brother, and after getting ready to return home, and when in the act of starting, after Miss Hudson had taken her seat in the buggy, the bit came out of the horse's mouth, and before her brother could replace it the animal started off in a wild gallop. The lady kept her seat alone in the buggy, with no control whatever over the now flying animal. A Mr. Tabb, who happened to be near and on horseback put out after the buggy, and having a fleet horse himself, succeeded in overtaking the lady, and began trying to head off her horse. Failing in this he kept pace with her, and as the flying couple went over the road he encouraged her by telling her to keep her seat and not for the world to make an attempt to jump out. Mr Tabb managed by cries and gesticulations to warn others whom they would meet to clear the road, and thus the frightened animal and his pursuer were accorded plenty of room. The horse, fortunately, kept in the road, and after running in this manner for three miles it began kicking, and after another mile and a half the animal, worn out, stopped still, and Miss Hudson was taken from the buggy, unhurt, by her gallant rescuer.

A mad dog was killed in Rome.

In the ceremony of laying the corner stone of the Jewish synagogue in Athens Philip Stern deposited the works of a watch that was made in 1792. The watch was in good order and running when put in, but it will now have a long resting spell.

A Newnan clergyman thanks God that there are no dudes in Georgia.

A correspondent of the Gwinnett Herald says:

A case of wife beating is said to have occurred a few nights ago, west of town three or four miles. The cries of the woman were heard by some of the neighbors, but they did not have the courage to go to her relief. It is said to be a repetition of what frequently occurs there. The next grand jury, of course, will take the scoundrel in hand and teach him that he has no right to whip even his own wife, and the judge will meet out to him the extreme limit of the law. But the punishment under the present law is inadequate for the punishment of such heartless rascals. A few months in the chain gang is not enough. The whipping post is the remedy. Let him feel the effects of the cowhide upon his own back, well laid on, and he will probably be less ready in his drunken fits or sober ones either to inflict it upon his helpless wife. If our senator or either of our representatives will introduce such a bill at the July session, he can get my vote the next time. And if he will get it passed and made the law he can get my vote for governor. It has been fitly said: "He that would touch a woman save in kindness is a wretch." A man calling himself husband that whips his wife is a heathen, a savage, a wretch! and when he dies should be denied the benefit of clergy. To change the quotation a little: "A cowhide should be put in every honest man's hand to lash the rascal naked through the world."

Talbotton New Era: About five o'clock last Saturday evening, a mule attached to a wagon occupied by Mr. Joe Elder and a small son, ran away just in front of LeVert college, throwing the occupants upon the sidewalk, thereby inflicting several painful though not serious wounds. Mr. Elder's right shoulder was sprained and considerably bruised while receiving one or more flesh wounds on the arm. Several other wounds and bruises are on his person. The little boy was but slightly hurt, receiving bruises above and below one eye. Otherwise he escaped unhurt.

WOLFESVILLE, N. C.—Dr. I. C. McLaughlin says: "I used Brown's Iron Bitters for Vertigo and I now feel like a new man."

Cigarette smokers are cautioned against imitations of Richmond Straight Cut No. 1.

A green house—A new congress.—New York World.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE

Promotes the Growth of the Hair,

And renders it dark and glossy. It holds in a liquid form, a large proportion of deodorized COCOANUT OIL, prepared expressly for this purpose. No other compound possesses the pecular properties which so exactly suit the various conditions of the human hair.

Smoke Richmond Straight Cut Cigarettes, made of the brightest Virginia tobacco.

The Secret

of the universal success of Brown's Iron Bitters is simply this: It is the best Iron preparation ever made; is compounded on thoroughly scientific, chemical and medicinal principles, and does just what is claimed for it—no more and no less.

By thorough and rapid assimilation with the blood, it reaches every part of the system, healing, purifying and strengthening. Commencing at the foundation it builds up and restores lost health—in no other way can lasting benefit be obtained.

79 Dearborn Ave., Chicago, Nov. 7.
I have been a great sufferer from a very weak stomach, heartburn, and dyspepsia in its worst form. Nearly everything I ate gave me distress, and I could eat but little. I have tried everything recommended, have taken the prescriptions of a dozen physicians, but got no relief until I took Brown's Iron Bitters. I feel none of the old troubles, and am a new man. I am getting much stronger, and feel first-rate. I am a railroad engineer, and now make my trips regularly. I can not say too much in praise of your wonderful medicine. D. C. MACK.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS does not contain whiskey or alcohol, and will not blacken the teeth, or cause headache and constipation. It will cure dyspepsia, indigestion, heartburn, sleeplessness, dizziness, nervous debility, weakness, &c.

Use only Brown's Iron Bitters made by Brown Chemical Co., Baltimore. Crossed red lines and trade-mark on wrapper.

THAT "KNOWLEDGE IS POWER," NEEDS NO DEMONSTRATION, AND HE WHO BY EXPERIENCE KNOWS THE VALUE OF TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT DOES NOT NEED TO BE TOLD THAT HE HAS IT WITHIN HIS POWER TO WARD OFF FEVERS, BILIOUS ATTACKS, HEADACHES, AND ALL THE ILLS ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS. A TEASPOONFUL IN A GLASS OF WATER, BEFORE EATING, ACTS LIKE A CHARM, AND NO WISE MAN WILL BE WITH OUT IT. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

CAUGHT A BAD COLD

The SUMMER COLDS and Coughs are quite as dangerous as those of midwinter.

But they yield to the same treatment and ought to be taken in time.

For all diseases of THROAT, NOSTRILS, HEAD or BREATHING APPARATUS

Perry Davis's Pain Killer

Is the SOVEREIGN Remedy

ALL DRUGGISTS KEEP PAIN KILLER

AN OPEN SECRET AMONG THE LADIES

The brilliant, fascinating tints of Complexion for which ladies strive are chiefly artificial, and all who will take the trouble may secure them. These roseate, bewitching hues follow the use of Hagan's Magnolia Balm—a delicate, harmless and always reliable article. Sold by all druggists.

The Magnolia Balm conceals every blemish, removes Sallowness, Tan, Redness, Eruptions, all evidences of excitement and every imperfection.

Its effects are immediate and so natural that no human being can detect its application.

MOTHERS' FRIEND

Quick and Easy Child-Birth

Thousands of women over the land testify to the wonderful effects of this great remedy; it will not only shorten labor and lessen the intensity of pain and suffering beyond expression, but better than all, it thereby greatly diminishes the danger to life of both mother and child. This great boon to suffering woman is Holmes' Liniment, or Mother's Friend. Prepared and sold by J. BRADFIELD, Atlanta, Ga. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1.50 bottle. Sent by Express on receipt of price.

SUMMER RESORTS.

NATURE'S GREAT SANITARIUM.

BLUE RIDGE SPRINGS OF VIRGINIA.

A DELIGHTFUL SUMMER RESORT. TWELVE miles east of Roanoke, forty-one miles west of Lynchburg, within three hundred yards of the summit of Buford's Gap, immediately on the line of the N. and W. R. R. Open for visitors May to November. The greatest known remedy for Dyspepsia. Send for circular giving certificates of the wonderful cures made by its use. A resident physician of well known ability and large experience has been engaged for the season. The physician referred to is Dr. Thomas S. Powell, president and professor of Obstetrics and diseases of women and children, in the Southern Medical College, Atlanta, Ga. $2.50 per day; $10 to $14 per week. Address PHIL F. BROWN, Blue Ridge Springs, Va.

Music during breakfast, dinner and afternoon. Dancing every night.

PORTER SPRINGS, LUMPKIN COUNTY, GA.

BOARD $1.50 PER DAY; $8.00 PER WEEK; $25.00 per month. Children under 10 years half price. Billiard tables, ten-pin alley and bath-room free. Hack fare from Gainesville $3.00. Postoffice in hotel with daily mail. For particulars address F. M. WILLIAMS & CO., Proprietors.

HIRAM HITCHCOCK, Formerly St. Charles Hotel, New Orleans. | A. B. DARLING, Formerly Battle House, Mobile, Ala.

FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL, MADISON SQUARE, NEW YORK.

THE LARGEST, BEST APPOINTED AND MOST liberally managed hotel in the city with the most central and delightful location.

HITCHCOCK, DARLING & CO.

CHALYBEATE SPRINGS HOTEL! Meriwether County, Georgia

IS NOW OPEN—WITH ACCOMODATIONS FOR four hundred guests. All the amusements that are usual at any of the first-class summer resorts has been provided. We have the finest system of baths that can be found, for which no extra charge is made. The hotel and grounds are lighted with gas. Steam laundry. Splendid teams at the livery stable. It is our purpose to please all that come to see us. The C. R. R. has given us a rate of 4c per mile for the round trip. Tickets now on sale, leaving Atlanta at 5 o'clock a. m., on the fast train. You arrive in Macon to breakfast and at Talbotton for dinner, reaching the Springs in good time to take a bath and a drink of good water before supper. All inquiries promptly answered. Address THOMPSON, ALLEN & HERVEY, Proprietors.

32 WEST 15TH STREET, —NEAR— 5TH AVENUE AND UNION SQUARE NEW YORK.

SOUTHERN FAMILIES AND GENTLEMEN can obtain first-class accommodations with superior French table by day or week at moderate rates. House central and accessible to all points of city by car, stage and elevated railroad. MRS. M. SANZ.

References: E. A. Horne, 69 Peachtree street, Atlanta; Mrs. H. H. Wythe, Walnut street, Macon.

THE WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS HOTEL COTTAGES AND RESTAURANT.

Greenbrier Co., W. Va.,

Opens June 15th. The most celebrated resort in the South. Climate cool and delightful: waters wonderful in their therapeutic effects. Terms $3.50 per day, $21 per week and $75 per month. Circulars describing hygienic advantages of either place furnished on application.

Under One Management.

OLD POINT COMFORT, VA. HYGEIA HOTEL,

Open all the year and accommodates 1,000 guests. Excellent Boating and Fishing, and the Bathing the finest on the Atlantic Coast. Terms less for the accommodations given than any resort in the country. H. PHOEBUS, Prop'r & Lessee.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS ROCKBRIDGE CO., VA.

Two distinct Hotels and separate Dining Rooms. Cottages attached to each Hotel. Gas and Electric Bells, Naval academy band; charges graded; capacity 1,000 guests. EUGENE G. PEYTON, General Manager.

THE MT. AIRY HOTEL. HAY FEVER RETREAT SEASON OF 1883.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS ON SALE IN ALL principal southern cities to Mount Airy, Ga. M. C. WILCOX, Manager.

INDIAN SPRING.

DR. J. H. BRYANS IS PREPARED TO ACcommodate 50 or 60 persons with first-class board. Rooms large and well ventilated; table well supplied; good freestone water; delightful oak grove in full view of the famous Mineral Spring. Any one on the verandah can see persons dipping water from the spring. Rates board $7.00 per week. Hack or phaeton at the depot. Fare to the spring 50 cents.

Southern Sanitarium.

THIS INSTITUTION, FORMELY KNOWN AS the ATLANTA HEALTH INSTITUTE "WATER CURE," is universally acknowledged to be the most complete and thoroughly rational and scientific establishment for the treatment of the sick in the southern states. The following are a few of the many remedial agencies employed in addition to the usual approved remedies: The celebrated MOLIERE-THERMO ELECTRIC BATH, IMPROVED TURKISH, FULL ELECTRIC, RUSSIAN, ROMAN, ELECTRO-VAPOR, and some twenty different kinds of WATER BATHS.

SWEDISH MOVEMENT by machinery, and manual operation by trained manipulators, Massage treatment, etc., etc.

Special attention given to the treatment of DISEASES peculiar to INVALID LADIES; also DYSPEPSIA, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, DISEASES of the KIDNEYS, LIVER and BOWELS, EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT and LUNGS. Chronic diseases of both sexes have been readily and permanently cured at this institution. Address U. O. ROBERTSON, M.D. 134 McDonough street, Atlanta.

Manhood Restored.

A victim of early imprudence, causing Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., N. Y.

MOTHERS' FRIEND

Quick and Easy Child-Birth

Thousands of women over the land testify to the wonderful effects of this great remedy; it will not only shorten labor and lessen the intensity of pain and suffering beyond expression, but better than all, it thereby greatly diminishes the danger to life of both mother and child. This great boon to suffering woman is Holmes' Liniment, or Mother's Friend. Prepared and sold by J. BRADFIELD, Atlanta, Ga. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1.50 bottle. Sent by Express on receipt of price.

GREENE STOCK.

THE RESULT OF BERMUDA GRASS AND DISCRETION.

The Money That There is in Cattle—What Grain Has Done—The Product of Grain—Money in the Soil if the Man Will Only Extract it—Georgia Raised Mules and Horses.

Special Correspondence Constitution.

GREENESBORO, Ga., June 21.—It is a matter of congratulation to the people of middle Georgia that the amount of stock and cattle raised through this section is visibly increasing with the years. In our own county there is scarcely a farmer of any note who is not devoting much attention to this branch of industry. It is a matter of congratulation, too, that the quality of the stock is being raised. Many farmers are stocked with half and full-blood Jerseys, Devonshires and other imported breeds.

WHY PROFITABLE.

At the back of this increase lies a simple secret. There is money in cattle; and day after day, and as the years roll by, the husbandmen are gradually realizing it. One gentleman I know of in this county purchased, three years ago, I believe it was, a young Jersey heifer and bull. The sum paid, I think, for both animals, was somewhere in the neighborhood of $275 or $300. The heifer got with calf and bred a heifer. She yielded from three and a half to four gallons of milk daily, the greater portion of which was turned into butter, and subsequently into cash. The second calf has had a heifer calf, and the first has again brought one. This makes in all five head, for one of which, the youngest heifer, he refused $200. In other words, he has more than doubled his money in two years in stock, not to say anything of the milk and butter he has used and sold. The expenses of these cattle have been small, very small. During the spring and summer season they graze on a Bermuda pasture. In the winter they are housed and fed on boiled cotton seed, shucks and hay, all products of his farm, and which cost him a mere nominal sum.

I look myself, and in the near future, too, to see the vast Bermuda fields, ungainly sights now, decked with browsing cattle, and the soft low of the Jersey cow, and the neigh of the colt from the enclosed pasture will be the music which will herald the dawning of the day of general prosperity. How soon it will come I do not know, but it is not far distant. These gradual changes that have been going on within a few years betoken something, and that something is a prosperous people.

WHAT GRAIN HAS DONE.

I was standing the other day in an open field from which grain had been cut. I looked around me and as far as I could see were the shocks of wheat. A steam thresher rattled, and shook out the grain. It seemed to me that the puff of the engine and the rattle of the thresher was the sweetest music I had ever heard on a farm. How much sweeter, thought I, than the whirr of the gin, or the creak of the packing screw. One meant bread and life and ease and prosperity. The other meant care and debt and hard labor, and wasted land, and broken health, and poverty.

This revolution came like a whirlwind. And what a blessed whirlwind it was for the farmer. They see it now; they feel it now, but they didn't three years ago.

Apropos, the query once was, (on rainy days as the good yeomanry would gather around on mackerel kits, and broken chairs, and box-tops in the district store) "How much cotton have you got in?" or "How is your cotton looking?" Now, on rainy days, just such as those were, the same crowds come, and the same boxes, cut on the edges, are brought out as of yore. But the crowds that come are different. I have noted them. There is a happy, contented look about all of them—from the timid young married man, sitting just by the door, to the old veteran who has the chair of state, and spits out his opinions and tobacco juice with equal earnestness. There isn't that hard, pinched, scared look that used to be there. There isn't that look of quiet despair that used to be seen on their faces. And the queries are different, too: "How are your oats?" "how is your wheat?" "what's your hogs doing?" No cholera among 'em?" There is a significant point in these questions. It means there's something at home to feed the children's mouths; there's a few bushels of potatoes lying in the bank ready for emergency. It means there is bacon in the smokehouse, hanging high on the joists, and they were not put there by "waiving the homestead." It means that the farmer has said: "I must live; my ground must make me bread, and that forest, lined with acorns, must fatten my hogs. If I have any land left, I'll make some cotton. But my family and my stock must and shall be fed, and I don't propose to pay the freight on the feed from Ohio to Georgia, either."

Money! Prosperity! How can it help but come under these circumstances.

THE PRODUCT OF GRAIN.

There is one young farmer in this section of Georgia I always like to talk with on farming matters, and that is Colonel John C. Hart, of Union Point. The readers of THE CONSTITUTION are familiar with the facts connected with his adopting farming as a business. They are familiar, too, with how he made of barren fields blooming acres, of deserted hillsides acres of waving grain, and out of the red clay dug a competence.

I met him not long ago—during a short stay at Union Point—and he and I walked down the railroad to one of his fields of grain. As we sat there looking across the green stretch of grain before us—for it was in early April, and the grain had just headed out, and bended gently beneath a soft breeze—he spoke of what it was.

"There can be no doubt," said he, pinching a piece from the rail on which he sat, and sharpening it with his pen-knife, "that there is money in grain. I say money; not absolute cash, but money in the end. This field, and you see the yield is good, was a big ditch three years ago. You know my plan of Bermuda grass; that is in theory, here it is in practice. Bermuda grass saved that plat. But I was saying, there is money in grain. Let me show you. Here are sixty acres that, say, will yield me only twenty bushels of oats to the acre. That is a moderate yield—I expect to get thirty-five. But the sixty acres will make me 1,200 bushels which, at fifty cents, equals $600. It has cost me to plant it, including labor, manure and seed, only about $12; for it requires no labor but planting. I will sow this in peas and corn when the grain is off. I will get about 720 bushels of peas which, at fifty cents, equals $360. Corn will be planted at the same time, and will yield me fifteen bushels per acre, or $720 worth of corn. Here is the table:

900 bushels of corn at 80 cents	$ 720
1,200 bushels oats at 50 cents	600
720 bushels peas at 50 cents	360
Total	$1,580

I have then $1,580 as the gross receipts. The planting of the oats was $12; corn, $25, and the peas may be gathered for half, and that I allowed; for it will make 24 bushels to the acre, and the total cost is not over $50, leaving me about $1,530 clear. Had it been in cotton I wouldn't have made over half bale to the acre, or thirty bales in all, which equals $1,500. And what would this have cost me? At least $500. And I have $1,000. But the oats and peas and corn have given substance to the land, and that is more money still. Had I planted cotton my land would have been poorer, my stock poorer and I poorer."

"How about the money, colonel?" I ventured.

"Money? why, I can find a ready market for all I raise. True, I am short of money some times; I don't get a big lot at Christmas time. But when I want to pay my hands I go to my corn crib, or oat house and get out the quantity I want to sell, and there I have the money. I don't need to ask a merchant for extension, for I am my own merchant by raising what I need. Some farmers love to starve all the year for the satisfaction it will be to them in November and December to jingle a few gold dollars in their pocket, and which gold dollars must be turned over at once to the merchant. I want good stock, I want plenty to eat, and I want my land to improve, not retrograde."

BERMUDA GRASS AGAIN.

I have written time and again as to what this grass was, but I am just as confident—even more so—to-day that it is the southern farmer's hope that I never leave any one until I have learned their opinion. Colonel Hart's has been given before, but I add one point.

"I understand," says I, interrogatively, "that you have ordered a car load of mule colts from out west. What of it?"

"I haven't ordered them yet, but I will do so; or, at least, contemplate doing so in a short time. I have come to the conclusion that I can buy mule colts in Kentucky, bring them here, fatten them and sell them at a profit. If I buy a colt for $50 or $75 laid down, two years on a Bermuda field will make him rolling fat, and up goes the price to $150 or $175. One hundred dollars is made to me at no cost, comparatively."

"You will let them run in your Bermuda fields, if you get these mules?"

"Certainly. Of course, I shall see they are properly attended to, but their main nourishment will be Bermuda grass. It is undoubtedly one of God's blessings to Georgia planters. It saved me. It will save others."

E. Y.

When your wife's health is bad, when your children are sickly, when you feel worn out, use Brown's Iron Bitters.

Showing respect to a great man by giving a dinner he cannot digest is not a good thing.

☞Faded articles of all kinds restored to their original beauty by Diamond Dyes. Perfect and simple. 10 cents, at all druggists.

"Jenkins is an every day sort of a man," said X "Yes, I always thought him a weak specimen o humanity," growled Z.

Dr. Fuller's Pocket Injection with syringe combined, cures stinging irritation, inflammation and urinary complaints. $1. Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, and all druggists.

Dr. Fuller's Youthful Vigor Pills cure nervous debility, impotence and nocturnal emissions. $2. By mail. Depot 429 Canal street, New York.

As in other things, doctors disagree as to the merits of the green apple over the early peach. Each have friends in the profession.

H. P. Bickford, Savannah, Ga., says: "I used Brown's Iron Bitters as a tonic and am greatly pleased with its effect."

79,500 persons crossed the Brooklyn bridge on Sunday.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

Beware of Imitations.

Imitations and counterfeits have again appeared. Be sure that the word "HORSFORD'S" is on the wrapper. None are genuine without it.

No young lady is thoroughly in fashion whose dog does not match her dress. If she has no dog, her young men should wear gloves to suit.

Be Not Deceived

By advertisements falsifying Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Unprincipled attempts are made by competitors who boast of their intention to obtain possession of the entire Baking Powder business, and force the community of house-keepers, by undervaluing Dr. Price's Powder, to use their own inferior compounds, advertising their own as absolutely Pure, and Dr. Price's of no comparative value, when Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder has been in use for years, and is known to be superior in strength, superior in Purity, superior in Wholesomeness, and, to prove the truthfulness of this assertion, let it be tested in the kitchen in the family loaf, by the consumer's only true test—THE TEST OF THE OVEN.

It is natural that consumers should look with no little degree of suspicion upon a commodity that seeks for favor and sale by misrepresentation of other competing productions. There are three classes of persons competent to speak of the relative merits of baking powders. A nation of housekeepers who have used Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder for years, can speak from experimental knowledge, and pronounce it the best. Eminent Chemists speak of its purity and effective force from repeated analysis that has been made from year to year since its introduction. Physicians, treating the question as one of hygiene, speak in favor of Dr. Price's, for when we eat bread raised with it we are eating the wheat flour in all of its nutritious efficiency.

Something to watch with interest—A pawn-ticket.

Flies and Bugs.

Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice, gophers chipmunks, cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c

Four Virginia girls are said to be traveling to Texas on horseback. They carry revolvers and knives.

Hamburg liniment has been tested in the most rigid manner. Stiff joints, swellings, toothache, rheumatism, etc., have been controlled by it. Try Hamburg liniment; it is the best on the market. Sold by all druggists. ¶

In seven years a Londoner has picked up 600,000 cigar stumps. They make delicious chewing tobacco when properly prepared.

The "Living Skeleton."

The man who was known as the "Living Skeleton," died and was embalmed, after having been exhibited at cheap museums. He is said to have weighed forty six pounds when he died, having been reduced to this dreadful state of emaciation by long continued dyspepsia. In his case dyspepsia meant money in his pocket, for it kept him thin. People who want to keep themselves so thin by dyspepsia as to exhibit for "Living Skeletons" ought not to take PERRY DAVIS'S PAIN KILLER, for it drives dyspepsia out.

Fuller says; "He that falls into sin is a man; that grieves at it may be a saint; that boasteth of it is a devil."

The Folly of Follies.

Many persons are accustomed to disregard all slight symptoms of disease, saying, "Let it go as it came." But when one feels the symptoms of Kidney Disease—such as pain in the back and loins, palpitation, urinary derangement, etc.—to neglect them is the folly of follies. Kidney, bladder, liver and urinary complaints are always liable to end fatally if neglected. The true cure for them is Hunt's Remedy, the great kidney and liver medicine. There is no symptom or form of kidney disease that Hunt's Remedy is not master of.

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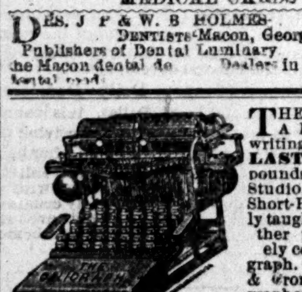

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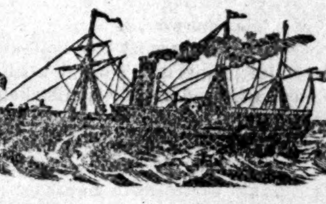

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3,000 lineal feet of stringers same dimensions, but not so prepared for U. rail.

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95	9 33	Winston	6 02
1 15	9 50	Villa Rica	5 44
1 35	10 10	Temple	5 24
1 60	10 36	Bremen	4 59
1 90	11 05	Tallapoosa	4 30
2 10	11 26	Muscadine	4 09
2 30	11 50	Edwardsville	3 45
2 50	p.m. 12 15	Heflin	3 20
2 70	12 35	Davisville	3 00
2 80	12 46	Choccolocco	2 50
2 90	1 00	DeArmanville	2 35
3 05	1 15	Oxford	2 22
3 10	1 30	Anniston ... Leave	2 05
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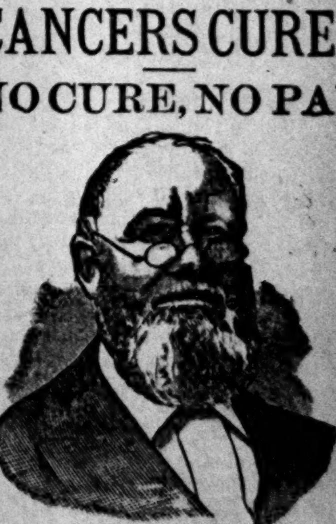

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ATLANTA, GA., JUNE 23, 1883.

INDICATIONS for the south Atlantic states, clearing and fair weather, southwest to northwest winds, higher barometer, stationery or higher temperature.

THE cold spell seems likely to last over into July. In the north overcoats have been in service the last day or two, and even the south has felt a little chilly.

REALLY those Virginia editors are tantalizing. To keep a whole nation on the tiptoe of expectancy is provoking, and should be promptly met by the frowns of an outraged people.

THE story of a vendetta, told in another column wherein a whole family was followed up and killed, is one of thrilling interest. It serves to show that revenge is the sweetest passion of the human heart.

IT is announced that another ship load of paupers is ready to leave Ireland for the free republic of the west. If England could unload all her responsibilities with the same ease upon the United States, she would soon find government to be an easy task.

THE money that there is in grain is well told in another column by Mr. Young. That Greene should be prolific of every element which goes into a first-class farming community is well known; but the story of her successful men is calculated to give a stimulus to good farming elsewhere.

THE cholera, now raging at Damietta, is getting dangerously close. It is directly in the line of commerce, and any passing ship may bring it nearer. Its near approach without warning seems to be due to the English member of the sanitary council, who declared that commerce had equal claims with public health.

FOR GEORGIA ALL THE TIME.

THE CONSTITUTION takes no selfish pride, and certainly gratifies no small prejudice, in printing this morning the proceedings of the Truck Farmers' union which met at Albany on yesterday. We print these resolutions, as we reprinted the handsome and unanimous indorsements of the papers printed in the truck region, simply to defend a useful industry that had been unjustly denounced as an "exploded humbug," and to restore confidence in the section that had banked largely on this industry.

It is, of course, pleasant to have the work of THE CONSTITUTION indorsed. We have for several years urged the farmers of this state, and certainly the lower part of the state, to diversify their agriculture and plant small crops that in their fierce suns and rich soils would ripen quickly. We felt assured that they could not prosper as a people by relying entirely on cotton, supreme as it is and as it must always be as a standard money crop. From a deep conviction, and in pursuance of a deliberate policy, and not from mere impulse, have we written in season and out of season in favor of truck and fruit farming. That our work has met with recognition, the heartiness of which is only suggested by the formal expressions that have found their way into print, is more than gratifying to us.

But there is much work yet to do. The melons are coming in an avalanche to market in solid train loads they thunder along the dusty highways and in countless heaps they freight the ocean steamers. That there will be hitches here and there in the sale and transportation of this enormous crop, is a matter of course. Let us all get to work and do all that we can to make these hitches few and far between. And when the season is over, no matter what the result may be, we shall be satisfied if THE CONSTITUTION can show that it has done its duty in informing the farmers as to the best markets for each day, the destination of each melon that leaves its patch, and in urging the railroads to a full appreciation of the importance of the crops, and its dependence on their promptness and system in getting it swiftly and cheaply to market.

GROSS AND NET EARNINGS.

The gross returns of an investment in southern farms far outrun a similar investment in the northwestern states, and also the average of the country. According to the census the farm products of the census year were just 20 per cent of the value of the farms, the fences and buildings being of course included. For every $100 invested in farming in Ohio, only $15.10 was produced—only $18.20 in Michigan, and the average of the northwestern states was only $19.60.

The southern states make a very different showing of gross earnings. The farms of Georgia, valued in the census year at 111 millions, produced 67 millions, or 60.3 per cent. The farms of Alabama and Louisiana show gross earnings that exceed 70 per cent of their value. The average value of products was $8.25 an acre in Georgia; $9.33 an acre in Alabama; $14 33 in Arkansas; $8 in Florida; $21 in Louisiana; $9 in Maryland; $8.50 in North Carolina; $7.80 in Illinois; $8.15 in Indiana; $7.16 in Iowa and $8.63 in Ohio.

The gross earnings on farming capital in the south are large enough; but the trouble appears when we attempt to ascertain the net earnings. When we attempt to do this we find at once the reasons why the farmers of the south are not as prosperous as their fellow-agriculturists in the northwest. We find that in the northwest the farmers raise their own supplies, having little more than clothing, coffee and sugar to buy; while the southern farmer is apt to buy all or nearly all of his supplies, for both house and farm, paying very often credit prices which exceed cash prices from 25 to 75 per cent. We find, too, that the northwestern farmer uses only home-made manures, having an abundance of fertilizing material on account of the number of animals that he keeps; while the southern farmer purchases—on credit—commercial fertilizers at the rate of a bale of cotton for a ton of fertilizers. We find, too, that the one manages his labor as a merchant does his assistants, and the other is careless in the hours and manner of work. We need not go further, for these differences fully explain why the net earnings of the southern farmers are reduced to zero, although their gross earnings upon the amount of capital invested are much larger than they are in any northern state. It is plain, therefore, that an application to southern farms of the skill, economy and business push and supervision practiced on western farms, would bring about results that would surprise the entire country, and make the net earnings of the south as strong comparatively as its gross earnings are at present.

THE OHIO CAMPAIGN.

The supreme court of Ohio has unanimously declared the Scott liquor law constitutional. This decision was expected, and it will not probably have any effect on the pending canvass. The republicans were committed to the principles of the law, whether it stood or fell in the supreme court, and the democrats declared that it is a sumptuary law involving unequal taxation. The issue is raised in the platforms, and the decision cannot well intensify it. It may, however, make the class affected more zealous workers against the republican ticket, but the republicans, on the other hand, will clamor for a fair trial of the new law.

The chief provisions of the bill relate to the taxation and regulation of the liquor traffic. The first section provides that every place where intoxicating liquors are sold shall be taxed $200 a year. This assessment applies also to places that sell malt or vinous liquors—to the beer and wine sold "over the Rhine." The bill prohibits the sale of intoxicating liquors on Sunday, but—this is an important political proviso in a state greatly given to straddling—the council of any municipal corporation in the state may regulate and control the sale "of beer and native wine" on the first day of the week. This is a bid for the German vote in the cities and villages, while it is a discrimination that the rural Germans of the state will not relish. It however authorizes any municipal corporation to wholly prohibit ale, beer and porter houses, and it is thought this section will be freely utilized in the smaller towns. There are many other provisions in the bill, which consists of twelve sections; but those that we have mentioned are all that have political bearings in the campaign that has just been inaugurated.

The contest will be chiefly fought out over the liquor bill and the tariff; and it will be a very hot and exciting campaign. The democrats whipped the republicans last fall over 19,000 votes in a poll of 632,189 votes. The prohibitionists polled last fall 12,202 votes. If they had gone over to the republicans last fall, the vote would have been uncomfortably close. They have already taken steps to put a ticket of their own selection in the field, and as they are cranks on the liquor question, they will doubtless give it their votes. At the best the voters of Ohio are closely divided, and it becomes very interesting to know what the 92,000 will do that did not vote last fall, but did vote in the presidential election of 1880.

BACK-ACTION.

It is amusing to observe the antics which some of the republican papers cut in the presence of the platform of the democratic party of Ohio. There are the independent republican papers for instance. They all say the tariff plank of the platform is a double action plank; that is, they say the platform is not sincere in this particular respect. But no double-action business could be quite as serious as the attitude of the independents, who abuse the corrupt republican machine on Sunday and on Monday fall into the procession and go trotting gaily after the band wagon. This, however, is simply amusing, for everybody knows what the real attitude of the independents is. They flourish forth as decoy ducks, and nobody is mistaken as to their intentions.

The most serious back-action is the back-action of the New York Evening Post, Mr. Park Godwin's free-trade newspaper. The Post criticizes the tariff plank of the Ohio platform and says it is insincere, and yet every four years we behold the sincere Post laboring assiduously for the success of a protection party, and striving to outdo all the organs in vehemently supporting men who are avowed protectionists. No oyster was ever dumber than the Evening Post toward the close of the Garfield campaign when protection was suddenly made a republican issue. The able editors of the Post not only have supple knees, but the hinges of their backs are bigger than liver pads and work both ways.

A FIELD MARSHAL'S FEARS.

Now that Field Marshal Halstead has taken the reins of government in his hands in the office of the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette and sent the initials of S. R. R. to the rear, the power and influence of Mr. Tilden have assumed vast proportions, and the field marshal is as arduously pursuing the great Jeffersonian democrat as if he were a candidate for office.

In the first place, the field marshal wants to know what the democrats of Ohio mean by "personal liberty" and then he goes on to declare that Mr. Tilden is the power behind the throne—the big Joss—the Brer Rabbit—who has charge of matters, and who is hurrying the entire country in the general direction of democracy and reform. As a matter of course, the field marshal does not put his complaint in these terms, but this is the general tenor and there is a suggestion of tears trickling between the lines which is the highest tribute that could be paid to the fine Italian hand of the sage of Gramercy park.

The field marshal understands that a great man like Mr. Tilden may be a leader, and yet not be a prospective candidate, and the thought galls him. In fact, it wounds him, and he makes no attempt to hide his deep tribulation. There is one important matter, however, in which the field marshal should be corrected. He writes a column or more to prove the leadership of Mr. Tilden, and throughout he maintains the air and attitude of a man who expects to be contradicted or controverted.

We take pleasure, therefore, in assuring the perspiring field marshal that Mr Tilden is very generally regarded by the democratic party as a statesman whose voice is worth listening to; as a leader whose counsels are worth considering, and whose experience is better than all the gabble of the one-horse politicians. We assure the field marshal that Mr. Tilden is a statesman whose intellect is more than a match for the bribers and corruptionists who boss and manage the republican party.

No doubt there are many democratic pilgrimages made to Mr. Tilden's mansion, and there will be many more, and these pilgrimages will not be profitable to the corruptionists. Of that the melancholy field marshal may be assured.

THE Springfield Republican declares in a grieved tone that Frank Hatton, managing editor of the administration, is a general nincompoop. Well, Mr Hatton is to be one of the campaign masters and the Republican will march as enthusiastically to the music he makes as the veriest stalwart in the gang. This is one of the advantages of genuine independence.

COMPLAINTS are made that the northern strawberry has outgrown its usefulness. This is because the northern palate has had a taste of the southern strawberry. The Jersey potato and watermelon will meet their fate in the same way.

CANDIDATE HOADLY, of Ohio, has begun to write cards. With hearts full of sympathy for Candidate Hoadly we beg to inform him that the road to success does not lie in the direction of card-writing.

THE exigencies of the campaign have driven the initials of S. R. R. to the standing galley in the office of the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette. This is in the nature of a democratic victory.

THE Georgia cuke seems to have caught the northern appetite in a cold corner. We would suggest a little addition of salt when the thermometer drops within hearing distance of zero.

WE do not propose to allow the campaign to open in earnest until Jim Banks returns from his Floridian retreats and takes charge of the awkward squad.

MR. MERRICK complains humorously of his jury; but bad as the jury was, it did not prevent Mr. Merrick from drawing his distinguished salary.

MR. HENDRICKS is said to be writing a book. Let us hope that he will explain his failure to become a candidate on the old ticket in 1880.

ACTRESSES work their way into the affections of New York society by slinging beer and singing vulgar songs in variety saloons.

BISMARCK'S opposition to the American hog is based on the fact that it is the author of diseased fat. Bismarck is a statesman.

THE Columbus Times wants to see truck farming abandoned in behalf of cotton. This is another victory for the disgruntled.

FIELD MARSHAL MURAT HALSTEAD is alarmed at the beautiful consistency of the platform of the Ohio democrats.

EDITOR LAFCADIO HEARN, of New Orleans, is writing an essay on the eye-lash in literature.

EDITOR JOHN R. McLEAN is defending the venerable Durbin Ward from imaginary attacks.

BROTHER BEECHER weighs 220 pounds. He would fetch a high price in Chicago.

WE need not say that Mr. Tilden possesses a baritone voice.

MR. TILDEN has refused to eat Louisville pie.

THE Ohio pot is boiling.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

The committee appointed to secure additional names for the chamber of commerce has reported to us, through Mr. Jacob Haas, that 208 names have been secured.

All that was needed was 200 names, but there may be one or two among the subscribers who will not make good their subscriptions. It is important now that each subscriber will send his check to Mr. R. J. Lowry, made payable to his order. The building committee is ready to purchase the lot and to start the building as soon as 200 checks have been received by Mr. Lowry.

More than enough has been subscribed. Let the checks go forward to-day, and the committee will buy the lot to-morrow. This once done, the chamber of commerce is an assured success, and the building will be started inside of thirty days. Send in your checks. The committee cannot call for it. Send it in to-day.

POLITICAL NOTES.

SENATOR PENDLETON will pass most of the summer on the stump in Ohio.

EX-SENATOR WINDOM still has a residence in Minnesota. He is chairman of the Winona county delegation to the republican state convention.

THE suggestion having been made that Frank Hatton should be made to wear the knee-breeches uniform, he makes haste to say that the whole thing was a joke.

THURMAN says the acquittal of the star route thieves has driven thousands of republicans over to the democrats, and that Hoadly's nomination is equivalent to an election.

MR. WHITE, the president of Cornell university, has appointed H. C. Adams, a free trader, to the chair of political economy and Ellis H. Roberts as a lecturer "to present the protectionist view." The students pay their money and take their choice.

CHIEF JUSTICE DOE, of New Hampshire, probably will resign soon, on account of ill health. He has been almost continuously in service since 1859. Ex-Judge Jeremiah Smith, of Dover, will probably be his successor.

THE Omaha Herald says that Mr. Tilden "must be greatly amused at the performance of the small politicians whose tongues are wagging so tremendously over his name, as he looks upon them from his absolute retirement from public life."

A COMPULSORY education bill was passed by the Illinois legislature and has been signed by the governor. It provides that every child in the state between the ages of eight and fourteen years shall attend school not less than twelve weeks in each year.

HON. JOHN S. BARBOUR is already mentioned in connection with the United States senatorship from Virginia to succeed Senator Mahone, and should he be made chairman of the democratic executive committee and win a victory in the fight for the legislature next fall, would doubtless loom up prominently for the position. The name of General William H. Payne having also been mentioned for the senatorship, the Warrenton Index declares that the General does not covet political distinction and in a contest for the senatorship would be found the supporter of Mr. Barbour rather than rival.

A QUESTION has arisen between the English and French governments relative to the right of fishing on and round the Ecrehow rocks, situated half way between Jersey and the French coast. They have been regarded as a dependency of Jersey for 600 years, and are only valuable for the purposes of fishing and gathering seaweed. The French commander asserts the neutrality of the rocks and a right by the French to fish there, which right was denied by the fishery convention of 1839. The Jersey authorities are indignant and have remitted the case to the home government.

LI HUNG CHANG, who speaks for China in this Tonquin matter, is not a closet scholar, but a practical statesmen, and the virtual ruler of the empire, moreover. He is the grand secretary or prime minister; the senior guardian of the emperor (a boy of 10 or 11 years); viceroy of the imperial province of Chihli (in which Perkin is situated), and thus commander of the imperial troops, the main body of the army; and senior commissioner in charge of the coast defenses, and thus commander of the navy. It is possible that the French republic are plunging head first into a pit-fall. China has been preparing for years for a war with Japan, which probably cannot long be averted, and as a consequence the forces of the empire are pretty thoroughly equipped and drilled, their arms being of the best manufacture.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

SENATOR PENDLETON has bought a $65,000 summer residence near Cincinnati.

SOME say in Brooklyn that Mr. Martin is their richest citizen and put his wealth up to $30,000,000. He is one of the men behind the Seney power.

BEIRNE, of the Richmond, Va., State, who is seeking a duel with Elam, of the Whig, is of Irish descent, only 27 years old, a brilliant writer and well equipped financially.

ONE of the hobbies of Henry Irving, the actor, is suspenders. He has in his rooms nearly two hundred pairs. Many of them are presents from ladies and are beautifully embroidered.

LORD DUFFERIN, the British minister at Constantinople, though land-poor in Ireland, is comfortably enough fixed where he is, having a salary of $40,000 a year and two houses to live in rent free.

A CLEVELAND correspondent says: "It is understood that no member of her family will go to Washington during the present administration, and Mrs. Garfield doubts if she can ever bring herself to visit again the scenes of the saddest moments of her life."

BENJAMIN P. CHENEY is thought by some to be the wealthiest Bostonian. His money was partly made in the express business. It is said that he waited many years for a beautiful widow to marry him, which she agreed to do when she had raised her daughter, and the waiting becoming too deliberate he married the daughter, who loved him without conditions, and she has made him a noble wife.

MISS ROSALIND A. YOUNG, who a couple of years ago, wrote an article about Pitcairn's Island, for Scribner's Magazine, is still living in that out-of-the way spot. Her father is pastor of the island church and teacher of the school, and she is organist and assistant teacher. She is about 26 years old and, writes a retired sea captain who not long ago visited her at her home, "she weighs 200 pounds, never had a shoe on her foot, and if necessary could swim off to a ship four miles from the island and back again to shore, and then go into the little church and play the organ nearly as well as any young lady in the states."

THE New York Tribune says: Another Newport dignitary, the one American nobleman, is George Calvert, now in his 80s, the inheritor of the title of Lord Baltimore, the gentleman, sage, philosopher and poet. He was a pall-bearer at the funeral of his friend, Rev. Charles T. Brooks. How remote from them seems the fashionable procession of Bellevue avenue and how near to them the days of Rochambeau, Washington, the beautiful hunters and the lovely Polly Lawton! May it be long before the requiem sounds for the last of the Baltimores!

CORA PEARL has just made her reappearance at the palace of justice in Paris. She was summoned before the magistrate by her former milliner, who sued her for 4,415f. 23c., due from a former account, the original amount of which was 32,000f. The judges having, in the first instance, condemned her to pay the remainder of the bill, Cora Pearl, who is now in a state of want and has been left only the bitter souvenirs of her former splendor, hoped that the hearts of the magistrates in the palace of justice would be more easily touched by the spectacle of her present misery. She was right, for the judges allowed several reductions and the case was settled.

ONE of the strangest funerals on record was that of Dr. J. S. Ford, of Hagerstown, Ind., which occurred at West Sonora, O., two weeks ago, and of which a dispatch to the Boston Herald gives the following accounts: "He died of heart disease, after being bedfast three months. He was 56 years old, and his widow, his third wife, whom he married three ago, is 2 . He made a cast iron will, giving his widow $20,000. He also left sums of $200 and $500 each to all the women who are now maids or widows whom he courted in his unmarried days. This required $5,000. Notes outstanding on people who would be pushed to pay them he destroyed to the amount of $5,000. The hired girl and all his wife's relatives were remembered in small sums. Two weeks before his death he employed and paid the Rev. Mr. Shackleford of the Methodist church, $25, and the Rev. Mr. Warrington, of the Christian church, $15 to officiate at his funeral. Immediately after this he sent for the railroad agent at Hagerstown, and chartered a train of one baggage and three passenger cars to take his remains and 110 friends to his funeral at West Sonora, Onio. He paid for this in advance, and also sent cash to the best hotel in West Sonora for dinner for the entire funeral party. Not a detail in the funeral was forgotten, even to the floral tributes. His orders were fully carried out, and when his body was laid in the ground no one in the world had a claim of a cent against his estate and no one owed it a cent."

SOUTHERN INTELLIGENCE.

THE Virginia peanut crop is rotting on the vine.

VICKSBURG, MISS., is soon to have waterworks.

THE Mississippi lunatic asylum has 457 inmates.

HOT SPRINGS, ARK., will be lighted by electric light.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., is soon to have an electric light.

CORN, sugar, cotton and rice crops of Louisiana are all doing well.

THE genuine army worm has made its appearance in Hale county, Ala.

MOSS POINT, MISS., has an incubator that hatches 250 chickens at a time.

THE Mississippi Baptist State convention will meet at Crystal springs, July 9th.

NEARLY a million acres of land in Louisiana have been sold recently to a Kansas speculator.

ONE man in Louis county, Ky., has gathered 1,000 pounds of ginsing this season.

ABOUT 400,000 cocoanut trees have been planted on the keys near Key West, Fla., in the last two years.

JOHN COONEY, of Coahoma county, Mississippi, caught a catfish weighing one hundred pound last week.

THE new bank of Nashville, Tenn., will start with a capital of half a million dollars. Colonel E. W. Cole heads the list with $100,000.

HORSES and mules in Nachitoches parish, Louisiana, are affected with a disease called glanders. It has proven fatal in some instances.

ORANGE trees on the Indian river, Fla., never looked better than they do this season, and the crop will be double that of any previous year.

A SUCCESSFUL orchardist of Kentucky says if he were to live his life over again he would trim his trees higher and pasture his orchards with sheep instead of plowing or mulching.

THE Richmond, Va., nail works find it impossible to supply the demand from the south. Six hundred kegs are rolled out in 24 hours, or 3,600 a week, and yet the demand is greater.

ALABAMA newspapers report that the price of common labor in that state has increased twenty-five cents per day as the result of the recent growth of manufactures, the building of railroads and the wonderful mineral developments.

FORT WORTH, (Texas) Daily Democrat: "From Colonel Crawford, of Dallas, it is learned that the jury in the Cowart case, after receiving the charge of Judge Aldridge, retired, and after being out about five minutes, brought in a verdict of "not guilty." This decision was received with tumultous applause, Cowart being warmly congratulated. A number of enthusiastic friends even lifted him to their shoulders and carried him home

POSTAL AFFAIRS IN GEORGIA.

No Removal in Augusta—The Trouble About the Post-Appeal Mail—Appointments of Georgians.

Special dispatch Savannah Daily Times.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Postmaster Holden, of Augusta, Ga., has had an interview with First Assistant Postmaster-General Hatton relative to postal affairs in Augusta. A report was circulated here by certain Georgians that charges against Mr. Holden were on file in the department, and that he would probably be superseded by Mr. R. R. Wright, of Augusta. It is alleged that Mr. Holden received the appointment of postmaster at Augusta because he was believed to be a resident of that city. Certain parties deny that he is a resident of Augusta, but state that he belongs in Crawfordville, and is now the agent of the Georgia railroad company at that place. It is said that a number of "Crawfordvillians" have made affidavits to that effect. To ascertain the facts in the case, I called upon Mr. Hatton and informed him of the report I had heard. He replied that he knew of no charges against Mr. Holden, and the department had no intention of removing him.

The attention of the postmaster has been called to the dispute between Colonel Thornton, formerly editor of the Post-Appeal, and Mr. John L. Conley, its present owner, over the delivery of mail addressed to the Post-Appeal. In Thorton's statement of the case to the postmaster general, he claims that he did not sell the Post-Appeal out right, but simply leased it to a Mr. Moore, through the latter's agent, a Mr. Harris, with the understanding that the publication of the paper was to continue, and that he should have the privilege of resuming control of the paper at any time he saw fit. Thornton says Harris violated the terms of the contract by selling the paper to John L. Conley, who is a son of the postmaster at Atlanta, for $1,500, when the property was worth $25,000. He returned to Atlanta and discovered that the paper had been resold, and that no attempt had been made to continue its publication. He assumed possession of the property and went to the postoffice and demanded that all mail addressed to the Post-Appeal should be delivered to him. He was informed that Mr. John L. Conley, who last purchased the paper, claimed and was receiving the mail addressed to that paper. Thornton asks the postoffice department to instruct the postmaster at Atlanta to deliver the mail to him.

A counter statement was also received from Mr. J. L. Conley, who claims to be the legal owner of the Post-Appeal.

The postmaster general referred the question to the law officer of the department, Judge Ray, who decided that the department could not determine who owned the paper, and directed the postmaster at Atlanta to deliver the mail to whom he thought proper, and to do it upon his own responsibility.

Robert Lee Longstreet, son of General Longstreet, of Gainesville, Ga., has been designated for a clerkship in the pension office.

Mr. Henry Glover, son of the old postmaster at Macon, Ga., has been appointed to a clerkship in the general land office.

S. S. Cox on the Tariff Issue.

Interview in Indianapolis Sentinel.

I don't see how debate and action on the tariff can be avoided; for one member can start a spirit which no majority can suppress. You remember Richard W. Townshend, who represents Egypt, Ill., so ably. He made the members think and talk on tariff for a week on a simple question of referring a tariff bill freeing quinine from the monopoly of Philadelphians. A peanut can start a mountain—of debate, for there is a big tariff on peanuts. Ohio wood-growers are already raising their fleecy gonfalon. Both parties there are fighting on the same side as I hear, on the wool question. But the tariff is not the main issue for the next congress, or for the campaign of 1884, yet it is associated with the main question. Our mayor, Edson, of New York, who is president of the produce exchange, in a speech said that a change in the cost of our bread and meat-stuff in Liverpool a half cent a bushel would turn Europe toward the granaries of Odessa and Dantzic. If this be so, the great market of our farmers is in constant peril. They hang on a thread, as well from the lack of interchange as from the charges of transportation. Hence, along with, and paramount to the tariff question, arises the the anti-monopoly issue. The party which contends for the restitution of the forfeited land grants, and the execution of the Thurman railroad law, which I championed and had passed in the house, and which demands restitution of the stolen property and full accountability from the departments and courts in reference to our railroads and lands, will have a mighty popular emphasis. Have you noticed the anxiety, shown by the voters on the democratic side of the house, for Judge Reagan's interstate commerce bill? It is a well guarded measure, so far as the state rights over local ways are concerned, but it reaches out with a federal arm to correct and restrain the greedy millionaires who are now controlling legislatures, executives and even courts, to the detriment of the public and its interests. I emphasize this as the one grand peak in the contest of 1884, out-topping all others as Mount Blanc dominates the Alps.

The Ohio Tariff Plank.

From the New York Herald.

There is not a friend of tariff and tax reform in Ohio, or in the country, but can stand on that. It has the merit that it is so plainly and clearly worded as to make it impossible, without gross misrepresentation, for the republicans to raise their cry of "free trade" against it. The republican demand has been formulated by Mr. McKinley, of Ohio, as for "a tariff for protection with incidental revenue." The democratic tariff "plank" is a plain answer to that impudent proposition. The tarif is to be "for revenue," say the democrats, and the revenue drawn from it is to be "limited to the necessities of the government economically administered." That strikes at the huge surplus revenue which the republicans have insisted on forcing from the pockets of the taxpayers only to waste it on jobs. The tariff is to be "so adjusted in its application as to prevent unequal burdens," which cannot be done without a general and careful revision, for it is now full of the baldest discriminations in favor of monopolist capitalists at the expense of the great body of the people. It is to "encourage productive"—not unproductive—"interests at home;" and if it does that it is certain to "afford just compensation to labor." Finally, it is "not to create monopolies."

While it remains necessary to raise revenue from customs duties, as it must for years to come, the proper way, the way least injurous to the general interest, least accommodating to monopolists and least disadvantageous to the great body of the people who live by honest labor, could not easily be better described than in this democratic platform. Ex-Speaker Keifer, in a conversation, gives it as his belief that the tariff will be fully discussed in Ohio this summer and fall. There can no longer be any doubt about that. The two parties have joined issue on that question, and the democrats showed that they are as ready and willing for the discussion as their opponents." The work of the democratic convention yesterday seems to us of very great importance to the whole country. It compels a thorough discussion of the tariff question, which is very necessary to the enlightenment of the voters. It shows that in a most important canvass, on which the presidency may easily depend, the Ohio democrats have the courage and the knowledge to place themselves on sound policies, and the shrewd sense, at the same time, to state these policies too clearly for their opponents to successfully misrepresent them. The nomination of Mr. Hoadly completes the work. He is not a trimmer; he is a man who understands political principles and policies, and knows how to explain them to the voters; and he is a democrat by conviction.

The Invasion of the North.

From the New York Journal.

The Southern military organizations now visiting the north are carrying by storm every point on the march. Hartford has fallen before the Charleston Light Infantry. The flag flies over the state capitol and the armories. The Continental Guards, of New Orleans, have taken Providence in Rhode Island. All this is pleasant reading. It is not improbable, however, that the reporters have failed to describe the most interesting conquests that have been made. The young ladies of New England are, in spite of their traditional devotion to pork and beans, attractive to the fiery southern eye. How many prisoners they have made among these southern warriors the merry wedding bells will probably tell us in the fall.

"Sweet Sixteen."

From the Milledgeville Union.

THE CONSTITUTION was "sweet sixteen" years of age a few days ago. The dear girl is old in her ways for one so young. The proprietors of this bright offspring have our congratulations and a big blessing for the future thrown in. The paper is an honor to journalism, and has made as few mistakes in its advocacy of public men and public measures as any of its contemporaries. Success needs no sweet words, but we just sat down to say what we think and feel about it, and that is all.

Gresham's New Order.

From the Philadelphia Record.

Oh, the wisdom of Gresham! He intends to call the attention of his postmasters, big and little, to the fact that the obligation to carry a newspaper straight to its destination is precisely as binding as the obligation to deliver a letter. This order, when it reaches some of the postoffices, will be an astonishing piece of news. But Mr. Gresham's ideas are correct The newspapers prepay their postages, and are entitled to ready and intelligent service.

Watson's Scheme.

From the Augusta Chronicle.

We are pleased to learn that Hon. Thomas E. Watson, of McDuffie, will at the legislative session, next month, make an earnest effort to pass a dog law—to tax every dog a small sum for the benefit of the public school fund. This, he says, will extend the free term, which benefits all classes, at the expense of all, instead of putting the whole burden on the property owners. Mr. Watson has the Chronicle's blessing and support.

The Fattest Girl of Her Age.

From the Gainesville Southron.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION is sixteen years old, and about the liveliest, biggest and fattest girl of her age in Georgia. While we can't say she always behaves well, we have a kind of hankering after her. One thing that makes her popular is she always dresses well, and wears Henry Grady and Joe Harris bangs, with old Evan Howell pointed lace running up and down her pretty fitting basque.

The Continental Guards.

NEW YORK, June 27.—The Continental Guards, of New Orleans, will leave this city to-morrow for Philadelphia, and will present their historical tableaux at Chestnut street operahouse at night.

INDORSED BY TRUCKERS

THE CONSTITUTION SUSTAINED BY THE MEN IN THE FIELD.

The Constitution and Its Colleagues Sustained by the Truck Farmers' Convention, and the Course of the Croakers Deprecated—The Decision of Men Who Know Their Business.

Special to the Constitution.

ALBANY, June 27.—The Albany truck farmers' union adopted to-day the following resolutions:

Whereas, it has been charged by certain journals that truck farming has proven to be a failure in southwest Georgia this year, and that it is an "exploded humbug," and,

Whereas, our experience as truck farmers does not confirm such charge, although we engaged in the new industry without experience, and the season has been unfavorable, owing to the excessive rains and unseasonable cold weather, during the months of March, April and May, and,

Whereas, It has been charged that the ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, THE ALBANY NEWS AND ADVERTISER, and other journals of the state, have misled the people and induced many of them to engage in truck farming by misrepresentation and sensational reports, therefore be it—

Resolved, By the Albany truck farmers' union, that we depretate the disposition that has characterized the management of certain newspapers in this state, to disparage and underestimate the truck farming industry, and that our thanks be hereby extended the ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, THE ALBANY NEWS AND ADVERTISER, and such other papers as have shown a disposition to foster and encourage the truck farming industry, which industry we believe from what experience we have had, is destined to grow in southwest Georgia, and do much for the development of this section of the empire state of the south.

THE BOOM IN QUITMAN.

QUITMAN, June 27.—Melons sold here to-day at one hundred and fifty to two hundred dollars per car load. Twenty-five car loads were shipped today. We wish Grady was here to see the train shove out.

A. P. PERHAM.

TRUCK AND TRUCKERS.

State of the Markets.

Large stock melons. Thirty dollars per 100; small and inferior melons, 12 cents. Canteloupes, $10 per 100.

A. McD. WILSON & CO.

ON THE TRACK AT VALDOSTA.

VALDOSTA, June 27.—Six cars melons sold to-day on track at from one hundred and twenty-five to one hundred and seventy-five dollars. Two hundred and twenty-five dollars refused. Twenty-four cars shipped to-day. Parties prefer to ship.

C. D. ASHLEY.

Special to The Constitution.

BLAKELY, June 27.—Several loads of watermelons have been on the market the past week, which met with ready sale though many of them were green and half ripe.

Special to The Constitution.

CHICAGO, June 27.—Weather cold; overcoats indispensable this week. Melons flat in consequence. Twenty-five to thirty dollars per hundred in car lots from track.

JELKS, BROWN & CO.

Special to The Constitution.

ST. LOUIS, June 27.—Choice Georgia melons wanted, $35 per hundred; potatoes, $2 25 per barrel; extra peaches, $1.50 to $2.50 per crate.

STEVENS, LAING & DAVIS.

Special to The Constitution.

CINCINNATI, June 27.—Few sales of melons to-day; but no accumulations. Have shipped to points that promise good returns. Arrivals will sell freely if the weather is warm.

JELKS, BROWN & CO.

Special to The Constitution.

CINCINNATI, June 27.—The weather continues cool with a slow rain falling nearly all day. Eight cars melons arrived, three of which were reshipped and one jobbed from the cars at $18 to $22. Better sales are expected to-morrow.

M. J. TAYLOR.

Special to The Constitution.

NEW YORK, June 27.—Savannah and Mallory line steamers yesterday brought ten thousand melons of fair quality, which sold at thirty to thirty-five dollars. Georgia potatoes about done. No sale for cukes. Tomatoes, $1.50.

BURROWS & ELY.

Special to The Constitution.

NEW YORK, June 27.—About nine thousand melons arrived via last steamer from Florida and Georgia, mostly small, and the weather being cool dealers were very cautious and bought but few. A few warm days will clear up the present stock, and the prospect is much better for demand and better prices for the next arrivals. Thirty dollars was the top except for a small lot of selections. Long Island potatoes are now coming in and the best selling for two dollars. It will not pay to ship longer from Georgia or Florida. Choice peaches meet with ready sale.

G. S. PALMER.

Shipments and Movement of Truck.

There were shipped over the Western and Atlantic railroad yesterday 400 crates of vegetable—5 crates of potatoes, 18 car loads of watermelons, distributed as follows: Eight cars were shipped to Cincinnati, 1 to Chattanooga, 1 to Detroit, 1 to Cleveland, 6 to Chicago and 1 to Evansville, Indiana.

SAVANNAH, June 27.—The steamship Tallahassee for New York to-day carried 14,527 watermelons, the largest shipment this season; 507 barrels and 4,172 boxes vegetables.

Dorsey Will Not Aid Them.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

Senator Dorsey's friends deny the statement that he will stump Ohio for the republicans.

A WELSH CLASSIC.

BY H. H. BALLARD.

An unlettered clergyman wanting a place,
(His manners were genial and pleasant his face)
Received a kind letter inviting him down
To preach to a church in a large country town.

The town was uncultured, old fashioned and plain;
The principal business was harvesting grain,
And none of the church members ventured to speak
A word of the Hebrew, or Latin or Greek.

For this very reason they wished all the more,
A scholar well grounded in classical lore;
While a candidate might just as well stay away
If he didn't quote Hebrew at least once a day.

The divine about whom this odd story was told,
By the "Times" of Manhattan, was cunning and bold,
And knowing they wished for a classical man,
Thought he didn't know Latin, he hit on a plan.

For he thought, "We shall see how much shrewdness avails,
Though I cannot read Greek, I'm a native of Wales;
If a few Welsh expressions I cautiously use,
It may rival the Hebrew in pleasing the pews.

On the critical day, with exceptional grace,
With well-attuned voice, and well-controlled face,
He read from the Bible a passage or two,
And remarked, "My dear friends, this translation won't do.

To be sure 'tis correct, but if beauty you seek,
Hear the rythmical sound of original Greek!"
Then boldly a medley of Welsh he recited,
And marked the effects on his hearers benighted.

The children gazed up with a wondering stare,
Their mothers assumed an intelligent air,
While the deacons all nodded as much as to say,
That Greek was by far the more excellent way.

A still bolder venture he hazarded next,
By a curious way of announcing the text:
"These words, as my hearers have noted, of course,
Have lost nearly all their original force.

In the Hebrew how clearly the thought flashes out,"
And more of his Welsh he proceeded to spout;
When what was his horror to spy near the door
A jolly old Welshman, just ready to roar!

Overcome with remorse and foreseeing the shame,
Exposure would bring to his reverend name,
The preacher's mad impulse at first was to run,
But the Welshman's round face so brimming with fun,

Suggested a possible plan of escape,
Which none but a terrified parson could shape;
He bravely confronted that dangerous smile,
And coolly continued his sermon awhile,
Till at length without showing the least agitation,
He rallied himself for a final quotation:

"The rendering here is decidedly wrong,
Quite different thoughts to the Chaldee belong:"
Then Welshman in pulpit to Welshman in pew,
In the barbarous dialect they alone knew,

Cried "Friend! By the land of our fathers, I pray,
As you hope for salvation, don't give me away!"
The joke was so rich, the old Welshman kept still;
And the classical parson is preaching there still.
—[Good Cheer.

THE RAILROADS.

CROSS-TIE GOSSIP IN AND OUT OF ATLANTA RAILROAD CIRCLES

The Carolina, Cumberland Gap and Chicago—The Cincinnati Southern—The Albany and Gulf Bondholders—The Solvency of Erlanger—The Ohio River Pool—Railroad Notes.

THE last spike on the Kentucky Central extension was driven by Miss Clara Bacon.

THE East Tennessee road has adopted a standard system of locomotive equipments.

THE Carolina Central is filling up its trestles and doing a great deal of other work between Charlotte and Shelby.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Nebraska State Journal describing a railroad he traveled on in Oregon, says: "My fellow passenger raised an umbrella when he got on board, and said I had better raise mine. He was right. The puffing, wheezy old engine sent soot and water over us in a perfect shower (the cars were open.) We got along, however, very well, and would have made the trip quite as quickly as we could have walked it if the train had not stopped when we were about half way and waited half an hour for a passenger who wanted to finish his supper."

New Iron Laid.

ATHENS, Ga., June 27.—There is being new iron laid on the Athens branch of the Georgia railroad

The Carolina, Cumberland Gap and Chicago.

From the Charleston News and Courier.

General Johnson Hagood, president of the Carolina, Cumberland Gap and Chicago railroad, went to Edgefield last week to make arrangements with the town council to cancel the mortgage of $12,000 held by the town against the railroad, and accordingly at a special meeting of the council on Wednesday General Hagood made a formal proposition to deposit $20,000 of second mortgage bonds on the entire line in lieu of the first mortgage of $12,000, and this proposition was accepted by the council, and a resolution passed canceling the first mortgage so far as the council had power to cancel it. President Hagood talked quite freely and frankly about the prospects of the railroad. He is confident that the road will be built an an early day, but the surest way, he said, to hasten its completion was for the people who live along the line to do everything possible to assist and encourage the enterprise. He spoke favorably of the proposition to carry the line by Greenville, but said it was not the intention to abandon Pickens or Easley or any other town on the road, and that there was no cause for their present apprehensions. and that the railroad would certainly go through Pickens county, whether it went by Greenville or not.

The Cincinnati Southern.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

The superior court in general term yesterday gave a decision in the matter of the compensation of the trustees of the Southern railroad. Judge Force in delivering the opinion of the court said the trustees of the Southern road had done a great work. The prosperity of the road was due to their work. Though the officers of the road had apparently done all that promoted its success, yet their work and plans were determined by the trustees. Some of these trustees had devoted almost their whole time to the work of looking after the road, and though it was customary for trustees of public institutions or funds in this state to receive no compensation for their work, in this case the city was engaged in a business transaction, the management of which was intrusted to these men. It was, therefore, but just that they should be compensated for their time. They would be allowed compensation at the rate of $3,000 per annum. Mr. Ferguson, who had rendered special services as the lawyer for the road, would be given at the rate of $6,000 per year, $7,500 for the fifteen months; Mr. Mack, $3,750; Mr. Bishop, $3,750; Mr. Shiff, $3 000; Mr. Greenwood, at the rate of $5,000 per year as president of the board of trustees, for his three months' services $1,200.

The Solvency of Erlanger.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The attempt made through an alleged cable dispatch in a morning paper to throw discredit upon the solvency of Erlanger, the Prussian banker, failed to relieve the stock market of its general dullness to day. The dispatch stated that Erlanger appeared in the police correctionnelle at Paris yesterday, charged with several unlawful transactions connected with the credit general Francais, that he was accompanied by M. M. Berthier Bros., bankers, and M. Dreyfus, brother of the deputy of the same name. "Although," the correspondent writes, "the accused were confident of acquittal, the court ordered a criminal investigation. The private residence of each of the accused has been visited by the police We may therefore expect the downfall of the Credit General Francais, which doubtless will cause the downfall of others." Mr. Erlanger is chiefly known in this country through the syndicate bearing his name, which furnished the capital for the Cincinnati Southern railroad. His bank is represented in this city by Messrs. Ploch & Co., corner of William and Pine streets. Mr. Ploch said he had received no news regarding the matter and knew of it only from the press cable dispatch. Mr. Erlanger's affairs in this country were all right and he thought political matters were at the bottom of it, Mr. Erlanger being a German. Mr. Erlanger, he said, still has his interest in the Cincinnati Southern railroad system. Mr. Seligman, the banker, said he did not believe the arrest amounted to anything; "it is a little sensation, that's all."

A well-known financier said to your reporter to-night that he nor any one else that he knew of had any misgivings as to Erlanger's solvency. What might be the condition of the Credit General Francais or the credit Lyonaise, was a very different matter. The latter institution was doubtless in a very precarious state, just as the dispatches stated. Its condition had long been considered doubtful. The summoning of Erlanger to testify concerning this meant nothing, and he hoped the person who had started the sensation had reaped the benefit they evidently anticipated. The remaining portion of the dispatch was as follows: "The Erlanger affair is creating great excitement on the bourse The authorities seem to have received strict orders to run down all banker. whose solvency is at all liable to suspicion. The complaints against Erlanger, who had been indemnified, were willing to withdraw their complaint, but the procurer de la republique has taken the matter up briskly. The causes of the indictment must be serious, as a great number of documents have been seized. It is thought that some arrests will soon take place. Erlanger is a Prussian, and is supposed to be Bismarck's agent; owing to this he has received very little sympathy. The bourse is delighted at these proceedings because, rightly or wrongly, Erlanger is believed to have profited largely by the crash. The origin of Erlanger's fortune was a loan contracted by the confederates during the American war."

The Ohio River Pool.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

The somewhat recent disruption of the Ohio river pool and the probability of its being re-established, has been a topic of discussion in local railway circles of late. Since the break, the slashing of rates has been followed vigorously, and in self-defense the roads carrying from Chicago to the Ohio river had to come together again. For the purpose of putting the pool on a working basis again, a meeting was held yesterday afternoon in the Burnett house, and it was attended by some thirty officers of railways directly interested in the matter at issue. There were present from a distance President Roberts, of the Pennsylvania; vice-President Waite, Manager Richardson, of the pool; General Manager Gray, of the Pennsylvania, Cincinnati and St. Louis, and Traffic Manager Stahlman, of the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago. President Ingalls, of the Big Four, and other local magnates were also in attendance.

According to a report submitted by Commissioner Gray at the previous meeting held here about a week ago, the south bound business from Chicago from August 1st, 1882, to April 30th, 1883, was carried by the roads in the following proportions: Green Line, 29 27-100 per cent; Kankakee Line, 26 16-100 per cent; Southern Dispatch, 24 67 100 per cent; Chicago and Louisville Southern Line, 19 90-100 per cent. Of this 87 23-100 per cent was destined to four points: Cincinnati, 36 79-100 per cent; Louisville, 23 48-100 per cent; Evansville, 15 86-100 per cent; and Indianapolis, 11 10-100 per cent. With reference to the south-bound freight Mr. Gray recommended that all trains originating at Chicago or coming through Chicago, passing out of that city over Chicago, St. Louis and Pittsburg, Illinois Central, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis and Chicago, Chicago and Eastern Illinois and Louisville, New Albany and Chicago, and destined to Aurora, Brighton, Cincinnati, Evansville, Indianapolis, Jeffersonville, Lawrenceburg, Louisville, Madison, New Albany and Seymour, or passing through these points to points beyond them, except Newport News and points north of the Potomac river, be divided between the various lines as follows: Green Line, 29 per cent; Kankakee Line, 26 per cent; Southern Dispatch Line, 24 per cent; Chicago and Louisville Southern line, 21 per cent, these percentages to be in force for one year from July 1, 1883, and thereafter, until changed by agreement between the lines, three months' notice to be given by any line desiring a revision of the allotments or to withdraw from pooling arrangements. With regard to northbound freight Mr. Gray recommended that pools be formed at Cincinnati and Louisville, Jeffersonville, New Albany and Indianapolis, and traffic from each point to be divided on percentages to be agreed upon by the initial roads from such points.

With regard to the operations of the pools, Mr. Gray made the following main recommendations: A pool manager to be appointed to have full charge of the offices, business, accounts, statistics, etc., of the various lines, and appoint and have full and exclusive control of the agents of the pooled lines, and the soliciting and directing of route of traffic under the agreement. Rates to be made by the rate-making powers of the initial roads at each point and furnished to the pool manager. No officer of any road to have authority to direct any agent in the employ of the pool or change rates in any respect. Settlements between the lines in the pools to be made on the business of each month separately, either by transfer of tonnage or by payment of money.

For the protection and security of the pools above suggested Mr. Gray recommended the formation of an additional pool between the Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis and Chicago, and Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton, and Cincinnati, Hamilton and Indianapolis, which shall take in all business, freight and passenger, that originates at or comes to Cincinnati or Indianapolis from all sources, destined to or beyond those points, except that business originating at any strictly local point on the Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis and Chicago north of Indianapolis, may be carried on through manifests or tickets to Cincinnati, or from Cincinnati, to such local points without being counted in the pool. He also recommended a pool between the Jeffersonville, Madison and Indianapolis, and the Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis and Chicago of business to and from Indianapolis and Louisville.

It was thought by some of the lines that the percentage of traffic allotted them according to Commissioner Gray's basis for forming the pool, was too small, and hence the managers of such lines objected. On the other hand, the Pennsylvania folks did not favor the traffic association plan. The committee of general managers were to report what action they had taken in the matter at five o'clock in the afternoon. At six o'clock, however, the managers' meeting broke up in a sort of general row, no action having been taken and there being no report to make. The disturbing element in the meeting is said to have been the representative of the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago road. Everybody was mad at everybody else; but finally it was agreed to maintain the present rates, whatever they may be, until another meeting of the general managers is held on the 16th of next month, when an attempt will be again made to settle existing difficulties.

Adjusting Differences.

Special to The Constitution.

SAVANNAH, Ga. June 27.—In accordance with the advertisement, a conference meeting of the city authorities and the bondholders of the Savannah, Albany and Gulf railroad was held at the exchange to-day with a view to the adjustment of their claims for $300,000 worth of bonds indorsed by the city, and which the supreme court of the United States decided recently the city was liable for. There were $161,000 of bonds represented. Among the holders present, were Colonel C. C. Jones, Augusta, Colonel R. L. Worthen, of Sandersville. Mayor Lester presented an exhaustive report of the finance committee, showing the actual condition of city finances, and requested the bondholders to make a proposition and invited a verification of the report. The bondholders retired, and after conference submitted the following proposition: "Resolved, That the conditions proposed by the city of Savannah in an ordinance presented for its reading May 2, and published for information, so far as they relate to the compromise of that portion of the bonded debt of the city of Savannah, known as the bonds of the Savannah, Albany and Gulf railroad company, granted by the mayor and aldermen of the city of Savannah, and to provide for the issue of new bonds, etc., do not meet our approval, and shall not be accepted by us as a basis of compromise for the adjustment of our claims. Resolved, That while we respectfully call the attention of the city authorities to the fact that under the judgment of the highest court of the land we are entitled to demand of the city principal and interest to date, payable in legal currency of the United States, in settlement of our claims, yet, as creditors and citizens, we fully recognize the right of the city, in view of her present financial condition, to ask that she be met by the bondholders in a spirit of concession and liberality, and as an earnest of our intentions, we authorize our chairman to embody, as expressing our views, to the following plan of settlement: 1. We will agree to accept the new five per cent bonds of the city of Savannah at their face value in settlement of the principal of our claim. 2. We will agree to accept in settlement of the five coupons of $3,500 each, maturing January 1, 1877; July 1, 1877; January 1, 1878; July 1, 1878; and January 1st, 1879; with interest thereon, to January 1st, 1879, amounting to $18,724—58 cents on the dollar, payable in legal currency of the United States. 3rd, We will agree to accept in settlement of the interest from January 1st, 1879, to July 1st, 1883, amounting to $37,397; five-sevenths of the same payable in legal currency of the United States. 4th. We, however, agree in case the condition of the city will not warrant the payment of said scaled interest in currency to accept in settlement of the same its quivalent in 5 per cent bonds of the city of Savannah. 5 In addition, as a paramount accompanying condition of this compromise, it is understood that we are to receive from the city reimbursement of our lawyer's fee amounting to $5,000, in Savannah, Albany and Gulf bonds, with accrued interest thereon, and expenses, $635 incurred in the prosecution of the suit, the bondholders to receive in bonds $146,961 on each $1,000, equal to $117,500 currency. Amount due by the city of Savannah on the bondholders, July 1st, 1883, $468,363 without compromise, payable in currency, the amount to be paid in bonds under proposed compromise $440,883.00 which shows a clear saving to the city of $144,570.75. less attorney's fee of $5,000 in bonds, with accrued interest thereon, and $635 expenses.

John L. Hardee, John Flannery, A. L. Hartridge, committee of the bondholders; Aldermen Hamilton, Thomas Wilder, for the city, was appointed to confer further on the proposition and submit to the counsel.

MERCER UNIVERSITY.

The Students Still Claiming the Attention of their Friends and Relatives.

Special to the Constitution.

MACON, June 27.—The commencement day exercises at Mercer university were held this morning in the presence of an immense audience, at Harmonic hall. The occasion was most brilliant, all the particulars adding new laurels to the fame of this celebrated educational institution. The trustees, the faculty, Governor McDaniel and the invited guests occupied seats on the stage. The following is a list of the speakers of the senior class:

Latin salutatory (second honor), Thomas H. Northen, Hancock county, Ga.

Nil Sine Magno Vita labore Dedit Mortalibus, Henry C. Hooten, Troup county, Ga.

The Reign of Shom, Benjamin G. Gregg, South Carolina.

The Coming Statesman, Edgar F. Hinton, Bibb county, Ga., Robert E. Cato, (excused), Sumter county, Ga.

The Desire of Fame an Incentive to Action, Emory H. Carson, Wilkes county, Ga.

Georgia, our Home, Schiller B. Poland, Lawrens county, Ga., James L. Anderson, (excused), Bibb county, Ga.

Sensations, Julian H. Evans, Washington county, Ga.

Industrial Education in the South, Albo B. Perdue, Coweta county, Ga.—Wiley B. Finney excused, Jones county, Ga.

The Senior's Outlook, Hewlette A. Hall, Coweta county, Ga.

After the above speakers, President Battle delivered the medal for general excellence to Charles C. Cox, first honor graduate.

CONFERRING THE DEGREES.

The conferring of the degrees was the next regular exercise. The degree A. M. in the course was conferred upon Dr. C. H. Richardson of Byron, Ga., class 1878; Rev. Erasmus S. F. Golden, Macon, class of 1876; Rev. Robert P. Davant, Mountain Home, Ark., class 1856; William Lee Duggar, Senton, Ga., class 1880. The honorary degree, A. M.—James L. Lawton, of Atlanta, law class 1878. The degree A. B. was conferred on the following members of the graduating class: James L. Andersen, Macon, William B. Birch, Macon; Emory Hugh Cason, Wilkes county, Ga.; Robert E. Cato, Sumter county, Ga.; Charles Cason Cox, LaGrange, Ga.; Julian Howard Evans, Sandersville; Wiley B. Finney, Jones county; Benjamin G. Gregg, Marion, S. C.; Edgar F. Hinton, Macon; Henry C. Hooten, LaGrange; Thomas H. Northen, Hancock county; Albo B. Perdue, Coweta county; Schiller B. Poland, Dublin, Ga.; Sim Alexander Smith, Thomasville; William H. Williams, Griffin. The degree of B. S. was conferred on Arthur Lee, Macon.

PRESIDENT BATTLE'S ADDRESS.

President Battle then delivered his baccalaureate address, which was one of the most elegant and eloquent and, at the same time, practical addresses ever delivered on a similar occasion. It abounded in wise suggestions expressed in ornate language. The main idea of his address was "to work," to labor faithfully in whatever field the graduate betook himself. This world was not a place for drones. Zealous endeavor would triumph in the fight. The address was most enthusiastically received, and a noticeable feature of this commencement was that whenever Dr. Battle appeared, or his name was mentioned, it was the signal for applause. He undoubtedly has a firm hold upon the affections of the people of Macon. They honor and revere him greatly. His resignation had a good effect upon Mercer university. It put the trustees and Baptists generally to thinking, and if there was life wanting in the institution it was attributable to another source than the present. The conclusion of the whole matter is there has been a great awakening. New vigor has been given the university and the retention of Dr. Battle as president shows the wisdom of the trustees in declining to accept his resignation.

THE ENDOWMENT FUND.

The action of the trustees to raise one hundred thousand dollars' endowment fund during the coming year will prove a great blessing. After the baccalaureate address, Charles C. Cox, of Troup county, first honor, delivered the valedictory in a most eloquent style. The entire address was more than ordinarily fine, and was received with much enthusiasm.

Rev. S. G. Hillyer, of Washington, Ga., after the completion of the regular commencement exercises, delivered an address in commemoration of the semi-centennial year of Mercer university. It was very interesting. Following him Iro O. McDaniel, father of Governor McDaniel, one of the first professors Mercer university ever had, made a few appropriate, well received remarks.

THE GRADUATING CLASS.

To-night Harmonic hall was crowded to witness the graduating class. The exercises were very pleasant. The programme was: Historian, Schiller B. Poland, Dublin, Ga.; poet, E. T. Hinton, Macon; prophet, B. G. Gregg, Marion, S. C.; orator, W. H. Williams, Griffin, Ga. Thus ended the commencement of 1883. It was a brilliant success in all respects. Among the other degrees conferred were that of the law school, which graduated this year: W. H. Williams, Richard Harris, Merton Wimberly, Clifford Anderson. The board of trustees elected to-day Rev. R. P. Hedden, of Cartersville, a member of the board, Vice Dr. Nicols, resigned, and elected professor of theology in Mercer. Joseph E. Brown, Jr., of Atlanta, was also elected a member, Vice Rev. G. A. Hornady, resigned. Mercer university has entered upon a new life of prosperity and advancement.

NUPTIALS IN MACON.

The Marriage of Mr. George Wadley and Miss Georgia Tracey.

Special to The Constitution.

MACON, Ga., June 27.—Christ church was ablaze to-night with the beauty and chivalry of Macon, to witness the nuptials of Mr. George Wadley to Miss Georgia Tracey, the most fashionable marriage of the season. The new church building looked beautiful. As the organ, played by Professor Czurda, peeled forth the gladsome march, the wedding party entered the church, and passed down the middle aisle in the following order, by couples: Ushers, Messrs. Campbell King and Tracy Baxter; Charlie Clarke and William Felton; Floyd Ross and Charlie Solomon, J. W. Chester and George Plant. There were only lady attendants, all attired in exquisitely made white silks: Misses Nettie Dunlap and Mary Ella Johnston; Minnie Wood and Lydia Wadley, of Augusta; Carrie Johnston and Jennie Hammond, of Atlanta. Following these came the bride, leaning on the arm of her uncle, Wm. B. Johnston. She was beautifully attired in white silk, duchesse lace, and bridal veil falling from a wealth of luxuriant black hair to the length of a long train. As the bridal party reached the chancel and took position before the preacher around the chancel, the groom with his brother, Loring Wadley, stepped from the vestry room, the groom joining the bride. The ceremony was beautifully performed by Rev. J. R. Winchester. All the responses were clearly made by the bride and groom. After the ceremony the bridal party went forth from the church, the bride and grrom leading, followed by Wm. B. Johnston and Loring Wadley, the attendants and ushers. A grand reception was given afterwards at the palatial residence of William B. Johnston, whose elegant rooms were thronged with the beauty and gallantry of the fair central city. Dancing was a prominent feature of the occasion, and largely indulged in by all present. At midnight a magnificent supper was served in a royal manner with princely hospitality. The sparkle of the champagne but reflected the brilliant beauty of the bride and its purity symbolized her many virtues. A gallant groom, chivalrous and true, has won a bride most fair.

CIRCULAR NO. 37.

OFFICE OF THE RAILROAD COMMISSION of GA,

ATLANTA, GA., June 27th, 1883.

JAMES M. SMITH, CAMPBELL WALLACE, L. N. TRAMMELL, } Commissioners.

LUMBER RATES BRUNSWICK AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

1—On and after Wedndesday, August 1st, 1883, on the railroad known to this Commission as the Brunswick and Western (formerly Brunswick and Albany) Railroad, no more than Class P. of the Commissioners' rates, less ten (10) per cent shall be the maximum rates of lumber hauled in any direction over said road.

2—The weight of a car load of lumber is 22,500 lbs.

3—Any avoidable failure on the part of this railroad in furnishing cars and transporting them, speedily, when loaded will be considered an evasion of this order.

4—The schedule of Millers' lumber rates for trains of not less than ten cars and for trains of not less than 15 cars, as provided and allowed in Circular No. 5, dated Atlanta, Ga., April 28th, 1880, is hereby repealed.

5—Printed tariffs of the rates required by this Circular must be furnished the Commissioners' office on or before the 20th of July, 1883.

JAMES M. SMITH, Chairman.

A. C. BRISCOE, Secretary.

CIRCULAR NO. 38.

OFFICE OF THE R. R. COMMISSION OF GA.,

ATLANTA, Ga.. June 27th, 1883.

JAMES M. SMITH, CAMPBELL WALLACE, L. N. TRAMMELL, } Commissioners.

CHANGE IN CLASSIFICATION.

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1ST, 1883, the following changes in the Commissioners' classification:

	CARRIER'S RISK.	RELEASED
Mowers, Reapers and Binders, knocked down and boxed—L. C. L.	2d Class.	4th Class.
Same, C. L. not less than 20,000 lbs.	4th Class.	6th Class.
Fish, pickled or salted, in kegs or kits	3d Class.	6th Class.
Trunks, single	1½ Class.	1
Trunks, in nests or filled with merchandise, crated or strapped	1st Class.	2d Class.

A. C. BRISCOE, Secretary. JAMES M. SMITH, Chairman.

CIRCULAR NO. 39.

OFFICE OF THE R. R. COMMISSION OF GA.

ATLANTA, GA., June 27th, 1883.

JAMES M. SMITH, CAMPBELL WALLACE, L. N. TRAMMELL, } Commissioners.

INCREASED FREIGHT DEPOT FACILITIES.

1—It is hereby ordered that each railroad company in this state at each and every freight station shall provide on or before the first day of September next ample and suitable depot or shed-room for the reception and protection from theft or damage by weather of all cotton or other articles of merchandise that may be offered them for immediate shipment over their respective roads.

2—Where depot room is not now sufficient to meet this requirement, cheaply constructed wooden sheds may be supplemented to fully protect the cotton or other merchandise stored from dampness by contact with the ground, sides or overhead.

3—Railroads are not required to receive cotton or other merchandise and warehouse the same unless the articles offered are in good shipping condition, well prepared by proper packing and intelligent, plain marking, and accompanied with orders for immediate shipment.

JAMES M. SMITH, Chairman.

A. C. BRISCOE, Secretary.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

WILLIAMS—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. H. L. and Mrs. Mary J. Williams are requested to attend the funeral of the latter this morning at 10 o'clock, from the residence, corner of Jones and Martin streets.

LAFONTAINE—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. LaFontaine are invited to attend the funeral of their infant daughter (Cora) from their residence, corner of Davis and Magazine streets, to-day at 4 o'clock p.m.

GARMONY—The friends and acquaintances of John S. Garmony and family are requested to attend the funeral of his only son, Charlie P. Garmony, from the residence, 205 Decatur street, to-day at 4 o'clock p.m.

AMUSEMENTS.

PICNIC.

TRINITY SUNDAY-SCHOOL WILL PICNIC TO

POWDER SPRINGS

Saturday, June 30th.

Train will leave at 8 a.m. and return at 6 p.m.

A DELIGHTFUL DAY

is anticipated. Fare for all over 12 years is 50 cents; for Children 25 cents.

FOURTH JULY

—AT—

CHATTANOOGA

THE WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD will sell Excursion Tickets from Atlanta to Chattanooga at

$3 ROUND TRIP.

Tickets will be good on trains leaving Atlanta 7:30 a.m., 2:35 p.m. and 11:40 p.m. July 3d, and on 7:30 a.m. train July 4th, good to return on any train on or before July 6th. B. W. WRENN, General Passenger Agent.

HO! FOR MOREHEAD CITY.

—THE—

GATE CITY GUARD EXCURSION,

ON JULY 14TH THE GATE CITY GUARD WILL leave for Morehead City, North Carolina. They will, through the liberality of the Richmond and Danville railroad, be enabled to sell excursion tickets to friends desiring to accompany them at the exceedingly low rate of $15.00 for the round trip. These tickets will be good to return for twenty days on any regular train. Children under six will be carried for nothing. Between six and twelve two on a ticket. Excursionists will be charged $2.00 per day at the Atlantic hotel. Board can be obtained elsewhere at from $1.00 to $1.50 per day. At Morehead City is to be had the finest fishing on the Atlantic coast, and probably in the world.

Sound bathing inside and outside of bath-houses within fifty feet of hotel Across the sound is to be had the finest surf bathing on the coast. The ball room at the Atlantic hotel is unsurpassed. The route passed over will be from Atlanta to Charlotte, Charlotte to Greensboro, Greensboro to Durham, Durham to Raleigh, Raleigh to Goldsboro, Goldsboro to Newberne, Newberne to Morehead City. Trains stop immediately in front of hotel. Pullman sleeper runs to Greensboro, where breakfast is had, covering the only night spent on the road. If enough berths are sold to warrant it, one will be carried to Morehead. Tickets can be had from any member of the Gate City Guard. Non-residents desiring to accompany the command will please address the undersigned. HENRY JACKSON, Captain Commanding Gate City Guard.

The Collegiate School

For Young Men and Boys, No. 52 W. Seventh street, formerly No. 6 W. Fourth Street, provides thorough courses in the **Classics, English, French and German: prepares for any American college or business.** The principal will take charge of a limited number of boarding pupils

WM. S. RIX, A. M., Principal,

we fr su CINCINNATI, OHIO.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

MARKHAM HOUSE AND

NEW HOLLAND SPRINGS, 1883.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE THE RATES AND terms for board at the Markham house and New Holland Springs will be the same. All parties who take board at New Holland will have the privilege of occupying rooms at the Markham when visiting Atlanta and remaining as long as they please, the rates being the same at both places.

Rates of Board $2.00 per day, $10.00 per week, or $35.00 per month. Special rates made with parties and families taking board for the summer. All bills payable weekly. All communications should be addressed to W. A. HUFF, Proprietor, Atlanta. HUGH L. PORTER, Manager New Holland Springs, Ga.

Thomas W. Sneed vs. Emeline Sneed. Libel for divorce in Fayette superior court, March term, 1883.

IT APPEARING TO THE COURT BY THE RETURN of the sheriff in the above stated case, that the defendant does not reside in the county of Fayette, and it further appearing to the court that said defendant does not reside in the state of Georgia, it is therefore ordered by the court that service be perfected on said defendant by the publication of this order once a month for four months, before the next term of this court, in The Atlanta Constitution, a newspaper published in Atlanta, Georgia. Granted. E. W. HAMMOND, Petitioner's Attorney. S. W. HARRIS, J. S. C. C. C.

A true extract of the minutes. A. E STOKES C. S. C.

GREAT BARGAINS

100

SILVER WATCHES,

WHICH WE OFFER FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS AT

UNPRECEDENTED

LOW PRICES

Sterling Silver Stem-Winding American Watches at

$12.00!

Key-Winders $8.00.

Sent C. O. D. to any part of the State.

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW

31 WHITEHALL ST.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

A SPLENDID FIVE ROOM RESIDENCE, 188 South Pryor street. Close in. Apply at 26 S. Broad street. J. B Goodwin

A LARGE COMMODIOUS BRICK HOUSE, WITH all modern improvements and cars passing door, No. 297 Whitehall street. Price $50 per month. Apply to W. H. Turner, 296 Whitehall street. †

NEW COTTAGES NEAR MARIETTA STREET 5, 4 and 3 rooms. Apply Hoke Smith's office, 6½ Whitehall street. tf

FOR RENT—Rooms.

TWO OR THREE PLEASANT CONNECTING rooms, unfurnished, 5 minutes walk from Depot on Peachtree street. Rent moderate to right party. Address Seymour, Constitution office.

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

3 CHOICE OFFICE SPACES; FIRST FLOOR, very central at No. 11 E. Alabama street. Apply to J. Robinson or Charles E. Robinson. sututh

A FIRST-CLASS BOARDING HOUSE FOR rent. Apply to James A. Watson, 22½ West Mitchell street. 6

WANTED—Boarders.

BOARDING—AN ELIGIBLE FRONT ROOM furnished; also first-class table board, can be obtained at No. 63 Washington street.

DECATUR HOTEL, 6 MILES FROM ATLANTA 5 minutes walk from depot, newly painted renovated, etc., and under new management, table first-class and charges moderate. Six trains each way per day and railroad fare less than one cent per mile. W. H. Hunter, Proprietor. tf

11TH STREET, 150 AND 152, WEST NEW York city. Southerners visiting the north can be accomodated with first-class board and elegant rooms at a reasonable price. Please call. su tu thu

FEATHERS.

WANTED—TO BUY 500 POUNDS SECOND-hand feathers. J. C. Fuller, dealer in groceries and stock feed. 67 Broad street. 1m

MEDICAL.

RUPTURES—RUPTURES CURED. I HAVE A salve that will cure the most aggravated case of rupture. Price 50 cents per box, $4 per dozen. If you are afflicted, try it; also a truss that will make the cure more rapid. Send 3 cent stamp. For further particulars address M. M. Turner, box 42, Atlanta, Ga th su tu 4w

WANTED—Partners.

PARTNER WITH $500 OR $1 000, BY A PRACtical manufacturer. Business well established, article as staple as flour. Paying handsome per centage. Address "Kompton," Constitution office. tu th

MONEY TO LOAN.

$9500 TO LOAN ON LONG TIME, ON first mortgage on central property. Interest 8 per cent. R. H. Knapp, 8 East Alabama street. ‡

FOR SALE—Horses, Carriages, Wagons.

A BARGAIN CAN BE HAD FOR THE NEXT few days in a nice baby carriage and crib. Both fine and good as new. Call at 90 Nelson street.

SPLENDID TOP BUGGY—SECOND HAND, BUT good as new, cheap for a few days, at Curtis & Weitzell, 89 Peachtree street.

WANTED—Money.

TO BORROW $250 FOR 12 MONTHS. WILL give 8 per cent interest and a commission. Security real estate. improved. Will sell for $2,500. Unincumbered. Perfect title. Address "Security," this office.

AUCTION SALES.

G. W. ADAIR, AUCTIONEER.

ATTENTION LADIES

HOUSEKEEPERS TAKE NOTICE!

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY

FINE FURNITURE!

CHEAP AT AUCTION!

ALL NEW. BOUGHT NOT OVER 30 DAYS ago. Sold because party is obliged to leave the city. One fine parlor suit, bedroom suits, one fine sideboard, one fine extension table, one fine set china and glassware, stove and kitchen furniture; in fact, everything that is needed in a house.

The sale will take place Friday next at 10 o'clock, at 23 E. Pine street, in one of Grant's cottages, about four doors from Peachtree.

N. R. FOWLER, AUCTIONEER.

THE "GRADY ESTATE,"

COMPOSED OF FORTY PIECES OF IMPROVED and unimproved property, will be sold at the Courthouse next Tuesday, commencing promptly at 10 a.m. This is beyond question an excellent opportunity to make solid, judicious investments. Plats showing the location of every piece can be had at the office of N. R. Fowler, 32 Broad street. See legal advertisement in Sunday's issue. S. T. GRADY, Administrator Estate Thos. F. Grady, deceased.

N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer.

That Valuable First-Class Two-Story Residence, No. 116 Pryor St., will be Sold

NEXT TUESDAY AFTERNOON

AT 2 O'CLOCK, ON THE PREMISES. THIS is a central and every way pleasant home. The furniture, crockery, glass and silverware, jewelry books, etc., etc., in the residence will be sold the same afternoon. The property is subject to your inspection any day during the week at 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. See legal advertisement in Tuesday's Constitution. JULIUS L. BROWN, Administrator estate Eliza J. Small, deceased.

AUCTION SALES—REAL ESTATE.

T. A. FRIERSON, Auctioneer,—BUENA Vista hill and Orchard place; 103 superb lots at auction to-day, June 28th, at three o'clock, Lovely Homes and Good Investments on Long Time.—I will sell on the premises to-day, June 28th, at 3 o'clock, 103 splendid vacant lots on Buena Vista hill and Orchard Place, just south of city limits, on the west side of Pryor street. The Buena Vista hill lots front Pryor street, Buena Vista avenue, Fortress avenue and McDaniel street, as per plat, and occupy the hill on which the old fort stood, which has been nicely graded and converted into beautiful, level lots. It is the highest ground about Atlanta, and commands a full, sweeping and grand view of the city and surrounding country for many miles, taking in Kennesaw, Lost, Stone and Blue Ridge mountains. From no other point can such a full, extended, sweeping and beautiful view be obtained, and nowhere else about Atlanta, though proverbially a city of beautiful eminences and lovely building sites, can such elevated, commanding, aired and tractive building lots be found. When the atmosphere is clear the view from Buena Vista Hill is truly sublime, and none who will take it in on a clear day, can fail to appreciate the situation and prize the lots highly as residence sites. Orchard Place is just south of Buena Vista Hill, and while the lots are not so elevated and commanding, they are as level and attractive as could be desired for homes, and no one who has passed by on Pryor or McDaniel Streets, or on the E. T., V. & G. R. R., could have failed to admire that beautiful, level plateau known as the "Old Orchard," through which the railroad runs. Every one who is acquainted with Atlanta property knows and has admired that ground, and it is now offered for the first time in lots to suit purchasers. The situation and surroundings of all this fine property are a guarantee of its present value and future enhancement, and no words from me are needed to impress and convince any sensible man who will go out and observe and think for himself. The railroad runs through it, giving choice and valuable fronts for manufacturing purposes. Nice streets run by and through, giving fine fronts and sites for homes. The great Oleomargerine works, the extensive new railroad shops, the Gate City planing mills and the Stewart mills are all near by, and many more establishments will soon go up along the railroad on and near the property, and thus its value will be steadily and rapidly enhanced. Two street car lines are projected to run by on either side, and perhaps immediately by on one side. The water main runs along the front, and by contract with the city, owners of the property have a right to use the water on same terms that city people use it. The entire vicinity is undergoing a change and building up rapidly with manufactories, dwellings and stores, and in a short time will teem with houses and people. Who can fail to foresee the heavy increase in value of all this highly favored property, and who, under such flattering prospects, can hesitate to invest in it? It is safe to buy, and will be profitable to turn or hold. The long time given on these fine lots will enable any one to secure a nice home, or an investment that will double in value before the last payment becomes due, and no one should neglect the opportunity, because another may not be offered. Free ride for all on special train which will start at three o'clock from the National Hotel. Nice, cold lemonade will be served on the ground. Titles indisputable. Terms one-fourth cash, one-fourth first of January, 1884, one-fourth first of January, 1885, one-fourth first of January, 1886, with eight per cent interest, payable annually. T A. Frierson, real estate agent, 10 Wall street.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION—TO-DAY AT 10 O'CLOCK, 5 NEW Chamber Suits, 50 Chairs, 2 good double wagons. F. M. Queen, Auctioneer, 90 South Broad.

DAILY SALES OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE 10 a.m.; Jewelry, Notions and Clothing, 7 p.m. No. 7 Kimball house. J. H. Gavan, Auctioneer. 3m

FOR SALE—Machinery.

A BARGAIN IN CIDER MILLS, CANE MILLS, Copper, Evaporators. Eagle Gins, Feed Cutters, Engines, Rutta Baga Turnip Seed now ready. Also, Crimson Annual Clover. Mark W. Johnson & Co., 27 Marietta street. †

A SIX HORSE POWER ENGINE AND BOILER, sound and good, will exchange for a pair of good mules and two horse wagon. Inquire of C. H Strong, at courthouse. tu th sa

HELP WANTED—Male

BY THE GEORGIA LAND AND LUMBER CO., a first-class sawyer. Apply to Camps, Telfair County, Ga.

A TEACHER THOROUGHLY COMPETENT TO take charge of the LaGrange Male High school, at the opening of the Fall Term. September 10th, 1883. Address J. T. Johnson, Secretary Board of Trustees. LaGrange, Ga., June 26th, 1883. tu thu su

TEACHER WANTED—THE PLACE OF PRESIdent of Butler Female College and Male Institute is now vacant. Applications for the position should be made at an early day, as the Fall Term will open about the first of September next, and the place must be filled previous to that time. None but experienced teachers need apply. Address James D. Russ, Secretary. Butler, Ga., June 26th, 1883 2w

WANTED—A BOY 15 or 16 YEARS OLD. APply at 49 Whitehall street.

HELP WANTED—Females.

A MIDDLE AGED WHITE WOMAN AS GENeral housekeeper. Also a No. 1 cook, white or colored. Apply by 12 o'clock to-day at 152 West Baker street.

LADY TEACHER FOR MATHEMATICS AND sciences, who can use laboratory. A large demand for teachers of all grades for Southern schools and colleges. Send for circulars. Give qualifications. Southern School Agency, 183½ Church st., Nashville, Tenn. †

SITUATIONS WANTED—Males.

POSITION AS TRAVELING SALESMAN. EXperienced. Satisfactory reference. Address T., Constitution office.

A FIRST-CLASS CIGAR SALESMAN TO travel on salary, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi and Florida with a full line of fine Cigars. One having an established trade preferred. References required. Address, Manufacturer, 32 N. Calvert street, Baltimore, Md. su th su

SITUATIONS FURNISHED TEACHERS. APplication form and copy of our "School Journal," sent for postage. Address, National School Supply Bureau, 85 Fith Av., Chicago, Ill. su tu th

A TEACHER, A GRADUATE OF THE UNIversity of this state, with several years experience as principal of high schools, and with the best of recommendations from trustees of his former positions, wants a position as principal in some high school or college in Georgia. Address "M" Athens, Ga. tf

SITUATIONS WANTED—Females.

A SITUATION AS WHITE NURSE FOR A family spending the summer at some watering place. Address R. Y., 78½ Whitehall street.

LADIES OR YOUNG MEN IN CITY OR COUNtry to take nice, light and pleasant work at their own homes; $2 to $5 a day easily and quietly made; work sent by mail; no canvassing; no stamp for reply. Please address Reliable Manufacturing Company, drawer TT, Philadelphia, Pa. tu th sa

SITUATION AS GOVERNESS OR TEACHER IN a school or seminary. English branches taught. Instrumental music on piano and organ a specialty. References given. Address F. A. M., 601 West Grace street, Richmond, Va. tu th sa

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

SCHOOL WANTED—A V. M. I. GRADUATE who has had some experience in teaching, and who is a journalist by profession, desires to secure a good school in a healthful town or village. Address Journalist, care this office.

THE OLD MEN WITH THEIR WIVES AND the young men with their sweethearts to visit Penna's ice cream saloon and restaurant, No. 4 Marietta street, in rear Ballard Bros' saloon. Newly and handsomely fitted up. Polite waiters. Best ice cream in Atlanta. Families supplied. tf

LADIES TO LEARN HOW TO CUT DRESSES, cloaks, children's clothes and gent's shirts by actual measure. Dress Maker's Magic Scale, 69½ Whitehall street, Atlanta. Agents wanted.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

CENTRAL STORE AT A BARGAIN—CALL ON L. C. Peers, 89 S. Broad st. This is gilt edge property and rents well. tth fri su

OVER 600 ACRES OF LAND HEAVILY TIMbered with long leaf pine, near Childersburg, Alabama. This is a fine location for mill or coaling. A. Murphy, Atlanta, Ga., June 26 1883. †

FOR SALE—Building Material.

ONE CAR LOAD N. M. B. ROCHELLE OCHRE and one car Lowe's Metallic Paint, in ton lots at less than cargo or manufacturers' prices. Duck & Co.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

SODA WATER FOUNTAIN; GENERATOR FIVE tanks, with apparatus for eight syrups, in good working order, for sale cheap. Address X. Y. Z., care of Constitution office.

FOR SALE CHEAP—JERSEY CATTLE, mules, wagons, harness, hogs, etc. Apply at once. Morris & Bro., 23 Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga. th su

FANCY CHICKENS FOR SALE—25 BROWN LEGhorn and Plymouth Cockrels, 50 cents to $1, each. One Plymouth Cock $1.50. Apply at 46 Marietta street.

A GOOD PIANO, CHEAP FOR CASH, OR LUMber taken in exchange. Apply to W. H. Turner, 296 Whitehall st. †

BANK
—OF THE—
STATE OF GEORGIA,
ATLANTA, GA.

CASH CAPITAL..........................$100,000.00
SURPLUS FUND..........................50,000.00
STOCKHOLDERS (with unincumbered property worth over a million dollars) Individually Liable.

JOHN H. JAMES, Banker, BUYS AND sells Bonds and Stocks, and pays at the rate of 4 per cent per annum on money.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, June 27, 1883.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Ga. 8s	104	109	Atlanta 7s	110	112
Ga. 6s	106	108	Atlanta 6s	102	105
Ga. 7s 1886	106	108	Augusta 7s	108	111
Ga. 7s, gold	113	115	Augusta 6s	101	108
Ga. 7s, 1896	122	125	Macon 6s	100	102
S. C. (Brown)	102	104	Rome, new	102	103
Savannah 5s	80	82	Columbus 5s	82	85
Atlanta 8s	116	118			

RAILROAD BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Ga. R. 7s	104	106	At. & Char. inc. 6s	60	68
Ga. R. 6s	107	108	Atlantic & G. con	108	110
W. & A. 10s	95	100	E. T., V. & G. inc. 6s	37	39
Cent. R. 7s	111	112			
C. C. & A. 1st	106	108			
At. & Char. 1st	102	104			

RAILROAD STOCKS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Georgia	145	147	Central	97	99
At. & Char.	62	64	Aug. & Sav.	115	117
Southwestern	114	116	At. & W. P.	105	107
South Car.	20	25	C. C. & A.	28	30

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK, June 27.—The stock market during the first part of the day was quiet and firm, with an advance in prices of ¼ to ⅞ per cent, Wabash preferred, and Chicago, Burlington and Quincy leading in the upward movement. Among other shares conspicuous for strength were St. Paul, Denver and Michigan Central, Canada Southern, and Louisville and Nashville. Shortly after 1 o'clock the bears made a sharp attack on Denver, prices breaking from 43⅛ to 41⅝. The sales were attributed to various operators, some saying they were for account of a leading trader now abroad, and others that they were made by the German element prominently identified with the company. This had an unsettling effect on the general list, but the decline was unimportant. In the last transactions Denver rallied to 62¾ and the other stocks improved slightly. Compared with Tuesday's closing, the active shares are ⅛ to ½ per cent lower. Lackawanna is ⅜ per cent, and Northwest preferred ¾ higher. In specialties, Alton and Terre Haute common declined 1½ per cent to 81½, Richmond and West Point terminal 1⅜ to 31⅛, Richmond and Danvill 1¼ to 59½, Colorado coal 1 to 30, American Cable 1 to 68, Manhattan Elevated ⅛ to 49, Metropolitan Elevated 1 to 89, and Mobile and Ohio 1 to 15. Cleveland, Cincinnati, Columbus and Indianapolis rose 1 per cent to 74, and Manitoba 1⅛ to 124⅜. New Jersey Central New York Central and Michigan Central continued scarce and commanded ¼ to ⅜ per cent for use to-day. Transactions 167,800 shares.

[illegible] Exchange 4.84½. Governments strong; new 5s 103⅜ bid; 4½s 112¾; 4s 120; 3s 105. Money 3@2. State bonds firm. Sub-treasury balances: Coin 114,972,000; currency 8,493,000.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5	83⅞	Manhattan Ele	48
do. Class A small	†85	Memphis & Char'n	42
Ala. Class B 5s	†102	Metropolitan Ele	90¼
do. Class C 4s	†84½	Michigan Central	95
Georgia 6s	†105½	Mobile & Ohio	15
Georgia 7s mort'ge	107	N C & St L	56½
Georgia do gold	†113½	New Jersey Central	85⅞
Louisiana consols	65	N. O. Pac. 1st mort	89¼
North Carolina old	30	N Y Central	118¾
North Carolina new	†16	N Y Elevated	95
do. funding	10	Norfolk & W'n pre	41
do. special tax	5	Northern Pac. com	51
S C con brown	104	do. preferred	88⅞
Tennessee 6s	†39	Ohio & Miss	35
Tennessee new	39½	do preferred	118
Virginia 6s	†36	Pacific Mail	41¼
Virginia consols	39½	Pittsb'g F W & C	133
Virginia deferred	9	Quicksilver	7½
Adams Express	129	do preferred	36
American Mer Ex	89	Reading	57¼
Chesap'ke & Ohio	19¼	Rich & Alleghany	4¾
Chicago & Alton	133	Richmond & Dan	59¼
Chicago & N W	132	Rich & W Pt Term	31
do preferred	150¼	Rock Island	124
C St L & N O	78	St L & San Fran	33
Consolidated Coal	21	do preferred	56½
Del., Lack & West	127⅜	do first preferred	95
Den. & Rio Grande	42⅛	St Paul	108⅞
Erie	36¾	do preferred	119½
East Tenn railroad	8½	Texas Pacific	37
Fort Wayne	131	Union Pacific	93¾
Hannibal & St Joe	‡42	United States Ex	62
Harlem	195	Wab St L & Pacific	28⅝
Houston & Texas	70	do preferred	42⅝
Illinois Central	132	Wells & Fargo	126
Lake Shore	109⅝	Western Union	85¼
L & N	51½		

†Bid. §Ex-dividend *Offered ‡Asked

THE COTTON MARKET

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, June 27, 1883.

New York—Futures quiet and steady and closed without quotable change. Spots dull and lower; middling 10⅝c.

Net receipts for four days 7,760 bales against 5,558 bales last year; exports 19,211 bales; last year 32,693 bales; stock 404,657 bales; last year 320,494 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures to-day:

OPENED.		CLOSED.	
June	10 35@......	June	10 35@......
July	10 37@10 38	July	10 36@....
August	10 46@10 48	August	10 46@10 47
September	10 22@10 23	September	10 23@10 24
October	9 96@9 97	October	9 95@9 96
November	9 87@9 88	November	9 86@9 87
December	9 88@9 90	December	9 88@9 89
January	9 97@9 98	January	9 95@9 96
February	10 07@10 10	February	10 05@10 07
March	10 17@10 19	March	10 16@10 17

Closed quiet; sales 65,000 bales.

Liverpool—Futures closed easy. Spots Uplands 5 11-16d; Orleans 5 13-16d; sales 8,000 bales, of which 6,500 bales were American; receipts 480; American 480.

Local market dull and otherwise unchanged for spots. We quote: Good middling 10¼c; middling 9¾c; strict low middling 9⅝c; low middling 9½c; strict good ordinary 9⅛c; good ordinary 8½c; ordinary 7½c; tinges 9¼c; stains 6@8¼c.

NEW YORK, June 27—The Post's cotton market report says: "Future deliveries closed steady, July 2-100 and the balance 1-100 lower than yesterday."

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, June 27—noon—Cotton tending down; middling uplands 5 11-16; middling Orleans 5 13-16; sales 8,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 480; all American; uplands low middling clause June and July delivery 5 42-64; July and August delivery 5 43-64; August and September delivery 5 48-64; September and October delivery 5 46-64; October and November delivery 5 41-64; futures opened quiet.

LIVERPOOL, June 27—1:30 p. m.—Sales of American 6,500; uplands low middling clause November delivery 5 39-64.

LIVERPOOL, June 27—1:30 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause August and September delivery 5 47-64.

LIVERPOOL, June 27—4:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause July and August delivery 5 42-64; September and October delivery 5 45-64; futures closed easy.

NEW YORK, June 27—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 10⅝; middling Orleans 10⅝; sales 284 bales; net receipts 95; gross 5,130; consolidated net receipts 1,837; exports to Great Britain 3,650; to continent 500.

GALVESTON, June 27—Cotton firm; middling 9⅞; low middling 9⅜; good ordinary 8¾; net receipts 925 bales; gross 925; sales 632; stock 11,982; exports coastwise 3,557.

NORFOLK, June 27—Cotton dull and nominal; middling 10; net receipts 168 bales; gross 163; stock 22,751; sales 185; exports coastwise 21.

BALTIMORE, June 27—Cotton very dull; middling 10¼; low middling 9 13-16; good ordinary 8⅝; net receipts none; gross A; sales none; stock 18,662 bales; sales to spinners —.

BOSTON, June 27—Cotton steady; middling 10⅝; low middling 10⅛; good ordinary 9; net receipts 59 bales; gross 67; sales none; stock 7,080; exports to Great Britain 1,170.

WILMINGTON, June 27—Cotton steady; middling 9¾; low middling 9¼; good ordinary 8 1-16; net receipts 3 bales; gross 3; sales none; stock 1,331.

PHILADELPHIA, June 27—Cotton dull; middling 10¾; low middling 10⅜; good ordinary 9⅛; net receipts none; gross 195 bales; stock 6,404; exports to Great Britain 1,715.

SAVANNAH, June 27—Cotton dull; middling 9⅞; low middling 9⅝; good ordinary 8½; net receipts 200 bales; gross 200; sales 25; stock 3,773; exports coastwise 150.

NEW ORLEANS, June 27—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 9 15-16; low middling 9⅛; good ordinary 8 11-16; net receipts 259 bales; gross 625; sales 2,000; stock 102,721; exports coastwise 2,827.

MOBILE, June 27—Cotton dull and easy; middling 9¾; good middling 9⅝; good ordinary 9; net receipts 9 bales; gross 13; sales 200; stock 8,931.

MEMPHIS, June 27—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 9¾; good middling 9¼; good ordinary 8⅝; net receipts 32 bales; gross —; shipments 822; sales 400; stock 21,505; sales to spinners —.

AUGUSTA, June 27—Cotton dull; middling 9⅝; low middling 9⅜; good ordinary none; net receipts 24 bales; shipments none; sales 76.

CHARLESTON, June 27—Cotton quiet; middling 10; low middling 9⅜; good ordinary 9¼; net receipts 120 bales; gross 120; sales 20; stock 3,834.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, June 27, 1883.

The following quotations indicate the fluctuation on the Chicago board of trade to-day:

WHEAT.

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
July	1 03⅝	1 03⅝	1 01¼	1 02
August	1 05⅝	1 05⅝	1 03¼	1 04

PORK.

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
July	16 67½	16 67½	16 25	16 32½
August	16 90	16 90	16 45	16 47½

CLEAR RIB SIDES.

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
July	8 32½	8 37½	8 10	8 17½
August	8 47½	8 47½	8 20	8 27½

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, June 27—Flour—Market steady; patent process $7.25@$7.75; fancy $6.75; choice $6.50; extra family $6.25; family $5.75; superfine $5.25. Wheat—Chicago—There was a shade better feeling at the opening this morning, though the tendency of quotations during the day was to lower prices—the bottom being reached before the close. The close, however, developed a partial recovery of the feeling, and a move upwards was reported; June $1.01½, July $1.02, August $1.04. The local wheat market is quiet with a tendency to lower prices; No. 2 western old $1.30; Georgia No. 2, new, $1.15@$1.20; best $1.25. Corn—Quiet and steady; car lots 66@67; smaller quantities 68@70c. Meal 65@65c. Oats—55@60c. Wheat Bran—$1.05. Grits—$4.00 ⅌ barrel.

BALTIMORE, June 27—Flour very dull; Howard street and western superfine $3.25@$4.00; extra $4.25@$5.00; family $5.25@$6.25; city mills superfine $3.25@$4.00; extra $4.25@$5.50; Rio brands $6.00@$6.25; Patapsco family $6.75. Wheat, southern quiet with a light supply; western about steady and active; southern red $1.14@$1.17; amber, new, $1.20@$1.25; old $1.17@$1.20; No. 1 Maryland $1.18½@$1.19; No. 2 western winter red spot $1.15@$1.15⅛. Corn, southern nominal in the absence of receipts; western lower and dull; southern white 58@60; yellow 60@62. Oats dull and lower; southern 43; western white 45@46; mixed 42@44; Pennsylvania 42@46.

CHICAGO, June 27—Flour unchanged; common to choice spring $3.50@$5.00; Minnesota $3.50@$4.25; bakers $4.25@$5.75; patents $6.00@$7.50; winter wheat $4.00@$6.25. Wheat, regular in fair demand and unsettled, closing nominally unchanged; $1.01¼ June; No. 2 Chicago spring $1.01@$1.01¼; No. 3 do. 85; No. 2 red winter $1.06@$1.07. Corn unsettled but generally higher; No. 2 53¼ cash and June. Oats unsettled and generally lower; 32¾ cash and June.

NEW YORK, June 27—Flour, southern unchanged; common to fair extra $4.20@$5.10; good to choice $5.15@$6.75. Wheat, cash lots about 1c higher and firm; No. 2 spring nominal; ungraded red $1.02@$1.18; do. white $1.01@$1.12; No. 2 red June $1.14⅛, closing at $1.14¼. Corn, cash grades 1@2c higher; ungraded 49½@61½; No. 2 spot 62@62½; July 61⅜. Oats, cash firmer; No. 2 39¼@39½. Hops unchanged; state 40@45.

ST. LOUIS, June 27—Flour very dull and easy; family $4.75@$4.90, fancy $5.50@$6.20. Wheat opened higher but declined and closed lower; No. 2 red fall $1.09@$1.09½ cash; $1.19⅛@$1.10½ July; No. 3 red fall $1.01 bid. Corn opened higher but closed lower; No. 2 mixed 46½ cash and bid June. Oats lower; 32½ cash; 32⅛ June.

LOUISVILLE, June 27—Flour firm; extra family $4.00@$4.25; high grades $6.25@$6.75. Wheat dull and lower; No. 2 red winter $1.02@$1.05. Corn dull; No. 2 white 54; No. 2 mixed 53. Oats dull and lower; mixed western 36@36¼.

CINCINNATI, June 27—Flour nominally unchanged; family $4.58; fancy $5.25@$5.75. Wheat easier; No. 2 red winter $1.08 cash; $1.07⅛ July. Corn in fair demand at 52 spot; 52¾ July. Oats dull and drooping at 37 spot.

Miscellaneous.

ATLANTA, June 27—Lime—Market firm but steady. In car load lots, free on cars in Atlanta, $1.00; less than car-loads $1.10; Rosendale cement $2.50 ⅌ bbl or 300lbs neat; Louisville cement, car-load lots, $1.75; less than car-load $1.25@$2.50; Portland cement, car-load lots, $4.7[illegible]; less than car-load $5.00; Howard cement car lots $1.35; do. retail $1.75; plaster-of-paris ("calcined,") car-load lots, $2.50; in smaller quantities $2.75@$3.00; land plaster ("new fertilizer") car-load lots $2.50 ⅌ bbl; less than car-load $2.75@$3.00; marble dust in lots [illegible] bbl.

ATLANTA June 27—Leather—The market while unchanged in prices, is firmer. The tone of the market presents a healthy appearance for both hides and leather, and there is a strong upward tendency in quotations. Manufacturers of shoes are now actively engaged on fall orders, which thus far shows considerable increase over the same time last year and the year previous. Local trade is quiet; we quote good damaged No. 1, 25; do. No. 2, 22@24; good stamp 28; medium good stamp 27; S. W. good stamp 26; whiteoak sole 38@42; harness 25@40.

ATLANTA, June 27—Paper—Trade is active; prices steady. Manilla No. 1 10@12c ⅌ lb; No. 2 7½@8c ⅌ lb; No. 3 6½@7c ⅌ lb, good wrapping 4@6c ⅌ lb; straw 3½@3¾c ⅌ lb; burlap bags, 2 bushels, 8⅛@9½c; second-hand 5@7¼c; ran bags 11½@14½c.

ATLANTA, June 27—Plastering Hair—Active; Georgia 20@25c ⅌ bushel; western 25@30c; laths car-load, $2.50 ⅌ M; less quantities $2.75 ⅌ M.

ATLANTA, June 27—Hides—Dry flint 12@12½; dry salt 10@11; wet salted 6½. Season is about over for fur skins, hence no demand.

ATLANTA, June 27—Wool—In fair demand; washed 28@33; unwashed 20@23; burry 10@15.

ATLANTA, June 27—Salt—Ground Liverpool $1.10; Virginia $1.10@$1.25.

ATLANTA, June 27—Hay—Choice timothy $2.00 per ton; prime do. $19.00.

ATLANTA, June 27—Tallow—5@6; demand fair.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, June 27—The grocery trade for several days has been reasonably active, and business has improved. Mackerel is scarce, especially Nos. 1 and 2. The introduction of the new crops having a depressing effect on prices, and all old stock is rapidly declining. Coffee—Rio 9@11½c; old government Java 22@28. Sugars—Steady; standard A 9⅛@9¾; granulated 9⅜@9⅞; cut loaf 10; powdered 10, white extra C 9¼; yellow C 8½@8⅝; other goods remain steady; very little New Orleans sugars on the market now; browns 8; clarified 8½@8¾, whites 9@9½. Molasses—Black strap 27½ in barrels. Syrup—Choice 60; strictly prime 55@58; prime 50@52; commons 40@45. Teas—Black 40@60; green 40@60; nutmegs $1.15; cloves 35; allspice 18; cinnamon 25; saigon 60; African ginger 1[illegible]; mace $1.25; pepper 18. Crackers—milk 8½c; Boston butter 8c; pearl oyster 8c; X soda 6c; XX do. 5½c; XXX do. 6½; XX cream 9c; lemon 9½c, ginger cakes 9; snaps 8½c. Candy—Assorted stick 11¾c. Mackerel—No. 3 bbls $9.00; ½ bbls $4.25; kits 75; No. 2 ½ bbls $5.00; kits 85; No. 1 kits $1.00. Soap—$2.50@$7.00 ⅌ 100 cakes. Candles—Full weight 15½. Matches—$3.25. Soda, in kegs, 4@4½c; in boxes 5½. Rice—7c.

NEW YORK, June 27—Coffee, spot unchanged; Rio No. 7 June 7.40; spot 7.40. Sugar fairly active and steady; Porto Rico 6⅝; Santiago 7⅝@7¾; Anligna and Trinidad 6⅝; Jamaica 6 9-16; Barbadoes 6⅝; Cuba 6¾; centrifugal; [illegible] freight; fair to good refining 6¾@6⅞; refined [illegible] 7¼@7⅜; extra C 7⅛@7⅝; white extra C [illegible] yellow do. 7@7⅛; yellow 6⅛@6¾; off A 7⅞@8; confectioners A 8 7-16; standard 8¼@8⅜; [illegible] 9⅛; crushed 9⅜; powdered 9⅛@9⅜; mould A 8⅞; granulated 8 13-16; Cubes 8¾@9. Molasses steady Cuba, 30@26½; New Orleans 30@58. Rice steady and in fair demand; patna 5⅜; Java 5⅞, duty paid; domestic 5⅛@7½.

BALTIMORE, June 27—Coffee firmer for spot; Rio cargoes ordinary to fair 8½@9¼. Sugar steady; A soft 8¾.

CINCINNATI, June 27—Sugar firmer; hard refined 9¼@9¾; New Orleans 6¼@6¾.

Provisions.

ATLANTA, June 27—There was a ripple of improvement in the tone of the market to-day; we quote clear rib sides, car lots 9¼c; box lots 9⅝c 30 days time; clear sides same as clear rib sides. Bacon—Sugar-cured hams 13¾. Lard—Tierces, refined, 10¾@11c 30 days; tierces, leaf 12½; cans, 50 lbs, ½c above tierce prices; tubs, 50 lbs, ⅜c above; tin pails, 10 lbs, ½c above; tin pails, 5 lbs, ⅝c above; tin pails, 3 lbs, ¾c above.

NEW YORK, June 27—Pork dull, unsettled and declining; new mess spot $16.2; options neglected. Middles dull and depressed; long clear 9¼. Lard opened 5@8 points higher but subsequently reacted 20@23 points, closing stronger again; prime steam spot 9.60@10.00; June 9.55@9.75.

LOUISVILLE, June 27—Provisions inactive and lower; new mess pork $8.00. Bulk meats, shoulders 6¾; clear ribs 8¾; clear sides 9¼. Bacon, shoulders 7⅝; clear rib 9½; clear sides 10⅛; hams, sugar-cured 13. Lard, choice kettle rendered 12.

BALTIMORE, June 27—Provisions steady with a fair jobbing trade. Mess pork $19.50. Bulk meats loose shoulders and clear rib sides packed 8⅛@10⅝. Bacon, shoulders 9¼; clear rib sides 11⅜; hams 15@16. Lard refined 11¾.

CHICAGO, June 27—Pork unsettled, weak and lower; $16.30@$16.[illegible] cash and June. Lard active but lower; 9.20@9[illegible] cash and June. Bulk meats in fair demand; shoulders 7[illegible]; short ribs 8.40; short clear 8.85.

ST. LOUIS, June 27—Pork lower; jobbing at $17.25. Bulk meats and bacon very dull with only a small peddling trade done. Lard nominal.

CINCINNATI, June 27—Pork, lard and bulk meats dull and [illegible]. Bacon lower; shoulders 7¾; clear [illegible] sides [illegible].

Wines, Liquor, Etc.

ATLANTA, June 27—Market steady. Corn whisky, rectified, $1.00@$1.40; rye, rectified $1.10@$1.60; rye and Bourbon medium $1.50@$2.00; rum rectified $1.25@$1.75; New England $1.75@$2.50; St. Croix $4.00; Jamaica $3.50@$4.50; gin, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $3.00@$4.50; Cognac brandy, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $5.00@$8.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, $1.75; apple and peach brandy $2.00@$3.00; cherry and ginger brandy $1.00@$1.50; port wine $1.50@$3.00 owing to quality; sherry $1.50@$3.00; catawba $1.25@$1.75; scuppernong $1.00@$1.25.

BALTIMORE, June 27—Whisky steady and quiet at $1.16½@$1.17.

CHICAGO, June 27—Whisky unchanged at $1.16.

CINCINNATI, June 27—Whisky steady at $1.13.

LOUISVILLE, June 27—Whisky quiet at $1.13.

ST. LOUIS, June 27—Whisky steady at $1.14.

Naval Stores.

SAVANNAH, June 27—Rosin opened dull for all grades and closed dull for sales declined 10c in window glass and 5c in M; medium firm; strained quiet at a decline of 5c in A, B, C and D and 2 in E; sales 425 barrels; turpentine opened dull; regulars 31; closed firm at 33½ bid but held higher; no sales.

WILMINGTON, June 27—Spirits turpentine firm at 34; rosin, strained dull at $1.2[illegible]; good strained firm at $1.25; tar firm at $1.50; crude turpentine steady at $1.25 for hard; $2.00 for yellow dip and virgin.

CHARLESTON, June 27—Spirit turpentine quiet at 33½ bid; rosin steady; strained to good strained $1.30@$1.35.

NEW YORK, June 27—Rosin unchanged at $1.60@$1.67½; turpentine steady at 37.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, June 27—There is a good stock of butter and chickens on the market. Eggs in good demand at 15@16c. Butter—Strictly choice 18c; other grades 12@16c. Poultry Hens 30@33c; cocks 25c; chickens, large 20@25c; medium 12½@18c; small 8@10c. Irish Potatoes—$1.75@$2.00 ⅌ barrel. Sweet Potatoes—65@75c ⅌ bu. Dried Fruit—Peaches—Peeled 10@16c; unpeeled 4c; apples 4c. Wax—20c. Onions—$2.00@$2.50 ⅌ barrel. Cabbage—No sale. Feathers—Choice 55; prime 47½@50. Cheese—Best 14½.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, June 27—We quote: Horses—Plug in fair demand at $80@$175, owing to quality; combination dull at $150@$175; saddle $125@$150. Mules—14-hands $90@$100; 14½-hands $110@$115; 15-hands $120@$125.

CINCINNATI, June 27—Hogs stronger; common and light $5@$6.40; packing and butchers $6.00@$6.60.

P. J. FALLON,
MASON AND BUILDER.
BRICK AND FRAME BUILDINGS ERECTED.
SEWERS AND DRAIN PIPES LAID.
ALL WORK PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
Orders left at 8 East Alabama or 27½ Whitehall St.

THE BEST COAL CREEK
COAL.
BY THE CAR-LOAD DELIVERED IN ANY part of the city.
Dealers and Manufacturers supplied at Mine Prices Direct from the mines.
E. P. MILLER,
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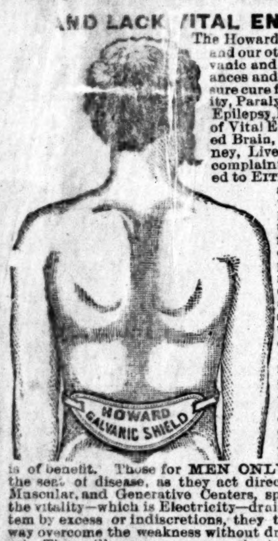
Office Atlanta Transfer Co,
172 West Peters street

NOTICE.

WILL BE SOLD AT THE POUND OF WEST End on Friday, the 29th of June, at twelve o'clock m., if not redeemed before, one milch cow. Description color brindle, no horns, both ears cropped, white spot in forehead; some white underneath. June 26th, 1883.

S. L. McCLANAHAN, Marshal West End.

ARE YOU NERVOUS
AND LACK VITAL ENERGY?



The Howard Galvanic Shield and our other Electro Galvanic and Magnetic Appliances and Garments are a sure cure for Nervous Debility, Paralysis, Rheumatism Epilepsy, Exhaustion, Loss of Vital Energy, Overworked Brain, Weak Back, Kidney, Liver, and Stomach complaints, and are adapted to EITHER SEX. These appliances are the very latest improved, and entirely different from belts and all others, as they positively generate continuous currents without acids, causing no sores, nor irritation of the skin—can be worn at work as well as rest—only noticeable to wearer. Power regulated to meet the different stages of all diseases where Electric and Magnetic treatment is of benefit. Those for MEN ONLY at once reach the seat of disease, as they act direct upon Nervous, Muscular, and Generative Centers, speedily restoring the vitality—which is Electricity—drained from the system by excess or indiscretions, they thus in a natural way overcome the weakness without drugging the stomach. They will cure every case short of structural degeneration, and we are prepared to furnish the most emphatic and absolute proof to support our claims. Illustrated Pamphlet Free, or sent sealed for 6c postage. Consultation Free & Invited.

AMERICAN GALVANIC CO.
312 N. 6th St., St. Louis, Mo.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned, until 12 m., July 2d, 1883, for the erection of the Baptist church building in Newnan, Ga. The plans and specifications can be seen at my office in Newnan, Georgia, and also at the office of Bruce & Morgan, architects, Atlanta, Ga.

The committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Should any bid be accepted, the contractor making such bid will be required to give bond and security in the sum of twenty thousand dollars for the faithful performance of his contract.

A. D. FREEMAN,
Chairman Building Committee.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

BIDS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE Agricultural College building at Lake City will be received by the Trustees for thirty days from the date of this notice. Plan and specifications of said building may be seen at the office of Ellis & McClure, Jacksonville, Fla.

Sealed bids should be directed to the Treasurer at Tallahassee.

Tallahassee, Fla., June 22, 1883.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, S. S.—TO THE Superior court of said county: The petition of Geo. [illegible] Ogletree, A Haas, W. L. Abbott, R. M. Farrar and H. A. Smith respectfully shows that they have associated themselves together for the purpose of engaging in the manufacture and sale of cotton and woolen mill machinery and supplies under the name of "The H. A. Smith Manufacturing company." The principal office of said company and the place of doing business to be in said county. They propose to employ a capital stock of ten thousand dollars, to be divided into shares of $100 each, fifty per cent of which has been paid in; the capital stock to be increased to fifty thousand dollars should it be deemed advisable. They desire corporate authority under said name to purchase, hold and enjoy all property, both real and personal, and make all contracts necessary to carry out the objects of said association, and that authority may be conferred on them to make such by-laws for the government of said association as they may see proper. Wherefore they pray that they, their associates and successors may be incorporated under the name aforesaid for the full term of twenty years, with the privilege of renewal, with all the powers hereinbefore named, and such other powers as are incident to corporations under the laws of said state.

ABBOTT & GRAY,
Attorneys for petitioners.

Filed in office June, 13th, 1883.

C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

A true extract from the minutes of Fulton Superior court. June 13th, 1883.

C. H. STRONG,
Clerk superior court.

G
Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture.
Manufactured only by
JASON S. EVANS & CO.
CINCINNATI, O.
Sold by all Druggists

LOTTERIES.

The Public is requested carefully to notice the new and enlarged Scheme to be drawn Monthly.

CAPITAL PRIZE $75,000.

Tickets Only $5. Shares in proportion.

L.S.L.
Louisiana State Lottery Co.

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard
J. A. Early
Commissioners.

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of $1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over $550,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A.D., 1879.

The only Lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of any State.

It never scales or postpones.

ITS GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DRAWINGS take place monthly.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. SEVENTH GRAND DRAWING, CLASS G AT NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, July 10 1883—158th Monthly Drawing.

CAPITAL PRIZE, $75,000

100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each. Fractions, in Fifths in proportion.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1	CAPITAL PRIZE		$75,000
1	do	do	25,000
1	do	do	10,000
2	PRIZES OF	$6000	12,000
5	do	2000	10,000
10	do	1000	10,000
20	do	500	10,000
100	do	200	20,000
300	do	100	30,000
500	do	50	25,000
1,000	do	25	25,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9	Approximation Prizes of	$750	6,750
9	do do	500	4,500
9	do do	250	2,250

1,967 Prizes, amounting to.....$265,500

Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the Company in New Orleans.

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M. A. DAUPHIN,
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SMITH'S
EXTRACT OF MAY FLOWER,
The Cap Sheaf of the Chemist's Skill.
The Great Remedy for all Diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys.

This Remedy has stood the test of time, has been weighed in the scales of public opinion, and to-day has an army of men, women and children, who over their own signatures bear testimony to its curative properties. Some have been cured of Diabetes, some of Bright's Disease, some of Inflammation of the Bladder, some of Catarrh of the Bladder, some of Incontinence of the Urine, some of Leucorrhœa, or Whites, some of pains in the Back and Loins, some of diseases of the Prostate Gland.

For all Diseases arising from a diseased state of the Bladder and Kidneys, this Remedy stands without a rival.

Without a rival in the number of cures effected; without a rival in the purity of its composition; without a rival in number of bottles sold. The annual sale of Smith's Extract of May Flower exceeds the sales of all other Kidney Remedies combined.

DR. ELI IVES, says: "That in many aggravated cases, where Buchu had failed to produce any benefit, May Flower has effected a speedy cure."

DR. J. H. BIRD, says: "I have found May Flower to be a remedy for all Kidney complaints, far superior to Buchu or Juniper."

DR. H. F. MARTIN, says: "May Flower acts more promptly in all diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys than any remedy which has come under my notice."

DR. BENJ. H. LONG, says: "I have found May Flower exceedingly beneficial in my treatment of females."

DR. VINC. D. HUYVETTER, says: "Without doubt May Flower is destined to work a revolution in the treatment of diseases peculiar to the urinary organs."

DR. KING, in compiling his dispensatory, has paid a merited tribute to this remedy. See page 396 King's Dispensatory.

A number of authorities might be quoted, but there are none more eminent than the names above. In addition to these authorities, a living host of 60,000, whose certificates are on file in the office of the proprietors of this remedy, bear testimony to its virtues.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Manufactured only by S. B. SMITH & BRO., Covington, Ky.

If you are afflicted, send your address to S. B. Smith & Bro., Covington, Ky., for a treatise on Diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys.

Valuable Factory For Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF THE POWER VESTED IN ME by mortgages executed by Daniel A. Jewell on the 13th day of January, 1881, and the 4th day of May, 1882, both mortgages recorded in the clerk's office of Warren superior court, the first in deed book, "D. D," pages 191 and 192 on the 4th day of February, 1882, and the second in deed book, "D. D," page 170 on the 4th day of May, 1882, I will on Tuesday, the 10th day of July, 1883, before the courthouse door in Warrenton, Warren county, Georgia, expose to public sale to the highest bidder for cash in hand; All that tract or parcel of land with the factory and other buildings upon the same, lying on the east side of the Ogeechee river, in the town of Jewell's Mills, and bounded as follows: on the north, east and south by lands of Adam Cason, A. R. Cason and A. T. Cason, and on the west by the Ogeechee river, and containing thirty-one acres, more or less, with all the rights, members, easements, appurtenances to said described premises, in anywise appertaining or belonging, the factory located upon said land, being what is known as "Jewell's factory," said premises to be sold subject to a claim in favor of Woodward, Baldwin & Co., of New York, evidenced by an instrument dated January 17th, 1878, and recorded in the clerk's office of Warren superior court, in deed book "C. C," pages 227 and 228 on January 31st, 1878, upon which there is alleged to be due ten thousand dollars. Also, at the same time and place, free from any incumbrances whatever, all the machinery of every value, kind and description, used in and about said "Jewell's factory." Said property will be sold to pay the debts and interest secured by said mortgages and all costs, there being unpaid upon said debt of principal and interest on April 25th, 1883, the sum of thirty five thousand six hundred and six dollars and fifty-eight cents.

ADAM CASON.

May 15th, 1883.

Parties desiring further particulars about this valuable property can obtain the desired information by addressing me or my attorney, James Whitehead, Esq., of Warrenton, Ga.

ADAM CASON

PRESTON, KEAN & CO
BANKERS,
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Accounts of Bankers, Merchants, and others received.
Buy and sell Foreign Exchange, both bankers and documentary, on principal European cities.
Travelers' and Merchants' Letters of Credit issued.
Bonds, including Government, State and Municipal, bought and sold.
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DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC
PURIFIES THE BLOOD

A combination of Protoxide of Iron, Peruvian Bark and Phosphorus in a palatable form. For Debility, Loss of Appetite, Prostration of Vital Powers it is indispensable.

REV. A. HOBBS Writes:— After a thorough trial of the IRON TONIC, I take pleasure in stating that I have been greatly benefited by its use. Ministers and Public Speakers will find it of the greatest value where a Tonic is necessary. I recommend it as a reliable remedial agent, possessing undoubted nutritive and restorative properties. Louisville, Ky., Oct. 2, 1882.

REV. J. L. TOWNER, Industry, Ill., says:— "I consider it a most excellent remedy for the debilitated vital forces."

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PELLEGRINI & CASTLEBERRY,
SOUTHERN
TERRA COTTA
—AND—
ARTIFICIAL STONE WORKS,
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Manufacturers of Capitals, Brackets, Window Caps, Chimney Tops, Flower Pots, Vases, Fountain and Rustic Work, Vitrified Stone Sewer Pipe, Ornamental Plaster Center Pieces, Etc. Also manufacture Artificial Stone for building purposes. FIRE BRICK A SPECIALTY.

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COTTON PRESSES, BELTING, OILS, MACHINISTS' SUPPLIES,
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BROWN COTTON GIN,
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WHEAT & HODGE MAN'FG CO
INVENTORS AND DEALERS IN
WOOD WORKING MACHINERY.
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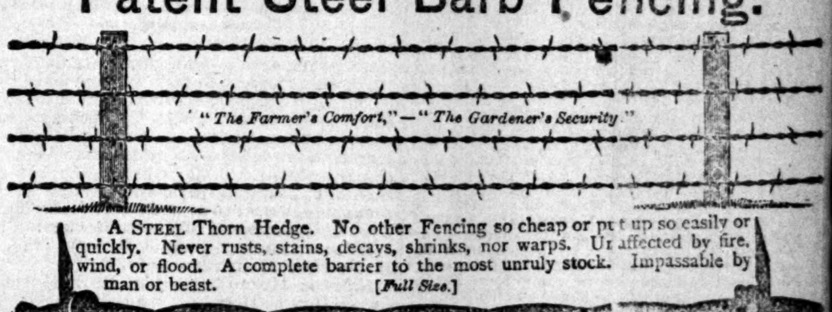
Planers and Matchers, Hand Jointers, Moulders and Friezers, Spoke and Handle Machines, Saws and Saw Machines of every style. Machines for special work made to order.

Our improved Rip and Re-Saw as lately improved, has no equal for general ripping, straight or bevel re-sawing, edging and laths. Our self-feed shingle machine works rapidly and makes a superior shingle. Our circular saws are extra heavy and warranted. We sell the "Gandy Patent" Belting, which is equal to leather and costs less. We buy and sell second hand machines, and deal in wood and iron. Machines for sale, both second-hand and new. Send for prices. Office and Factory 361 to 373 Marietta street Atlanta, Georgia.

Patent Steel Barb Fencing.



A Steel Thorn Hedge. No other Fencing so cheap or put up so easily or quickly. Never rusts, stains, decays, shrinks, nor warps. Un-affected by fire, wind, or flood. A complete barrier to the most unruly stock. Impassable by man or beast.

TWO THOUSAND TONS SOLD AND PUT UP DURING THE LAST YEAR.
For sale at the leading hardware stores, with Stretchers and Staples. Send for Illustrated Pamphlet.

FOR SALE BY
THOS. M. CLARKE & CO
Wholesale Hardware Dealers
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

SOUTHERN EXPOSITION, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Hardware Headquarters.
W. B. BELKNAP & CO.
Special prices on FENCE WIRE, BAR and SHEET IRON and General Hardware.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS OVER

THE MARIETTA AND NORTH GEORGIA R.

SPECIAL SUNDAY EXCURSION TICKETS ARE SOLD ON THE M. AND N. GA. R. R., GOOD one day only, for one fare round trip. The following Sunday schedule is in effect:

Ticket Fare.	Train leaves Marietta at		
		8:30 am	Arrive 6:00
40	Arrive Woodstock	9:16 am	" 5:14
75	" Canton	10:05 am	" 4:27
1 10	" Ball Ground	10:46 am	" 3:40
1 50	" Jasper	11:50 am	" 3:00
1 85	" Woffords	12:36 am	Leaves 2:1[illegible]
		read down	read [illegible]

Making connection with Western and Atlantic train leaving Atlanta at 7 a.m.

The scenery along this road is fine; the country inviting. Parties desiring recreation should not fail to visit the mountains of north Georgia. Tickets on sale at W. and A. R. R. Ticket office in Atlanta.

LJ. B. GOVER Superintendent. W. R. POWER General Passenger Agent.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the office of the undersigned at Montevallo, Ala., until 12 m., June 30th, 1883, for the grading, bridging and masonry on ten miles of the line of the Alabama Coal and Iron railway Co.

Profiles, plans and specifications can be seen at the office in Montevallo. Company reserves right to reject any or all bids.

J. H. SAMPLE,
Chief Engineer.

MILL & FACTORY SUPPLIES OF ALL KINDS. BELTING, HOSE and PACKING, OILS. PUMPS ALL KINDS, IRON PIPE, FITTINGS, BRASS GOODS, STEAM GAUGES, ENGINE GOVERNORS, &c. Send for Price-list. W. H. DILLINGHAM & CO. 421 Main Street, LOUISVILLE, KY.

J. L. TOWNER

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CO
Dealers

GIA R.

THROUGH THE CITY.

A GLIMPSE OF CURRENT EVENTS IN ATLANTA.

The Day's Doings in Public Offices—The Record of the Courts, the Railroads and the Hotels—Real Estate Operations—Gossip of All Kinds—Items of General Interest, Etc.

Belgian block laying on Washington street was begun yesterday.

Trinity Sunday school will picnic to Powder Springs Saturday, June 30.

The Gate City street railway company will receive six new cars next week.

Mr. T. A. Frierson's auction sale of twenty city lots was withdrawn yesterday.

The city clock was not illuminated last night because the gas mains were out of order.

The bicyclists of Atlanta have in circulation a circular looking to the early organization of an association of Atlanta wheelmen.

Mr. Julius L. Brown has been detained at his residence all the week on account of illness. He is much better now and will be out next week.

Mr Merle Spencer, after an illness of several weeks, died at his residence, 24 Markham street yesterday, and will be buried to-day at ten o'clock.

The Benjamin H. Hill Literary society will have their annual election of officers to-night in the hall of the Young Men's Library association. There are now two tickets in the field.

Pink Bradford, a ten year old boy, got beyond his depth in the pond at Ponce de Leon yesterday, and being unable to swim came very near drowning before he could be rescued.

Charlie Garmany died at the residence of his father, Mr. Thomas Garmany, 260 Decatur street yesterday morning, and will be buried at Oakland cemetery this morning at ten o'clock.

The watchman's shed at the Whitehall crossing was draped in mourning yesterday on account of the death of Mr. Spencer, who has been watchman at that crossing for sixteen years.

Mrs. H. L. Williams, residing at the corner of Jones and Martin streets, died at her residence yesterday morning, after a long illness. The funeral services will be conducted this morning and her remains will be interred at Oakland cemetery.

Battle Holmes, a fifteen year old lad, whose home is on Whitehall street, went to sleep yesterday evening while sitting on the railing around a porch on the second floor of his home and fell to the ground, a distance of about twenty feet, breaking his right arm and dislocating his left hip.

Oscar Bone was arrested by Officer Taylor last night upon a warrant charging him with larceny. Sunday last a thief entered Mr. H. H. Dickson's press room and knocking all of the "brasses" off the press, carried them away. The act was traced to Bone, and he is now in the city prison awaiting a preliminary trial.

THE COLONEL EXPLAINS.

Colonel Marcellus E. Thornton Gives Some of the Unwritten History of the Post-Appeal Sale.

ATLANTA, June 27th, 1883.—Editors Constitution: I observe in the Atlanta letter of a newspaper correspondent the following: "This morning I have seen a bill of sale in the handwriting of Colonel M. E. Thornton, signed by him, dated June 11, 1883, conveying the P.-A. property to A. H. Moore, and a bill of sale by A. H. Moore conveying the property to John L. Conley, its machinery, type, contracts, etc. It leaves no doubt in my mind that the property has been properly conveyed, and if Thornton has any case it is yet to be disclosed."

I will state that I proposed to the gentleman who wrote the above that if he went to John Conley and found a bill of sale I would show him a paper explaining it.

Now, as he states that it "leaves no doubt" in his mind and for fear other persons may be equally misinformed I desire to make the following statement concerning my private affairs.

I was publishing the Post-Appeal and had made a success of it. For good reasons I desired to retire from the business. As I had been sued on a note which I contested, and the matter had not come to trial to determine whether I justly owed it or not, and the concern who had sued me had also garnisheed every one whom they could ascertain were indebted to the Post-Appeal, and thus had about $4,000 tied up which was due the paper; and in order to relieve from a similar embarrassment the one to whom I leased the Post-Appeal, I made a lease of that journal to A. H. Moore through A. L. Harris, his attorney in fact, in the office of John L. Conley, and also gave a conditional bill of sale. Harris asked me to let John L. Conley witness the papers and I refused, saying, I wished to have nothing to do with him in any way; whereupon Harris informed me that John L. Conley knew everything that he knew, and that they were bosom friends. Still I refused, but the documents were signed in John L. Conley's office; and when I thought the trade between us could not be consummated and had left, Harris sent John L Conley out on the street for me, and he met me at the corner of Forsyth and Marietta streets, when he informed me that Colonel Harris wanted to see me about that matter. I had received intimations that Colonel E. F. Hoge wanted my establishment, and as I had carried a note of his for an interest in the Post-Appeal until it was past due and I had to return it to him without giving him an interest in the Post-Appeal, I had no desire to trade with him, and knowing his kinship to John L. Conley, information that he was having frequent and close consultations with John L. Conley, augmented my desire to have nothing to do with Conley. I knew that Hoge had set his heart on breaking down the Post-Appeal, and me if he could, and as a result, he now has possession of my printing establishment in connection with John L. Conley, and is printing the Evening Journal with my material and for which I have not received one cent of pay nor the promise of pay. The printing press which he had for the Journal was taken down on Saturday, the 16th inst., by the parties to whom it belonged, and there is now another, and a new one, at the railroad depot awaiting his payment of the charges on it, and why he should have set his covetous eyes on my press is a little more than I can conceive.

I leased the Post-Appeal to A. H. Moore, as will more fully appear by the following copy of the lease:

ATLANTA, GA., June 11, 1883.—This agreement entered into this date by Marcellus E. Thornton and A. H. Moore, witnesseth that the said M. E. Thornton does hereby lease to the said A. H. Moore the Post-Appeal newspaper and printing establishment, with all material, machinery, furniture and every article thereto belonging, now in the Post-Appeal establishment for the term of five (5) years,upon the conditions that the said A. H. Moore is to run the newspaper and pay all expenses from this date without any expense or recourse upon the said M. E. Thornton, and to pay to to the said M. E. Thornton semi-annually one half of the net profits arising from the business. If there be no net profits then there will be no rental to pay. The said A. H. Moore has the right of purchasing the Post-Appeal and printing establishment hereby leased any time during the continuance of this lease for the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000). Signed in duplicate this 11th day of June, 1883.

"M. E. THORNTON,
A. H. MOORE,
By his attorney in fact A. L. Harrris."

In presence of W. R. Hodgson.

As the parties suing me—the trial not to take place until next October—had already garnisheed my debtors and had held up five times the amount they claimed, I thought and still think it nothing but fair that I should have given the lessee a bill of sale to the property so that his debtors could not be garnisheed and by that method deprive him of the means to run the paper.

But in giving the bill of sale I took the following little document, and of which Mr John L. Conley and Colonel E. F. Hoge had full and ample notice, and they are no more innocent purchasers than was that little innocent chap, A. L. Harris:

"ATLANTA, GA, June 11, 1883.—This is to certify that I am to and will deliver to Marcellus E. Thornton a certain bill of sale made this day by him to me for the Post-Appeal newspaper, with all material, including machinery and furniture, and everything to it belonging and attaching, whenever the terms of a lease for it made this day by any reason expires. [Signed,] "A. H. MOORE,
By A. L. Harris, his attorney in fact."

From these documents it will be observed that I did not sell the Post-Appeal, and that the terms of the lease were not complied with the very morning that they failed to issue the paper, and that from that moment the bill of sale was my property, and no one but me has any right to it. It was a conspiracy to defraud and swindle me out of my property. They stopped my paper and then took my property from me, and all this in a civilized ,enlightened country.

Respectfully, MARCELLUS E. THORNTON.

THE FIRE MASTERS.

The Meeting Last Night and What Was Done—Postponing an Election.

A regular meeting of the board of fire masters was held last night, and was attended by a full board. Chief Ryan read his report for the past month, which was accepted. The report showed that during the past month there had been ten fires. A runner for hook and ladder company was elected. The pay roll for the month was found to be $2,648.50. A resolution instructing the chief to tap the fire bell twice every day at 12 o'clock for the purpose of testing the alarm boxes was adopted. The chief was instructed to have a new floor laid in engine house No. 1. The election of a foreman for company No. 2 was postponed until the next meeting. The vacancy in that position was caused by the resignation of Mr. M. P. Camp

REPAIRS AT THE MANSION.

What Has Been Done Toward Putting the Governor's Home in Good Condition.

The executive mansion now presents a new and handsome appearance. Some weeks ago the long needed repairs on the building and premises were commenced and are now about finished. The mansion has been repainted and looks as though it was just completed and out of the hands of the contractor. The bay windows present a handsomer appearance than ever before, the old ones having been taken entirely down and more substantial and later designed ones put in. The old flooring of the verandah has been taken up and new and elegant flooring put down, while numerous improvements have been made on the roof and cupolas. The servant houses and stables have been re covered and repaired, and the high plank fence on Cain street has been torn down and a new one erected. The iron fence and rustic chairs have been repainted, the shrubbery trimmed and the grass cut In brief, the place has undergone general repairs, which adds much to the already beautiful appearance of the place. It is not yet positively known when Governor McDaniel and his family will occupy the mansion. It is thought that they will move in as soon as the repairs are completed, which will be the latter part of this week. The cost of the improvements is estimated at twenty-five hundred dollars.

WILL HE HANG?

Romalias Shields on Trial in the Superior Court—How He Has Acted.

The trial of Romalias Shields was resumed in the superior court yesterday. The evidence was concluded on the day before leaving the arguments and the charge of the court to be made. The day was spent in hearing the argument of Judge George N. Lester, for the prosecution, and the arguments of Judge Wright and General Gartrell for the defense The speeches were lengthy and exhaustive, sifting the evidence thoroughly. At six o'clock General Gartrell had not concluded and pending his argument court adjourned.

Throughout the trial Shields has maintained a most remarkable quietness of manner. He is an exceedingly ignorant negro, and is as gawky as he can be. General Gartrell remarked in his argument yesterday that Shields was about the ugliest negro he had ever seen. "But," he continued, "he is an honest one, and when this affair occurred he was waiting for the hour when he was to begin his work — work in the night to supply the people of Atlanta with ice, an article necessary to their comfort." Shields is angular, with very long legs that seem to be in his way. He stoops considerably when he walks and has an air of weariness rather than laziness. During the trial he has been very neatly attired and his large, rough looking shoes have been kept well polished. His face has been faultlessly clean. He lounges, rather that sits in his chair, and although he watches the proceedings he does so rather abstractedly. The expression of his face has never changed. He is oblivious to what is said, and neither the most scathing denunciation of him nor the strongest appeals in his behalf appear to impress him in the least. He never laughs at anything that is said. He walked to the jail yesterday smoking a cigar that some one had given him. The trial will probably be concluded to-day. The opinion is freely expressed that the verdict will be guilty without any recommendation.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Closing Exercises—The Examinations, Etc., At DeGive's Opera House To-Night.

Yesterday morning at 9 o'clock the public examination of the boy's and girl's high school began and continued until noon. The different departments were crowded from the beginning until the closing of the exercises. The exercises were most gratifying to all, and the splendid manner in which the pupils acquitted themselves showed a high order of teaching on the part of the instructors. After the exercises were concluded Alciphronian literary and debating society repaired to Browning hall, where the annual debate occurred, the subject being: "Resolved, That the career of Napoleon Bonaparte was productive of more good than evil." The affirmative was ably discussed by Messrs. A. E. Orr, J. W. McWhorter, R. Arnold and J. W. Fain, while Messrs. L. L. Knight, W. P. Wolf, N. R. Broyles and A. A. Meyer did justice to the negative.

After the question had been discussed, the critics, Messrs. T. R. Hardwick and J. W. McWhorter, decided the question in favor of the affirmative. When the decision was announced the young men were loudly applauded. The subject was handled well, each debater having well selected and prepared his points.

This society has long been in existence and has been the pride of every member of the school. The officers are: W. L. Wilson, president; J. W. Fain, 1st vice president; J. W. McWhorter, 2d vice president; L. W. Steel, 3d vice president; J. M. Hall, secretary; T. A. Conklin, assistant secretary, and A. Holcomb, librarian.

This morning at 9 o'clock the graduating essays of a class of twenty young ladies will be read in Browning hall. On account of the small size of the hall, only parents of pupils and invited friends will be admitted.

The closing exercises of the boys' high school will take place to-night at DeGive's opera house, begining promptly at 8:30 o'clock and closing at half past ten. Diplomas will be presented to twenty-two young men and will be presented by Senator Brown. Hon. Emory Speer will deliver the annual address. The programme is a most interesting one. Tickets can be obtained at Phillips & Crew's, good for both evenings, for twenty-five cents.

SHORT ON CASH.

THE PEOPLE'S MUTUAL RELIEF ASSOCIATION IN A BAD WAY.

The Members Quit to Such an Extent That the Association Cannot Pay Its Losses—Two Thousand Members Against Five Thousand Some Months Ago—Settling the Claims.

About one hundred citizens of Macon are very much interested in certain recent developments in the affairs of the People's Mutual Relief association of this city. It happens that about that number of Maconites, or very near it, are members of the association, which is a co-operative insurance company, paying its losses by the assessment plan. The association was first established in Mobile, but a year or two ago came to Atlanta and established itself in elegant quarters on the second floor of the building at the corner of Wall and Peachtree streets. There was a business air about the place and everything seemed to be working along smoothly. The list of members at one time reached five thousand, deaths had been few and everything was bright and promising. Assessments were being made monthly when suddenly the association struck an unlucky period and deaths became more frequent. Finally it became necessary to levy two assessments in one month, whereupon, like rats quitting a sinking ship, twelve hundred members quit. The star of the association then began to go down until at last it finds itself with only two thousand members. It is badly behind with its assessments and collections, its June assessments being for deaths in February. The assessments now return only about ten thousand dollars per month, while the claims run all the way from twenty-five to forty thousand dollars. It is easy to see how the affair works. A man is insured for two thousand dollars. He dies and his family notify the association. The assessment for the month is made. The returns come in and the man's share is found to be only thirty or forty per cent of his claim. The officers of the association claim that they cannot help it, that they can only divide out what they get.

The latest trouble occurred a few days ago. Mr. Dennis Daly, of Macon, died, leaving a policy for $5,000. His wife endeavored to collect the money but the assessment panned out so poorly that she could not get the money. A few days ago the matter was compromised by paying her two thousand dollars. Mr. David E. Ardis who committed suicide in Louisville sometime ago, held two policies in the association, amounting in all to about $7,000. The company resisted payment on account of the fact that he suicided, and a few days ago their bank account was garnisheed. A compromise at $5,000 was made and the garnishment was dissolved. At the same time another claimant garnisheed, and that garnishment was dissolved by bond. It seems from all that can be gathered that the association is in a bad way, at least so far as relates to the old members. A new class, under a new plan, has been started and they may be more fortunate. The older members have been dropping off and losing interest in the association. The situation now is that the association has debts hanging over it several months past due and which it is wholly impossible to pay with the money raised by the assessments. While the members paid up their policies and held claims that should have been paid at their face figures, the membership has now dropped off so that it is impossible to settle the debts at full figures. It has come to be that from thirty to fifty per cent is the usual compromise. What the end of it will be no one can guess. A CONSTITUTION reporter asked Mr. Randall, secretary of the association, what he had to say on the subject. He consented to give a full history of the association, and said:

"The association was organized in Mobile, Ala., under a charter from the probate court of Mobile county, and began business August 15, 1878. The plan was popular and its growth rapid, but the location of its headquarters objectionable to persons living in the higher and healthier latitudes of Georgia and the Carolinas; therefore, in the spring of 1880 the association procured a charter from the superior court of Fulton county, Ga., and removed its headquarters to Atlanta. The move was a wise one and the growth and prosperity of the association increased until the summer of 1882, when an unusual mortality called for an extra or double assessment. This, combined with a want of confidence in all forms of mutual or co operative insurance, begot by birth, marriage, endowment and other swindling assessment schemes, caused over 2,000 members to forfeit, and left the association with a large number and amount of death losses to meet, with a comparatively small and decreasing membership. Though behind in payment of losses, the association continued to pay claims in full until May, 1883, and to that time had paid 143 claims, amounting to $547,149 27. But in the month of March they lost by death nearly $40,000, and saw that to protect living members they must either levy an assessment for each approved claim, and wipe out the claims and association together, or continue regular assessments and include in each an increased number and amount of claims and divide the proceeds of each such assessment among the claimants assessed for. As wholesale assessments had always ended in disaster to both claimants and association, the latter plan was adopted, and on May 1 they assessed for six claims, amounting in all to $23,000. That assessment realized $9,200, and paid forty per cent of the claims assessed for. This settlement was readily accepted by the claimants, who receipted the association in full.

While these settlements were being made two suits against the association were pending in the Atlanta city court on account of resisted claims, one because of untrue statements in application for membership, and the other because the member died of suicide. In both cases the Gate City National bank (the depository of the association) was garnisheed. In the first case the garnishment was dissolved by bond and the latter by compromise and settlement. But another suit is pending against the association, and that is for a claim resisted because of suicide. The old class or department of the association now numbers 2,000 members, on whom assessments are made each month to pay the losses in that class, and claimants will get all that it is possible to collect for them.

The present condition of the association is due to defects in the original plan and the failure of members to meet their obligations one to another. The original plan provided that no assessment could be made until after death occured to make such such assessments necessary, and there was no way to provide a reserve fund to meet an unexpected or excessive rate of mortality; consequently whenever, and as often as the losses in any month exceeded the amount realized from an assessment, the payment of death claims was delayed until a future lighter death rate enabled the association to catch up. Profiting by experience the association has perfected a new plan of assessment life insurance which cures all the valid objection to any former plan of co-opertion insurance, and by collecting monthly assessments to create a reserve fund, will hereafter not only be able to meet losses promptly, but to discount them. Under this plan a new junior class has been formed which numbers 500 members and is growing rapidly. One hundred new members have been added to this class in the last ten days. Certificates in this junior class are worth face value, and the reserve fund already amounts to nearly $4,000.

The officers of the People's Mutual Relief association are both trustworthy business and trained life insurance men; under their management the association will soon recover from its present temporary embarrassment, regain its former prosperity and enlarge its sphere of usefulness"

THE METROPOLITAN LINE.

Work to be Begun in About Two Weeks on a New Street Car Line.

In yesterday's CONSTITUTION appeared an advertisement of the Metropolitan Street Railroad company, stating that up to twelve o'clock, July 6th, bids for furnishing crossties, stringers, macadam and other material for the construction of the road, would be received by Mr. Marshall J. Clarke, vice president and acting secretary of the company, who reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Last night a reporter of THE CONSTITUTION called on Mr. Julius Brown, the president of the road, and asked when work would be commenced on the new road. Mr. Brown said:

The amount required to build the Washington street line has already been subscribed, in fact more than will be required for its construction. We now have $20 600 taken. As to when work will begin, it is impossible to say just yet, but not more than two weeks shall go by before dirt will be broken. We have filed our profile and petitioned the city council to allow us to begin work at once. The petition was referred to the street committee, and as we know of no reason to prevent, the supposition is they will grant the petition and allow us to go to work at once. An advertisement for materials has been published, and should nothing occur to prevent, work will be commenced by the 10th of next month."

"What route will the line run?" asked the reporter.

"The head of the line will be on Pryor street at the Union depot, and will extend down Pryor to Fair street, up Fair to Pulliam, thence to Clarke, up Clarke to Washington, and to Anderson, where the line will stop, at least for the present."

"Have you any other line in view at present?" continued the scribe.

"There is a possibility," remarked Mr. Brown, "of a line being run to the cemetery and Grant's park. Our charter is liberal and if the people want the lines and are willing to subscribe and take stock, we propose and are ready to build lines for them. The amount required by our charter to begin business with has been doubly raised and the stock books are now open for subscription. We propose making our line as pleasant and comfortable as any other, and will do it."

The company has ample means and the directors are such men as will not allow the interest of the incorporation to lag, but to the contrary are doing all in their power to make it a success.

CITY POLITICS.

The Men Who Will Be in the Race for City Offices Monday Night.

The election of city officers by the city council will take place Monday next. Already the list of candidates is complete and the people are waiting in anxiety to know who will be the next officials.

For city clerk, Mr. J. H. Goldsmith, the present incumbent, is a candidate. His opposition is composed of J. Q. A. Adamson with Mr. Tom Day for deputy.

For city marshal Mr. J. W. Loyd has no opposition. For his deputy Mr. Dimmick and Cap Joyner are before the council.

For treasurer Mr. Ed McCandless will oppose Mr R. M. Farrar, the present treasurer.

Judge Glenn, the auditor and recorder, will either be his own successor or will be defeated by Mr. James Anderson, the present tax-receiver and collector.

Should Mr. Anderson become recorder, Major D. A. Cook will likely be elected tax receiver and collector. Mr. Clem Harris has no opposition for assistant tax assessor.

For city attorney there are two candidates in the field. Captain William T. Newman, the present attorney, and Mr. Ed A. Angier.

For engineer, Mr. Hugh Angier, and Captain Robert Clayton, the present incumbent, are electioneering. Should Mr. Angier be elected, Mr. Henry McDaniel will be assistant engineer.

Captain Aldridge, is a candidate for city sexton, and his opponent is Mr. William Bonnell, the now serving sexton.

Mr. Jake Morris, the city hall keeper, will be his own successor.

James Cullen, 68½ Castle Row, Savannah, Ga., says: "I can recommend Brown's Iron Bitters as a certain remedy for dyspepsia."

Society News.

News relating to marriages, parties, balls, club meetings, musicales, personals, departures from the city to resorts, etc., respectfully solicited for Sunday's issue of THE CONSTITUTION. All such matter must be handed in or sent to "society editor," with responsible name, by 1 o'clock p.m , Friday.

"Buena Vista Hill" sale at three o'clock to-day. Special train, free ride and lemonade for all. Read description in ten cent column. T. A. Frierson.

The pick of the Virginia tobacco crop is used in Richmond Straight Cut Cigarettes.

Ten dollars for a blue flannel suit. Color warranted. Eiseman Bros., 55 Whitehall street.

The machines used in the manufacture of Penna's ice cream were imported from Turin, Italy, expressly for him.

Carpet patterns and ribbon beds are more than ever the floral fashion on lawns at Newport this season.

The highest priced Cigarettes are Richmond Straight Cut, made of gold-leaf tobacco.

"Orchard Place" and "Buena Vista Hill" sale today. Special train, free ride and lemonade for all. Read full description in ten cent column. T. A. Frierson.

Richmond Straight Cut Cigarettes are the purest and best made. Get the genuine.

REAL ESTATE NOTES.

A few hours may be very pleasantly as well as profitably spent at the "Buena Vista hill" and "Orchard place" sale this afternoon. A special train will leave from the National hotel at 3 o'clock to convey the crowd out and back free of charge. Iced lemonade will be served on the ground free for all. Read description, etc., in 10-cent column. T. A. Frierson.

4th July.

The Western and Atlantic road will sell excursion tickets July 3d, for train leaving Atlanta 7:30 a.m., and 2:35 p.m., and 11:40 p.m., and July 4th, for train leaving 7:30 a.m., for Chattanooga. Ample coaches will be provided for all who desire to go. Fare only $3 round trip.

The only genuine Straight Cut Cigarettes are the Richmond Straight Cut No. 1.

For Warm Weather.

Serge Nuns cloth, drap de Ete and Seer Sucker suits to fit large and small. Eiseman Bros.,55 Whitehall street.

Our $10 all-wool cassimere suits can't be equaled. Eiseman Bros., 55 Whitehall street.

SIDEWALK NOTES.

"Buena Vista Hill" sale at three o'clock to-day Special train, free ride and lemonade for all. Read description in ten cent column. T. A. Frierson.

"Orchard Place" and "Buena Vista Hill" sale to-day. Special train, free ride and lemonade for all Read full description in ten cent column.

Boys' clothing; largest stock; lowest prices Eiseman Bros., 55 Whitehall street.

Penna, No. 4 Marietta street, has the best located saloon, and makes the best ice cream in Atlanta. No climbing up and down stairs.

Cigarette smokers who want the best should smoke Richmond Straight Cut No. 1.

CITY NEWS.

A special train will be run to convey all free of charge to the big "Buena Vista hill" and "Orchard place" sale to-day, starting from the National hotel at 3 o'clock. Nice, cool lemonade will be served free for all. Everybody requested to go out and enjoy a few hours of pleasant recreation. Read full description in 10-cent column. T. A. Friersen.

Richmond Straight Cut Cigarettes contain the brightest gold-leaf tobacco grown in Virginia.

JESSE!
A fresh supply of Diamond Patent Flour, the best of all, just received.
HOYT & RICE,
Washington St.

CHICAGO BEEF.
ORDERS TAKEN BY US FOR
ARMOUR'S CHICAGO BEEF.
ORDERS WILL ALSO BE TAKEN BY
William Laird, corner Whitehall and Brotherton streets; Dohme & Duffy, 88 Whitehall street; Henry Y. Snow, 30 West Alabama street; Dunning & Allen, corner Marietta and Broad streets; Alex Dittler, corner Harris and Calhoun; G. S. Prior, 57 Peachtree street; A. L. & T. A. Holbrook, 79 Peachtree street. We will deliver all the beef ordered through us or our agents.
The following is our present scale of prices: Porter house steak, 18; sirloin steak, 17; round steak, 15; rib roast, 15; chuck roast or steak, 10.
A. HAAS & BRO.,
AGENTS FOR
ARMOUR & CO'S. CHICAGO BEEF,
36 ALABAMA STREET.

Central and Southwestern Railroad

SAVANNAH, GA., May 26, 1883.
On and after SUNDAY, May 27, 1883, passenger trains on the Central and Southwestern railroads and branches will run as follows:

READ DOWN.		READ DOWN.	
No. 1.	From Savannah.	No. 51	
9 00 a m Lv	Savannah	Lv 7 30 p m	
4 15 p m Ar	Augusta	Ar 6 00 a m	
6 25 p m Ar	Macon	Ar 3 00 a m	
11 20 p m Ar	Atlanta	Ar 7 00 a m	
Ar	Columbus	Ar 1 40 p m	
Ar	Eufaula	Ar 4 43 p m	
Ar	Albany	Ar 4 05 p m	
Ar	Milledgeville	Ar 10 29 a m	
Ar	Eatonton	Ar 12 30 p m	
No 16.	From Augusta.	No. 18.	
9 00 a m Lv	Augusta	Lv 7:30 p m	
3 45 p m Ar	Savannah	Ar 7:00 a m	
6 25 p m Ar	Macon	Ar 3:00 a m	
11 20 p m Ar	Atlanta	Ar 7:00 a m	
Ar	Columbus	Ar 1:40 p m	
Ar	Eufaula	Ar 4 43 p m	
Ar	Albany	Ar 4:05 p m	
Ar	Milledgeville	Ar 10:29 a m	
Ar	Eatonton	Ar 12:30 p m	
No. 4.	From Macon.	No. 52.	
7 30 p m Lv	Macon	Lv 8 15 a m	
7 00 a m Ar	Savannah	Ar 3 45 p m	
6 00 a m Ar	Augusta	Ar 4 [illegible] p m	
Ar	Milledgeville Ar	Ar 10 29 a m	
Ar	Eatonton	Ar 12 30 p m	
No. 1.	From Macon.	No. 101.	
9 35 a m Lv	Macon	Lv	
4 43 p m Ar	Eufaula	Ar	
4 05 p m Ar	Albany	Ar	
No. 3.	From Macon.	No. 15.	
8 25 a m Lv	Macon	Lv	
1 40 p m Ar	Columbus	Ar	
No. 1.	From Macon.	No. 3.	No. 51
8 30 a m La	Macon	Lv 7 00 p m	3 15 a m
12 55 p m Ar	Atlanta	Ar 11 20 p m	7 00 a m
No. 29.	From Fort Valley.	No. 27	
Lv	Fort Valley	Lv 11 05 a m	
Ar	Perry	Ar 11 55 a m	
No 2.	From Atlanta.	No 4.	No. 52.
2 40 pm Lv	Atlanta	Lv 9 30 p m	4 20 a m
6 55 pm Ar	Macon	Ar 5 15 a m	7 57 p m
Ar	Eufaula	Ar 4 43 p m	4 43 p m
Ar	Albany	Ar 4 05 p m	4 05 p m
Ar	Columbus	Ar 1 40 p m	1 40 p m
Ar	Milledgeville	Ar 10 29 a m	10 29 a m
Ar	Eatonton	Ar 12 30 p m	12 30 p m
6 00 a m Ar	Augusta	Ar 4 15 p m	4 15 p m
7 00 a m Ar	Savannah	Ar 3 45 p m	3 45 p m
No 4.	From Columbus.	No 16	
12 00 noon Lv	Columbus	Lv	
5 05 p m Ar	Macon	Ar	
11 20 p m Ar	Atlanta	Ar	
Ar	Eufaula	Ar	
Ar	Albany	Ar	
Ar	Milledgeville	Ar	
Ar	Eatonton	Ar	
6 00 a m Ar	Augusta	Ar	
7 00 a m Ar	Savannah	Ar	
No 2	From Eufaula	No. 102.	
12 01 p m Lv	Eufaula	Lv	
4 05 p m Ar	Albany	Ar	
6 45 p m Ar	Macon	Ar	
Ar	Columbus	Ar	
11 20 p m Ar	Atlanta	Ar	
	Milledgeville	Ar	
	Eatonton	Ar	
6 00 a m Ar	Augusta	Ar	
7 00 a m Ar	Savannah	Ar	
No 18.	From Albany.	No. 100	
12 00 noon Lv	Albany	Lv	
4 43 p m Ar	Eufaula	Ar	
6 45 pm Ar	Macon	Ar	
Ar	Columbus	Ar	
11 20 p m Ar	Atlanta	Ar	
Ar	Milledgeville	Ar	
Ar	Eatonton	Ar	
6 00 a m Ar	Augusta	Ar	
7 00 a m Ar	Savannah	Ar	
No. 20.	From Eatonton and Milledgeville.		
2 15 p m Lv	Eatonton		
3 58 p m Lv	Milledgeville		
6 25 p m Ar	Macon		
Ar	Columbus		
Ar	Eufaula		
Ar	Albany		
11 20 p m Ar	Atlanta		
6 00 a m Ar	Augusta		
7 00 a m Ar	Savannah		
No. 30	From Perry.	No 28	
Lv	Perry	Lv 2 45 p m	
Ar	Fort Valley	Ar 3 35 p m	

Local sleeping Cars on all night trains between Savannah and Augusta, Savannah and Macon, Savannah and Atlanta, and Macon and Montgomery via Eufaula.

Pullman Hotel SleepingCars between Chicago and Jacksonville, Florida, via Cincinnati, without change.

CONNECTIONS.

The Milldegeville and Eatonton train runs daily. (except Monday) between Gordon and Eatonton, and daily (except Sunday) between Eatonton and Gordon.

Eufaula train connects at Cuthbert for Fort Gaines daily, (except Sunday.)

The Perry mail train between Fort Valley and Perry runs daily, (except Sunday).

The Albany and Blakely train runs daily (except Sunday) between Albany and Blakely.

At Savannah, with Savannah, Florida and Western Railway, at Augusta, with all lines to North and East, at Atlanta with Air-Line and Kennesaw routes to all points North, East and West.

Tickets for all points and sleeping car berths on sale at City office, No. 20 Bull street.

G. A. WHITEHEAD, Gen. Pass, Agt. — WILLIAM RODGERS, Gen. Supt., Savannah.
J. C. SHAW, Gen. Trav. Agt. — W. F. SHELLMAN, Supt, S. W. R. R., Macon, Ga.

SHORT LINE.

NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD OF GEORGIA,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
ATHENS, GA., December 23, 1882.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, DECEMBER 25TH 1882, trains on this road will run as follows:

TRAINS	No. 51.	No. 1.
Leave Athens	2:40 p m	8:00 a m
Arrive at Lula	4:58 p m	10:30 a m
Arrive at Atlanta		1:30 a
Arrive at Tallulah Falls	7:58 p m	
TRAINS	No. 50.	No. 2.
Leave Tallulah Fall	7:46 a m	
Leave Atlanta		2:55 p m
Leave Lula	10:45 a m	5:45 p m
Arrive at Athens	1:00 p m	7:35 p m

All trains daily except Sunday. Train No. 1 connects closely at Lula with passenger trains on R. & D. R. R. for Atlanta and all points West and Southwest No 51 for Charlotte and all points North and East. Passengers leaving Atlanta at 2:55 p. m. will arrive at Athens 7:35 p. m., making the unprecedented time of four hours and forty minutes.

Tickets on sale at Athens for all points.

MERCER SLAUGHTER, G. P. A. — H. R. BERNARD, Superintendent.

SAMPLE FREE
Neurozone, (new Nerve-Life, Strength and Vigor) is a positive restorative for the Loss of Manly Vigor in Young, Middle-Aged and Old Men, no matter from what cause. In Nervous Debility, Exhaustion, Impotency, Seminal Weakness, and kindred ailments, this Standard Remedy is a certain cure, and to all such sufferers, who send a statement of their troubles, a quantity sufficient to prove its virtue will be sent Free of Cost. Address,
NEUROZONE MEDICAL CO.,
P. O. Box 2404. St. Louis, Mo.

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.
TAILOR MADE CLOTHES

You are getting familiar with judging from the lively trade we are having. No need of wearing bad fitting clothes that make you the laughing stock of those who see you.
Do as your neighbors are doing: Come in try a coat on and if well pleased buy. We will not make poor material or slight our work.
While other dealers are grumbling, we are doing more trade than ever before. While they rant about about low prices, we are quietly underselling them.
Boy's and Children's
CLOTHING
A SPECIALTY.
Clothing sent out of the city on approval and return express paid,

TAYLOR'S
CHINESE INSECT POWDER
Is recommended by the Housekeepers of Atlanta as a
DESTROYER
OF
FLIES, FLEAS AND BED BUGS.
Every family should have a bottle.
WALTER A. TAYLOR,
Cor. Marietta and Peachtree Sts., Atlanta, Ga.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
TO AFFORD PARENTS AN OPPORTUNITY TO to dress their children
NICE AND STYLISH
for the closing exercises of the Public Schools we propose to sell for
STRICTLY CASH
—OUR—
BOY'S & CHILDREN'S SUITS
—AT—
A REDUCTION OF TWENTY PER CENT
UNTIL JUNE 29TH.
The Style is the Latest and of the Best Quality. We have a very few of those
$10 AND $12 SUITS
Left, and would advise those in need of a good Suit at a LOW PRICE to call soon. A full line of
ALPACA AND CICILIAN COAT AND VESTS
Up to 46. White and Colored
Marseilles and Duck Vests.
Just recieved another lot of those
PERFECT FITTING DRAWERS.
Please call and see for yourself.
Orders from the country attended to with the greatest care and at lowest prices. Respectfully,
A. & S. ROSENFELD.
GATE CITY CLOTHING STORE,
24 Whitehall Street.

JUST RECEIVED
A NEW AND COMPLETE LINE OF
FANCY AND COMMERCIAL STATIONERY
And everything pertaining to an office outfit. Also receiving daily new and desirable books. Citizens of Atlanta and visiting strangers cordially invited to inspect stock and prices at the old stand of
THE ATLANTA BOOK STORE,
26 MARIETTA STREET.

The Georgia Railroad.

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE GENERAL MANAGER,
AUGUSTA, GA., April 28th, 1883.

Commencing Sunday, 29th instant, the following Passenger Schedule will be operated:

FAST LINE.

NO. 27 WEST-DAILY.		NO. 28 EAST-DAILY.	
L've Augusta	7 40 am	L've Atlanta	2 50 pm
L've Athens	8 00 am	Ar. Athens	7 25 pm
Ar. Atlanta	1 00 pm	Ar. Augusta	8 10 pm
NO. 2 EAST-DAILY.		NO. 1 WEST-DAILY.	
L've Atlanta	8 25 am	L've Augusta	10 30 am
Ar. Athens	5 05 pm	" Macon	7 05 am
" Washington	2 55 pm	" Milledg'e	9 10 am
" Camak	1 57 pm	" Camak	12 29 am
" Milledg'v'e	4 45 pm	" Wash'g'n	11 20 am
Ar. Macon	6 45 pm	" Athens	9 05 am
" Augusta	3 55 pm	Ar. Atlanta	5 50 pm

COVINGTON ACCOMMODATION.
(Daily, Except Sundays.)

L've Atlanta	6 10 pm	L've Covington	5 50 am
Ar. Covington	8 30 pm	Ar. Atlanta	8 00 am

DECATUR ACCOMMODATION.
(Daily, except Sundays.)

L've Atlanta	12 05 pm	L've Decatur	1 35 pm
Ar. Decatur	12 35 pm	Ar. Atlanta	2 00 pm
NO 4 EAST DAILY.		NO. 3 WEST DAILY.	
L've Atlanta	8 50 pm	L've Augusta	9 00 pm
Ar. Augusta	6 20am	Ar. Atlanta	6 [illegible]

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will if signaled stop at any regular scheduled Flag Station.

Connects at Augusta for all points East and North-East.

Train No. 27 will stop at and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Belair, Berzelia, Harlem, Thomson, Camak, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Stone Mountain and Decatur.

Train No. 28 will only stop at Decatur, Stone Mountain, Conyers, Covington, Social Circle, Rutledge, Madison, Greensboro Union Point, Crawfordville, Camak, Thompson, Dearing, Harlem, and Berzella.

The FAST LINE has through sleeper from Atlanta to Charleston.

JOHN W. GREEN, General Manager. — E. R. DORSEY, General Pass. Agent.

THE FINEST
DRY AIR REFRIGERATORS,
FREEZERS, FLY FANS,
FRUIT JARS! EVAPORATORS.

Cheapest ever offered in the State. Beautiful new style Decorated Dinner, Tea and Chamber Sets, Parlor Lamps, etc. Housekeepers, look at our goods before you buy. It will save you money.
McBRIDE & CO.

London Smoked
EYE PROTECTORS.

I have just received a large stock of fine Smoked Eye Protectors, the finest ever imported. Also, a large stock of fine Gold and Steel Specks and Eye Glasses in fine double convex, blue and white lenses, which I guarantee to give satisfaction for five years. Call and see them.
A. F. PICKERT,
No. 5 Whitehall street.

FIVE MILLIONS OF BRICK
Now in stock and for sale cheap.
B. G. LOCKETT & CO.,
Manufacturers of and wholesale and retail dealers in the
"CELEBRATED CHATTAHOOCHEE
RIVER BRICK."
We are prepared to supply any demand, and will fill all orders promptly. We also manufacture the best and cheapest
OIL PRESSED AND FANCY BRICK
In the south. Builders and contracrors will save money by purchasing our brick. Office No. 33 Broad street, up srairs, Atlanta, Ga.

COTTON AND WEATHER.

COTTON—Middling uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday at 5 11-16; New York at 10 3/8; in Atlanta at 9 3/4.

Daily Weather Report.
OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNA CORPS U. S. A.
U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, June 27, 15:31, P.M.
All observations taken at the same moment of time at each place named.

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	Wind. Direction	Wind. Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
Atlanta	30.01	69	57	N. W.	Fresh	.00	Clear.
Augusta	30 01	74	...	Calm	....	.00	Clear.
Galveston	30 02	80	71	N. E.	Light	.00	Threat'g
Indianola	......	...	...	......	......	....	......
Key West	......	...	...	......	......	....	......
Mobile	29.93	78	...	W.	Light	.00	Clear.
Montgomery	29 96	73	66	Calm	....	.00	Clear.
New Orleans	29 99	78	70	Calm	....	.01	Cloudy.
Pensacola	30.01	78	66	S. W.	Light	.00	Clear.
Palestine	......	...	...	......	......	....	......
Savannah	29.99	79	...	W.	Light	.00	Clear.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

Time of observation.							
6:31 a. m.	29 97	64	56	N. W.	Fresh	.00	Clear.
10:31 a. m.	29 98	73	58	W.	Fresh	....	Fair.
2:31 p. m.	29 96	77	55	N. W.	Fresh	.00	Fair.
6:31 p. m.	29 98	75	56	N. W.	Gent.	....	Clear.
10:31 p. m.	30.01	69	57	N. W	Fresh	00	Clear

Mean daily bar	29 98	Maximum ther	79.0
" " ther	70.3	Minimum "	59.5
" " hu'y	62 7	Total rainfall	.00

Cotton Belt.
Observations taken at 5 p.m.—Local time.

Atlanta District.	Max Tem	Min Tem	Ra'n Fall.
Atlanta	79	59	.00
Spartanburg	86	61	.00
Toccoa	87	60	.00
Gainesville	86	51	.00
Dalton	83	60	.00
Calhoun	84	57	.00
Cartersville	88	59	.00
West Point	85	60	.00
Newnan	86	62	.00
Griffin	94	62	.00

DISTRICTS.	AVERAGE		
1 Wilmington	87	64	.57
2 Charleston	89	68	.03
3 Augusta	87	64	.18
4 Savannah	90	69	.04
5 Atlanta	86	60	00
6 Montgomery	85	60	00
7 Mobile	88	61	.00
8 New Orleans	92	69	.07
9 Galveston	84	71	.02
10 Vicksburg	89	61	.00
11 Little Rock	85	61	.00
12 Memphis	[illegible]3	61	. 0
Mean of Districts	87.1	64 5	08

The superior merits of the watches having Stevens' Patent improvements are acknowledged by every person wearing them. Railroad men, and others requiring great accuracy in time pieces, endorse them, and we are prepared to show by incontestable proof, that no other watch not having these improvements will produce such accurate results in time keeping. They are durable, dust-proof, and reliable, and considering quality, the cheapest watch in the market. Send for our illustrated catalogue and prices.
J. P. STEVENS WATCH CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

PERSONAL.

The marriage of Mr. Roberts and Miss Munday will take place at the Second Baptist church, and not at the First, as first reported.

"Buena Vista Hill" sale at three o'clock to-day. Special train, free ride and lemonade for all. Read description in ten cent column. T. A. Frierson.

Mr. Isaac B. Pilgrim, of THE CONSTITUTION, who owns land in the gold mining district of Paulding county, leaves for that place this morning to look after his interests.

"Orchard Place" and "Buena Vista Hill" sale to-day. Special train, free ride and lemonade for all. Read full description in ten cent column. T. A. Frierson.

W. E. Cole, of Montgomery, Ala., has invented a pole road locomotive to run on round poles. It will be used principally for logging purposes to saw mills, and in turpentine orchards and sugar plantations. The track cost about fifty dollars per mile. For further information address him at Montgomery, Ala.

NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED
Beautiful Silks and Elegant Brocades in all the New Shades and Black.
WHITE GOODS! WHITE GOODS.
Beautiful new styles in White Goods. Embroideries and Laces to trim them. New and stylish, just received.
SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!
Elegant stock, new styles Shoes and Slippers for Gents', Ladies' and Children.
CARPETS! CARPETS!! CARPETS!!
Examine this department. Many new and nobby styles in Carpets, Upholstery and Wall Paper.
AGENTS FOR BUTTERRICK'S PATTERNS
CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.

"JOHN'S ALIVE
AND OTHER SKETCHES,"
A new book by the late Wm. T. Thompson—"Major Jones." 75c
"McMaster's History of the People of the United States," first volume $2.50
"Prayer and Praise," a new hymn and tune book, edited by Dr. Haygood and Professor McIntosh; 320 pages 75c
PHILLIPS & CREW

JUST RECEIVED
A NEW STOCK OF
Picture Frames and Mouldings
which I am offering very low. Also, all the new stylish tints in Stationery, Visiting Cards, and every thing in the
Book and Stationery Line.
On exhibition pieces by Morrison and Moser, in black and white. Sketches by Horace Bradley and specimen pieces by Miss Ellis, of New York, which the public are invited to call and see.
Very respectfully,
DANIEL C. PITCHFORD,
Successor to Lovejoy & Pitchford,
28 Whitehall street, Atlanta.

F. L. FREYER
Has bought out the Smith American Organ Co.,
27 WHITEHALL.
To continue the sale of the following Instruments:
ORGANS.
SMITH AMERICAN,
WILCOX & WHITE,
STERLING & CO.
PIANOS.
CHICKERING, KRANICH & BACH
R. M. BENT & CO.,
GUILD, CHURCH & CO.
Pianos and organs rented, tuned and repaired, and can be found at all hours to give bargains for cash, or on time, at 27 Whitehall, Atlanta, Ga.

PARTNERSHIP.

HENDRIX & SHELTON,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

J. C. Hendrix and T. A. Shelton have this day formed a partnership under the above firm name for the purpose of conducting a Real Estate Agency at the old stand of Hendrix & McBurney, 31 South Broad street.
J. C. HENDRIX,
T. A. SHELTON.
June 23, 1883.

SWEET GIRL GRADUATES.

Sixteenth Annual Commencement of the Academy of the Immaculate Conception.

The sixteenth annual commencement of the academy of the Immaculate Conception occurred at DeGive's opera house last night. The audience was large and exceedingly appreciative, the exercises being interesting to a very high degree. The stage around the footlights was lined with paintings and drawings made by the students. These amateur art works were highly creditable, and among them were the following: "A Young Continental," by Miss Carrie Varnadoe; "Egyptian Princess," by Miss Kate Lynan; "An Ideal Head," by Miss Carrie Varnadoe; "A Basket of Flowers," in water color, by Miss Carrie Varnadoe; "The Beggar," by Miss Kate Callahan; "Isabel," by Miss Mary Driscoll; "Martha," by Miss Mary Durkin; "Violet and Daisy," by Miss Florence Deihl; "Brother and Sister," by Miss Eunice McGilvray; "Florence," by Miss Elwyn Duer; "Little Nell," by Miss Esther Dickey; "Papa's New Hat," by Miss Lula Lynch; "Maggie," by Miss Kate Driscoll; "The Naughty Cat," by Miss Allie Duer; "Little Man," by Miss Mary Conklin.

The programme as published yesterday was carried out fully. The music, the recitations, the essays, etc., all showed very careful training and the exercises made a deep impression on the audience. The premiums were awarded and the academic honors were conferred by Father Cleary and Right Rev. W. H. Gross as follows:

Primary and kindergarten classes—Premiums awarded Misses Kate Mercer, Katie Brady, Adel Duer, Gertrude Walsh, Nora Burns, Hannah Kuhns, Annie Hogan, Cecilia Lynch, Jessie Moran, Chrissie Malone, May Bolsius, Minnie Scully, Mamie Phelps, Blanche Pike, Bertha Ford, Estelle Sullivan, Katie Silvers, Kate Brady, Nellie Cannon and Lillie Rogers. Wreath for regular attendance and good conduct in primary department voted to Miss Katie Mercer, by her class mates.

Intermediate class—Premiums for Christian doctrine, spelling, reading, geography, writing and mathematics awarded Misses Nellie Varnedo, Jennie Geary, A. Connell, Mamie Walsh, Kate McGuire, Lena Griffin, Kate Fitzgibbon, Nellie Flynn, Gertrude Mahoney, Lizzie Lynch, Kate Moran, Emma Moran, Rosa Bolsius, Lena Deneen, Ida Wilkinson, Alice Duer, Edith Duer, Lillie Ellsworth, Agnes Cullum, Mary Wallace, Annie Driscoll, Cecile Lynan, Mary Gavin, Maggie Bridwell.

Junior class, second division—Premiums for Christian doctrine, United States history, geography, grammar, mathematics, reading and writing awarded the Misses Mamie Brady, Lizzie McMahon, Clara Lynch, Maggie Lynch, Ophelia Dominick, Mamie Ford, May Kenny, Mamie Gatins, Alice Semmes, Kate Lynch and Maggie Sullivan.

Junior class—First division.—Premiums to Misses Mamie Conklin, Kate Connell, Mamie Corrigan, Alice Lynan, Emma Walter, Kate Connolly, Ida Flynn, Teresa Mercer, Lula Murphy, Nellie Schican and Lula Lynch.

Senior class.—Premiums for Christian doctrine, rhetoric, natural philosophy, physical geography, mathematics and writing, awarded the Misses Carrie Varnedoe, Elwyn Duer, Eunice McGilvray, Kate Lynan, Mamie Durkin, Kate Driscoll, Florence Deihl, Annie Gatins, Jennie Semmes and Mary Ann Sheehan. Premiums for punctuality awarded Misses Jennie Geary, Mamie Walsh, Ida Wilkinson, Agnes Cullum, Mamie Wallace, Mamie Gatins, May Conklin, Ida Flynn, Carrie Varnedoe, Eunice McGilvray. Premiums for English composition awarded the Misses Maggie Lynch, May Kenny, Mary Conklin, Kate Connell, Emma Walters, Kate Connolly, Nellie Schican, Carrie Varnedoe, M. Durkin, Mary Ann Sheehan, Emma McDonnell and M. Holliday. Gold medal for Christian doctrine donated by Rev. C. C. Prendergast, awarded Miss Nellie Burns. Gold medal for Christian doctrine donated by a friend, awarded Miss Mamie Walsh. Gold medal for excellence of conduct, amiable and lady-like deportment, donated by Freeman & Crankshaw, voted to Miss Carrie Varnedoe by the pupils of the academy. Gold medal for English composition, donated by Mr. Emory Speer, awarded Miss Elwyn Duer. Gold medal for drawing and painting, donated by Captain J. F. Burke, awarded Miss Carrie Varnedoe. Gold medal for instrumental music, donated by Mr. B. B. Crew, awarded Miss May Kenny. Gold medal for vocal music, donated by a friend, awarded Miss Kate Connolly. Premiums for improvement in music, awarded Misses Ophelia Dominick, Jennie Semmes, Elwyn Duer, Maggie Lynch, Mary Durkin, Clara Lynch, Mary Conklin, Ernestine Wharton, Kate Driscoll, Pauline Bolsius, Eunice McGilvray, Lula Lynch, Lizzie McMahon, Jennie Geary, Nellie Flynn, Kate McGuire, Annie Gatins, Mamie Gatins, Alice Duer, Edith Duer, Mamie Walsh, and Lizzie Lynch. Premiums for French and Latin awarded Misses Carrie Varnedoe, Elwyn Duer, Esther Dickey, Kate Driscoll, Kate Connolly and Mary Corrigan.

Graduating Course.—Premiums in Christian doctrine, English literature, natural philosophy, chemistry and botany, awarded Misses Emma McDonell and Marie Holliday.

Graduating Class.—Special premiums awarded Miss Kate Mecaslin for mathematics, French and English literature; Miss Mary Driscoll for English literature, chemistry and botany; Miss Nellie McDonell for church history, English literature and philosophy; Miss Kate Callahan for mathematics, chemistry and church history.

The following young ladies having completed the course of studies prescribed in the academy, given evidence of their proficiency at their recent annual examination, and distinguished themselves for amiable and lady-like deportment, are entitled to the highest honors of the academy, namely: Miss Kate Mecaslin, Miss Nellie McDonell, Miss Mary Driscoll, Miss Kate Callahan.

The programme was concluded with a short address by Rt. Rev. W. H. Gross.

HIRSCH BROS
GRAND CLOSING OUT SALE
It is our custom every season to clear our counters, and to do this successfully we reduce the Prices on our goods.
ELEGANT DRESS SUITS,
STYLISH BUSINESS SUITS,
AND LIGHT SUMMER WEAR
AT UNUSALLY LOW PRICES
We prefer giving the generous public the benefit of a reduction in prices now rather than carry the goods over to next season.
HIRSCH BROS.,
42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOLS

Meeting of the Fulton County Sunday School Association Yesterday Morning.

The second quarterly meeting of the Fulton County Sunday School association was held at the First Baptist church yesterday morning at 10 o'clock Thomas Moore presiding. The attendance was unusually large, and the proceedings were spirited and interesting. In addition to the large number of delegates present from the city schools, some fifteen or sixteen country schools were represented.

The reports of vice presidents and other officers, who have visited during the quarter nearly every school in the county, were of the most encouraging character. A number of new schools have been organized, weak schools visited and stronger ones stimulated and encouraged.

The executive committee reported having received from DeKalb County association a cordial invitation to hold the annual celebration of Fulton association in their commodious tabernacle at Decatur, which invitation was accepted, and Thursday, July 26th, designated as the day for the celebration.

An elegant prize banner will be given to the school singing the best song, a handsome Sunday-school map for the second best; also a prize for the best song by an infant class, and two prizes for the best and second best speech of five minutes by boys under fifteen.

Mr. J. C. Kimball, secretary, reported that the Georgia railroad company would furnish a sufficient number of coaches to take all to Decatur who wanted to attend at 25 cents, the round trip for adults, and 15 cents for children. A fine programme was agreed upon, which will be published in full in Sunday's CONSTITUTION. President Moore presented the plan agreed upon by the board of managers of the association for subdividing the county outside of the city into four districts with proper officers to each, which was approved by the convention and full authority conferred upon the board to perfect the organization of these districts. It was also determined to hold a celebration in each of the four districts during the summer in addition to the general celebration at Decatur, to which all schools in the county are invited. The celebration in the first district will be held at Hapeville, July 21st. The finance committee reported recent subscription to the amount of $ 50, and that the association is now stronger financially than ever before in its history. Indeed, the association is undoubtedly stronger in every way and better equipped for the great work in which it is engaged than ever before, and is prepared to do a grand and noble work during the coming year.

Thomas vs. Jenkins.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: In your issue of yesterday appears what purports to be a statement from Mr. J. C. Jenkins to one of your reporters concerning a difficulty which occurred between him and myself yesterday. While it is repugnant to my feelings to discuss private differences—which can have but little interest to the general public—in a newspaper, yet as the statement mentioned contains such palpable misrepresentations, which are calculated to mislead the public, I desire in this, without entering into details, to say that the statement is in the main a tissue of falsehoods. As, however, the accomplished author of the same expresses his intention of seeking redress "to the extent of the law," I shall expect at the proper time and place to meet and refute his false imputations. Respectfully,
GEO. I THOMAS.

The Penny Reading Last Night.

A more than usually attractive programme was that last night at Ballard seminary. The literary and musical features were well selected and rendered. The musical selections were by Misses Belgier, Beckwith, Kendrick, and Mr. Goldsmith, and the readings were by Messrs. Logan, Hammond, Barnum, Moser and Beckwith. When the box went round for the penny contributions it was good to see the delighted audience express their hearty appreciation with dimes, dollars, and the ever acceptable pennies. These "penny readings" for the benefit of St Luke's, is a movement to help out on the part of the ladies. It is deserving the patronage of their many friends.

Military Matters.

Adjutant-General John A. Stephens has been notified by the secretary of the Virginia state agricultural society that competitive drills between white military companies from Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, South Carolina, North Carolina, West Virginia and Virginia will be held at the state fair November 1st, 1883, and a cordial invitation is extended to all companies in Georgia to be present and engage in the contest. A prize of $2,000 will be offered for the best drilled company.

A Foot Crushed Off.

A negro man, who gives his name as Tom Peters, attempted to steal a ride out of the city last night on the Western and Atlantic midnight train. When near Simpson street he lost his grip upon his position, which was between the tender and mail coach, and falling upon the track had his left foot crushed off.

The City Court.

In the city court yesterday the following cases were disposed of: Joseph Cunningham vs. Hart & Son, suit for damages, mistrial. Murray & Hanson vs. Fulton cotton spinning company, pending.

A Good Yield.

Mr. W. H. Nutting, of Douglas county, reports to the department of agricultural that he has raised 101 bushels of oats on an acre at a total cost of $16.-55.

ELKTON, Ky.—Dr. E. B. Weathers says: "I regard Brown's Iron Bitters as a medicine of unusual worth."

MARKED DOWN PRICES ON MY FIRST CLASS
SUMMERSUITS
TO CLOSE THEM OUT!
FINE GOODS & PERFECT STYLES
Have a few broken suits and odd coats and vests that I will sell at
NEW YORK COST!
The finest line of Alpaca coats and vests, and white and fancy vests in the city
A. B. ANDREWS,
16½ WHITEHALL STREET.

David H. Dougherty.
SPECIAL.
I have sold and will always sell my goods cheaper than the man who sells on a credit. Everybody should come to see me before purchasing their Black Goods. I am offering drives in Black Cashmeres 36, 38, 40 and 46 inches wide. Silk warp Henrietta Cloth at prices never before heard of. Rep de Lyon, Drap de Lyon, Jersey Cloths, Empress Cloth, Tamise, Nuns Vailing, Plain and Lace Effects, Armures Plain and Brocade, Bunting, etc. All the above goods I am going to sell, commencing Monday, June 25th, at remarkably reduced prices. In selling for cash, I am able and willing to do with a small profit. Don't fail to come. Satisfaction guaranteed to every purchaser. Black and Colored Silk, Plain and Fancy are cheap enough for everybody to have a Silk Dress. So come right along and get one from the
"SPOT-CASH"
DRY GOODS HOUSE.
39 AND 41
Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga.

LIGHT AS A FEATHER.
Cool as the Mountain Breeze,
Refreshing as the Rosy Morn,
Inviting as the Shade at Noontide,
Pleasant as the Zephyr at Dewy Eve,
Charming as the Starry Night,
and Beautiful as the Moonlight on the Sleeping Earth are those
SEERSUCKER SUITS
—AND OTHER—
SUMMER CLOTHING
—AT—
A. O. M. GAY'S.

HOT AND WARM SPRINGS
HOTEL,
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Largest Hotel and most
DELIGHTFUL RESORT
in the South. Electric Bells in every room. Excursion tickets on sale at all principal points. For information address
THE WARM SPRINGS CO.,
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SLIPPERS! SLIPPERS!
JOHN KEELY
Asks that the Reader would kindly look at the array of styles and NOTE THE
PRICES!
THE LARGEST STOCK OF SLIPPERS EVER OFFERED IN ATLANTA!
Ladies' Cloth House Slippers 15c pair, worth 35c. Ladies' fine Kid Newport Ties 65c pair, always sold at $1.00. Ladies' fine Kid Newport, buttoned, 75c, always sold at $1.25. Ladies' Plain Opera Slippers 75c pair, always sold at $1 25. Ladies' Plain Croquet Slippers 50c pair, always sold at 75c. In finest grade Slippers, strict novelties, will be found everything peculiar to this season, for Ladies, Misses and Children, viz:
The "Nillson" Slipper!
The "Gerster" Tie!
The "Patti" Oxford!
The "Lotta" Sandal!
The "Modjeska" Slipper!
The "Jersey Lily" Buttoned!
The "Carmen" Tie!
The Louis XV Opera!
IN STREET SLIPPERS
Nothing can be called for but what can be shown. THE VARIETY IS SIMPLY IMMENSE!
They are to found in every Last!
Broad Slippers for wide feet!
Narrow Slippers for slender feet!
Medium width slippers for medium feet!
Slippers to fit everybody!
Slippers to suit everybody's pocket!
Slippers to please every possible taste!
House Slippers—EASY—for old Ladies
House Slippers—EASY, YET NEAT—for young Ladies!
Misses fine Opera Slippers, kid lined, only 75c pair, worth $1.25 anywhere!
Children's Strap Slippers 75c pair, worth $1.25!
Infants' Kid Slippers 25c pair, worth 50c!
Infants and Children's Slippers in every conceivable toe and heel!
Old Ladies' Buskins in Glove Kid, Cloth and Pebble Goat, broad soles, soft bottoms, low heels.
A SUPERB VARIETY!
SHOESSHOES
Everything which Zeigler Bros. make in Ladies', Misses and Children's Fine Shoes!
Everything which Zeigler makes! Miles' and Burts' Shoes! The best line of Boys' and Girls' School Shoes in Atlanta! The greatest variety of Ladies Fine Shoes in the city! Infants' Dainty Little Shoes, in such variety and beauty as to gladden the mother's heart! Old Ladies' broad sole low heel Shoes, in Cloth, Kid and Goat—A fine variety. Spring heeled Shoes in every size for Misses and Children. Misses' and Children's Dress Shoes in great variety and style. Gents' High and Low Cut Shoes in every conceivable variety, at the lowest possible prices!
IN FACT! This is the largest and most varied stock of Shoes on sale to-day in Atlanta, of which can be said, "I guarantee every pair to give satisfaction."
No Trash---No Paper Soles---No Failure to Fit Anybody.
[NOTE.] 11 hands employed in the Shoe Department alone
SPECIAL NOTICE
WRAPPERS, ULSTERS, ETC.
HALF PRICE! HALF PRICE!
1,000 Ladies' Percale Wrappers at 75c and $1 00 each. Goods never intended to be sold for less than double the price!
1,500 Ladies' Linen Ulsters, pure Linen Goods, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 each, up to the finest grade made, worth double the money!
A superb stock of Ladies' Worsted Ulsters, in every grade from $1.25 each, up to the best grades. All Shapes. All sizes. A fine Stock!
300 Misses' Ulsters—all ages. CHEAP! CHEAP! CHEAP! AT
JOHN KEELY'S
58, 60, 62 AND 64 WHITEHALL ST. ATLANTA GA.

D. H. DOUGHERTY
SPOT
CASH
DRY GOODS
—AND—
SHOES
Come in and see the crowd buying. Bargains hold out and low prices are the order in every department.
NEW GOODS
are being received daily and still great inducements in low prices will be offered this week. My Spot Cash system enables me to work cheap and I am determined to get your business if fair dealing and low prices are considered. Mine is a Live house. Come in and see and hear, for your don't know where the lightning is going to strike.
D. H. DOUGHERTY
A big assortment of
LADIES
UNDERWEAR!
—AND—
HOOPSKIRTS
just opened and will be closed out at reduced rates. Spot Cash is making the prices weaken.

"Diseased nature oftentimes breaks fourth in strange eruption."
KING HENRY IV, Part I, Act III, Scene I.
SMITH'S SCROFULA SYRUP
—THE BEST—
ALTERATIVE AND BLOOD PURIFIER
IN THE WORLD.
Laxative and Diuretic in its Action.
—AN OFFICER OF THE—
13TH U. S. INFANTRY
Formerly stationed in Atlanta, writes: "I think it is the best medicine I ever knew for any disease arising from impurities of the blood."
JOHN B. DANIEL
PROPRIETOR.
Kimball House Drug Store, 13 Decatur Street.

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We are Manufacturing
TWO ROLLER CANE MILLS,
With or without Frames.
BROOK'S COTTON PRESS IRONS
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SPOT
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DRY GOODS.
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On Monday morning I will show some grand drives in Ladies and Gentlemen's Handkerchiefs. I will offer some choice styles at but little over half their former prices.

SEWANEE COAL.
FOR STEAM IT HAS NO SUPERIOR. THOUSANDS use it satisfactorily for Grates. Burns freely and is quite free from sulphur. Before making contracts all consumers will find it to their interest to address
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